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1861.

The Territory of New Mexico
County of Santa Fe } ss.
I Richard H. Tompkins
I will support the constitution of the United
thfully discharge the duties if attorney General of the
to the best if my ability and understanding, and further
faithfully and diligently investigate and prosecute all p
ted against or charged with a violation of any of the provisions
prohibiting gaming, so help me God.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 6th day of February A.D. 1861.

Kirby Benedict Chief Justice S. court. New Mexico

Febry. 27. The Governor this day appoints the following County Officers in and for the County of Dona Ana, by virtue of an Act of the Legislative Assembly, approved January 23rd 1861 — to wit:
Thomas J. Bull — to be Probate Judge
Marcial Padilla — " " Sheriff

March 16th The Governor this day, by virtue of An Act of the Legislative Assembly, approved January 23rd 1861, appointed and Commissioned the following named Officers for the County of Arizona in this Territory — to wit:
Granville H. Oury — to be Probate Judge
Christopher C. Dodson — " " Sheriff

" " The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Elias Brevoort to be Notary Public in and for the County of Arizona in this Territory.

March 23 The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Edward F. De Selding to be a Commissioner of Deeds in the City and State of New York for this Territory

March 26th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Hugh Masterson to be a Commissioner of Deeds, in and for the City and State of New York, for this Terry

March 30 The Governor this day Commissioned Atanacio Abeyta to be a Justice of the Peace and José Rinty Baca, to be Probate for the precinct of Lemitar in the County of Socorro.

April 3rd The Governor this day issued his writ for the Execution of Sentenced to be hung at the March Term 1861, of the Dis for San Miguel County.

1861 April 4th The Governor this day issued his Proclamation to the Probate Judge of Taos County, directing an Election to be held for County Officers in the County of San Juan.

April 8th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Jonathan D. Stevenson to be a Commissioner of Deeds in the State of California for the Territory of New Mexico.

INDEXED

" " The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Mark Aldrich to be Judge of Probate in and for the County of Arizona in this Territory.

April 11th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned A. O. McGrew, to be a Commissioner of Deeds in Colorado Territory, for the Territory of New Mexico.

April 27th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Malcolm Brown to be Notary Public in and for the County of Bernalillo in this Territory.

[illegible] The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned John A. Roberts to be Sheriff in and for the County of Dona Ana in this Territory.

May 25th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Benjamin F. Blood, to be a Commissioner of Deeds in the State of Pennsylvania for the Territory of New Mexico

June 10th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned William H. Brooks to be Notary Public in the County of San Juan, resident at Animas City, in this Territory.

June 13th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Robert S. Underhill, to be a Notary Public in the County of Santa Fé, resident at the City of Santa Fé, in this Territory.

June 16th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Mark Aldrich to be Probate Judge in and for the County of Arizona, his Commission heretofore issued and being not handed to him.

June 19th The Governor this day commissioned the following Officers of a Volunteer Company in the County of Río Arriba, being of the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico to wit:

Antonio Mª Vigil, to be Captain of the Company
Jesus Mª de Herrera " " First Lieutenant "
Luciano Archuleta " " Second do "

1861.
June 20th Hon. Miguel A. Otero having been this day filed his oath of Office as such, &c.

Territory of New Mexico
City and County of Santa Fé } ss

I, Miguel A. Otero, Secretary, having been appointed Secretary for said Territory by the United States on the 24th day of May 1861, do solemnly swear in the Almighty God, that I will support the Constitution of the United States of America, and faithfully discharge the duties of said Office of Secretary of Territory, So help me God.

(Signed) Miguel A. Otero.

Territory of New Mexico
County of Santa Fé } ss

I, Kirby Benedict, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of said Territory, and Judge of the First Judicial District thereof, do certify that on this the 19th day of June 1861, personally appeared before me Miguel A. Otero, and in my presence took and subscribed the foregoing Oath of Office by me to him administered.

Given under my hand the day and year hereinbefore written.

(Signed) Kirby Benedict,
Chief Justice &c.

June 22. The Governor this day pardoned Joaquin Andres Garcia, Lorenzo Martin, Andres Sanchez, Manuel Martinez and Juan Medina, of a sentence rendered against them by Pedro Valdez, Probate Judge of Taos County.

June 22. The Governor this day commissioned Juan Jaramillo, to be Justice of the Peace for Precinct No. 14, in the County of San Miguel.

June 27th The Governor this day commissioned Senon Martinez, to be a Constable for Precinct No. 14 in the County of San Miguel.

July 3rd The Governor this day commissioned the following named Officers of a Company of Volunteers called into the service of the United States in this Territory, in conformity with General Order No. 15 of the War Department dated May 4th 1861 to wit:

Francisco P. Abreu — Captain of the Company
Edward H. Bergmann — First Lieutenant " "
Nicolas Quintana — Second do.

July 4th The Governor this day commissioned the following named Officers of a Company called into the service of the United States in this
with General Order No. 15 of the War De
Manuel D. Rios
Rafael

1861

July 8th The Governor this day commissioned the following named officers of a Company of Volunteers called into the service of the U.S. in the Territory of New Mexico in conformity with Genl order No 15 of the War Dept. Dated May 4th 1861. to wit.

INDEXED

Jesus Maria Vergy y Baca. Capt. of Company
John Baptiste Pinet 1st Lieut
Andres Tapia 2d " Lieut

July 9th The Governor this day commissioned the following named Officers of a Company of Volunteers called into the service of the United States in the Territory of New Mexico, in conformity with General Order No. 15 of the War Departament dated May 4th 1861: to wit:

Ethan W. Eaton — Captain of the Company
Pedro Pablo Baptista Gallegos — First Lieutenant
Simon Segura — Second Lieut.
Diego Archuleta — Captain
Louis Felsenthal — First Lieutenant
Tomas Salazar — 2nd do
Ventura Lovato — Captain
William H. Brooks — 1st Lieutenant
Alexander Branch — 2nd do.
Arthur Morrison — Captain
José Gutierrez — 1st Lieut.
John B. Atkins — 2nd do.
José D. Sena — Captain
José Mª Sanchez — 1st Lieut.
José Trujillo — 2nd do.
José Maria Valdez — Captain
Francisco Gonzales — 1st Lieut.

July 12th The Governor this day commissioned the following named Officers of a Company of mounted Volunteers ~~Company~~ called into the service of the U.S. in the Territory of New Mexico, in conformity with General Order No. 15 of the War Department, of May 4th 1861 to wit.

Antonio Maria Vigil — Captain of the Company
Jesus Mª de Herrera — 1st Lieutenant
Henry Clay Pike — 2d Lieut.

July 13th The Governor this day commissioned the following named Officers of a Volunteer Company called into the service of the U.S. in this Territory, in conformity with Genl Order No. 15 of the War Department, of May 4th 1861 — to wit:

Celso Cuellar Medina — Captain of the Company
William Milligan — First Lieut.
Candelario Garcia — 2nd Lieut.

1861
July 15th The Governor this day commissioned the
Company called into the service of the U.S. in
General Order of the War Department, dated
Gregorio Otero — Captain of the Company
Saturnino Baca — First Lieut.
Antonio Mexicano — Second Lieut.

July 15th The Governor this day commissioned the following
of a volunteer Company called into the service of the
Territory, in conformity with General Order of the War
Dated May 4th 1861. to wit:
George H. King Capt. of the Company
Ambrosio Pino First Lieut.
Jesus Maria Aragon 2d Lieut.

" " The governor this day commissioned the following named officers
of Volunteer Companies, called into the service of the U.S. in this
Territory, in conformity with General order of the War Dept. dated
May 4th 1861.
Ramon Baca. Capt.
Anastacio Garcia. Capt.

" " The Governor this day commissioned the following named officers
of a Volunteer Company called into the service of the U.S. in this
Territory in conformity with General order of the War Dept. dated
May 4th 1861
Manuel Baca y Delgado. Capt.
Aniceto Abeita. 1st Lieut.
Jacob Stinger. 2d Lieut.

July 16th Hon. John Greiner having been appointed by the President of the U.S. to the office
of Receiver of Public Monies for the Land Office of the District of New Mexico
this day filed his oath of Office in the Secretary's Office which is as follows to wit:

Territory of New Mexico }
County of Santa Fe }

I, John Greiner now within the Territory aforesaid
do solemnly swear that I will as Receiver of Public Monies and Disbursing
of the same for the Land Office of the District of New Mexico located at
Santa Fe, that I will support the Constitution of the United States &
will faithfully discharge all of the duties of the said Office to the best of my
understanding and abilities. So help me God.
(Signed) John Greiner.

The above oath was taken and subscribed by the said John G.
administered before me this 16th day of July 1861. L. Sec. L.

1861 July 17th The Governor this day commissioned the following named Officers for the Regiments of Volunteers called into the service of the U.S. in this Territory in conformity with General Order of the War Dept. of May 4th 1861 – to wit:

St. Lawrence G. Murphey – First Lieut.
Even Everett – " " First Lieut.

July 20th The Governor, this day, commissioned the following named officers of a Mounted volunteer company, called into the service of the United States, in this Territory, in conformity to General order of the War Dept. dated May 4th 1861: to wit:

John H. Mink – Captain.
Felipe Sanches – 1st Lieut.
Matias Medina – 2d " "

July 20th The Governor this day commissioned the following named Officers of a Volunteer Company, called into the service of the U.S. in this Territory, in conformity with General Order of the War Departament of May 4th 1861 – to wit:

John R. Johnson – First Lieut.
Pedro Sosalla – " "
Magdaleno Calderon – Second "
William Ayres – Second "

July 24 The Governor this day appointed, in conformity with General Order No. 25 of the War Department dated May 25th 1861. Surgeon E. S. Bailey, and Assistant Surgeon R. Bartholow a Board of Examination, to examine candidates for Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons in the two Volunteer Regiments now being raised in this Territory

July 28th The Governor this day commissioned ~~the~~ the following named officers of volunteer companies, called into the service of the U.S. in this Territory, in conformity with Genl. order of the War Dept of May 4th 1861. To wit:

Albert H. Pfeiffer – Capt.
Estanislado Montoya – Capt.
Louis Dickins – 1st " Lieut.
Roman Baca – " Lieut.

July 30th The Governor, this day, commissioned, the following named officers of a volunteer company, called into the service of the U.S. in this Territory, in conformity with Genl. order of the War Dept. of May 4th 1861: to wit:

Louis Felsenthal – Captain.
Santaleon Archuleta – 1st Lieut.
Antonio Abeitia – 2d " Lieut.

July 31st The Governor this day commis
Stewart for the First Regiment
into the service of the United Stat
with General Order of the War Depart
John G. Dreme

Sept 1st The Governor, this day, commissioned the follow
Stewart for the Second Regiment of New Mexico
called into the service of the United States in
in conformity with Genl. Order of the War Dept.
4th 1861
Philip Walch. Hospital Steward. 2d Regt N.M.

August 3d The Governor this day commissioned the following named officers of a Volunteer Company called into the service of the United States in this Territory in conformity with General Orders of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.
Julian Espinosa Captain
H. P. Martin 1st Lieut

August 3d The Governor this day commissioned the following named Officers of a volunteer Company called into the service of the United States in this Territory in Conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.
Juan Torres Captain
Candelario Garcia 1st Lieut
Ignaciano Montoya 2d Lieut
Celso Cuellar Medina " Lieut

Aug. 3d The Governor this day commissioned Charles P. Clever, adjutant General, in conformity with the Organic and Militia laws of the Territory of New Mexico.

Aug 3d The Governor, this day commissioned the following named officers of a Mounted volunteer Company called into the service of the United States in the Territory, in Conformity with Genl Order of the Dept dated May 4th 1861.
Juan Christobal Armijo. Col. N. M. M.

Aug 5th The Governor this day issued the following Proclamation - to wit.

Aug 6th The Gov. this day commissioned the Rev. Damaso Fa
chaplain for the first Regt. N. M. Vols, in confo
to Genl. order of the War Dept. dated May 4th 1861.

August 9th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers of a mounted Volunteer ~~Company~~ Regiment called into the service of the United States in this Territory in conformity with General Order of the War Department, dated May 4th 1861.

Jose Mª Chaves Lieut Col. N. M. M. Vols.
Louis Baca First Major
Joseph Cummings Second Major

August 10th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned William Brady First Lieutenant, Second Regiment New Mexico Mounted Volunteers, in conformity with General Order of the War Department, dated May 4th 1861.

William Brady First Lieut 2nd Regt. N. M. M. Vols.

August 13th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned C. E. Cooley First Lieutenant Second Regiment New Mexico Volunteers in conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

C. E. Cooley, First Lieut 2nd Regmt. N. M. Vols.

August 14th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned J. M. Whitlock Surgeon First Regiment New Mexico Volunteers in conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

J. M. Whitlock Surgeon First Regiment

August 14th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned J. H. Short Assistant Surgeon First Regiment New Mexico Volunteers in conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

J. H. Short Assistant Surgeon 1st Regiment

August 14th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned A. S. Gray, Surgeon Second Regiment New Mexico Volunteers in conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861

A. S. Gray, Surgeon 2nd Regiment N. M. Vols.

August 14th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned S. Rankin Assistant Surgeon Second Regiment New Mexico Volunteers in Conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

S. Rankin Assist. Surgeon 2nd Regmt. N. M. Vols.

The Governor this day appointed the
named Officers of the First Regiment
service of the United States in this Territo
Order of the War Department dated May 4th

Charles Deus Captain
Santiago Valdez "
Rafael Chacon "
Boniface Machowicz 1st Lieut
Agustin P. Damoms "
Antonio Ivan Gallego 2nd Lieut
Jose Manuel Martinez "
Julian Soliz "

Aug 8th The Governor has appointed and Commissioned the following named Officers of a Regiment of Mounted Volunteers called into the Service of the United States in this Territory, in conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

Santiago L. Hubbell Capt. Regmt M. Vols.
Charles M. Hubbell First Lieut. "
Francisco Aragon Second Lieut. "

August 30th The Governor this day commissioned the following named officers of a regiment of mounted volunteers called into the service of the United States in this Territory in conformity with General order of the War Dept dated May 4th 1861.

Jose Mª Valdez. Lieut Colonel.
Gaueton Baca y Ulibarri Major.

Aug 30th The Governor this day commissioned the following named officers of the first Regiment of New Mexican Volunteers called into the service of the U.S. in this Territory in conformity with Genl order of the War Dept dated May 4th 1861.

Francisco Gonzales Capt.
Trinidad Lopez 1st Lieut.
C. Armenio 2d Lieut.

1861
Sept 4th

His Ex.cy Governor Henry Connelly having been appointed Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, this day filed his oath of office as such, and which is recorded in the words as follows: to wit.

Territory of New Mexico
Santa Fe County & City }

I, Henry Connelly appointed Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, do solemnly swear upon the Holy Evangelists, and in the presence of Almighty God that I will support, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States of America, and that I will well and truly perform the duties of Governor of said Territory to the best of my understanding and abilities and take care that the laws be faithfully executed. And further that I will bear true faith and loyalty to the Government of the United States against all their enemies or opposers whatsoever, and whether foreign or domestic. And further that I do this with a full determination and pledge without any mental reservation or secret evasion whatever. So help me God.

(Signed) Henry Connelly.

Territory of New Mexico
County & City of Santa Fe }

I, Kirby Benedict Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of said Territory do certify. That on this fourth day of September one thousand eight hundred and sixty one before me personally appeared at the said City, County & Territory His Excellency Henry Connelly and in due form of Law took and subscribed the foregoing oath of office as Governor of said Territory (the oath by me to him administered.)

Given under my hand at the place and date aforesaid.

(Signed) Kirby Benedict Chief Justice & ex aliis Judge of the first judicial District Court.

1861.
Sept. 7th. The Governor this day appointed following named officer in the Mexican Volunteers, called into United States in conformity with the War Dept dated May 14th 1861.

Wm. H. Lent. Second Lieut.

United States of America
Territory of New Mexico

I Sydney A. Hubbell appointed by the description of Sydney H. Hubbell, do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States of America that I will administer justice without respect to persons, and do equal right to the poor, and to the rich, and that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States for the Territory of New Mexico according to the best of my abilities and understanding agreeably to the Constitution and Laws of the United States, So help me God.

Sydney A. Hubbell.

Subscribed and sworn to
before me at Alburquerque N. M.
this 5th day of September A. D. 1861.

Rafael Armijo
Juez de Pruebas
del Condado de Bernalillo
en el Territorio de Nuevo Mejico.

Sept 9th The Governor, this day, issued the following Proclamation to wit:

Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, this Territory is now invaded by an armed force from the State of Texas which has taken possession of two Forts within the limits of the Territory, has seized and appropriated to its own other property of the General Government and has established military rule over the part already invaded; and:

Whereas, there is every reason to believe that the said force to pursue this aggressive and military rule over the balance of dominion and law.

And whereas, by section 43 of an act of the Legislative Assembly approved January 9, 1852, it is provided that "in case of an insurrection, rebellion, or invasion, the Governor shall have power to organize and call out the militia for the service in such numbers, and from such districts as he may think proper."

Now therefore, I Henry Connelly, Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, by the authority in me vested, do hereby issue this my proclamation ordering an immediate organization of the militia force in the different Counties of this Territory and calling upon all Officers, civil and military, to begin at once this organization. To effect this object the field officers provided for by the said militia law will be immediately appointed. The Adjutant General of the militia of the Territory is hereby ordered to carry this proclamation into immediate effect.

Citizens of New Mexico, your Territory has been invaded, the integrity of your soil has been attacked, the property of peaceful and industrious citizens has been destroyed or converted to the use of the invaders, and the enemy is already at your doors. You cannot you must not hesitate to take up arms in defense of your homes, firesides and families. Your manhood calls upon you to be on the alert and to be vigilant in the protection of the soil of your birth, where repose the sacred remains of your ancestors and which was left by them as a rich heritage to you, if you have the valor to defend it. I feel that I appeal not in vain to those who love the land of their fathers, a land that has been the scene of heroic acts, and deeds of noble daring in wars no more patriotic than that for which preparations are now being made. As your ancestors met the emergencies which presented themselves in reclaiming your Country from the dominion of the savage and in preparing it for the abode of christianity and civilization, so must now prove yourselves equal to the occasion and nerve your arms for the approaching conflict.

He whose heart beats with no patriotic impulse in times of danger, deserves not a patria and should be treated as an enemy of his country. Of these, I trust there are few, if any, among us; but to that now falters, when every energy that exists in the patriotic heart should be brought into requisition for the purpose of repelling an invading foe will in future be pointed at with derision as an Arnold or as a Lynde.

Done at Santa Fe this 9th day of September in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-one

(Signed) Henry Connelly

By the Governor,
(Signed) M. A. Otero, Secretary of New Mexico.

1861.
Sept 13th. The Governor, this day, appoin
following named officer of a mi
called into the service of the Uni
with an order of the War Dept dat

Juan Antonio Sherracino, Maj
Juan Torres 1st Lieut.
Francisco Peña. 2d " Lieut.

Sept. 13th 1861 The Governor, this day appointed and commissioned the follo
named officers of a Mounted Volunteer Company called into the se
of the United States, in conformity with an order of the War Department
dated May 4th 1861

Jose de Jesus Romero Captain M.V.
Jesus Maria Luna First Lieut.
Francisco Salazary Jimenez Second Lieut.

Sept 15th The Governor on the 9th day of Sept appointed and commissioned the
follow named officers of the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico
A.D. 1861

Pablo Gallegos. Major General — first division
Frederick Muller. Brigadier Genl. " Brigade
Diego Archuleta. " " second " "
Oliver P. Morey Major General, second division
Nicolas Pino " Brigadier Genl. first Brigade
Gordoro Baca " " second. " "
Jose L. Perea. Major General third division
Miguel E. Evans. Brigadier first Brigade
Estanislado Montoya. " second. " "

Sept 18th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following named officers of
Mounted regiment called into the service of the United States in Conformity of order of
the War Dept dated May 4th 1861.

Manuel Ortiz. Captain N. Mex. M. Vols.
Pedro Sanchez " " " " " "
Juan Jose Herrera First Lieut " " " "
Inocencio Martinez " " " " " "
John Dalton. Second Lieut " " " "
Teodosio Lucero. " " " " " "

4

1861

Memo. 1st

The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following County Officers of the Territory who were elected at the late general election held within their respective Counties on the fifth day of the present month — Viz:—

For the County of Taos.

Jose Maria Martinez — Judge of Probate
Francisco Sanchez — Sheriff

Guillermo Trujillo	Justice of the Peace	1st Precct.	Encarnacion Trujillo	Constables
Eulogio Vigil	do	2nd	Miguel Antonio Vigil	
Juan Antonio Baca	do	3rd	Tomas Romero	
Jose Domingo Mondragon	do	4th	Jose Antonio Romero	
Felipe Montoya	do	5th	Andres Lucero	
Francisco Esteban Chavez	do	6th	Jose Miguel Chavez	
Jesus Lucero	do	7th	Jose Maria Martinez	
Pedro Vigil	do	8th	Feliz Cordova	
Francisco Romero	do	9th	Juan Antonio Duran	
Miguel Cordova	do	10th	Ygnacio Tafoya	

(Justices of the Peace)

For the County of Santa Fé.

Anastacio Sandoval — Judge of Probate
Antonio Ortiz y Salazar — Sheriff

Jesus Maria Ortiz	Justice of the Peace	1st Precct.	Jose Polito Romero	Constables
Jose Maria Gonzales	do	2nd	Juan Garcia	
Ramon Sena	do	3rd	Ramon Garcia y Garcia	
Jose Simon Abodaca	do	4th	Juan Rafael Sandobal	
Jesus Romero	do	5th	Jose Antonio Romero	
Francisco Romero	do	6th	Juan Romero y Martin	
Juan Ortiz	do	7th		
Jose de la Cruz Chavez	do	8th	Exequiel Sandobal	
Juan Gonzales	do	9th	Juan Francisco Roibal	

(Justices of the Peace)

For the County of Rio Arriba

Juan Garcia — Judge of Probate
Juan Lopez — Sheriff

Felipe de Herrera	Justice of the Peace	1st Precct.	Mariano Duran	Constables
Mateo Chacon	do	2nd	Juan Alario Martinez	
Andres Gallegos	do	3rd	Pablo Jaramillo	
Miguel Velasques	do	4th	Agapito Lucero	
Miguel Antonio Abeitia	do	5th	Francisco Montaño	
Tomas Salazar	do	6th	Jose Manuel Baros	
Jose Rafael Alario	do	7th	Nicolas Bustos	
Jose de Jesus Rael	do	8th	Jose Toribio Romero	
[illegible] Sandoval	do	9th	Francisco Chacon	
[illegible] Vigil	do	10th	Antonio Casio Garcia	
[illegible]	do	11th	Juan Espinosa	
[illegible]	do	12th	Francisco Esteban Martin	
[illegible]	do	13th	Felipe Guingen	
			Juan Antonio Trujillo	

(Justices of the Peace)

For the County of

Jesus M. Baca — Judge of Probate
Manuel Viscarra — Sheriff

Prudencio Baca — Justice of the Peace	1st	Precct.	Justices of the Peace	Elec.
Bautista Mestas	do	2nd		Dolores
Jesus Miera	do	3rd		Jesus Herre
Vicente Romero	do	4th		

For the County of Valencia.

Juan Salazar — Judge of Probate
Dionicio Chavez — Sheriff

Juan de Jesus Sanchez — Justice of the Peace	1st	Precct.	Justices of the Peace.	Atanacio Garcia
José Salazar	do	2nd		Teodoro Cedillo
Pablo Chavez	do	3rd		Jesus Trujillo
Bernardino Torres	do	4th		Jesus Torres
	do	5th		Dimas Torres
Santiago Luna	do	6th		Manuel Casias
Antonio Lucero	do	7th		Jesus Mirabal
Manuel Garcia	do	8th		José Mejicano
Manuel Sanches	do	9th		Jesus Gallego
Vicente Sanchez	do	10th		Jose Gabriel Ballejos
Julian Sanchez	do	11th		Bartolo Chavez

Constables.

Sept. 19th The Governor this day commissioned the following County Officers of the Territory who were elected at the late general election held within their respective counties on the fifth day of the present month viz:—

For the County of San Miguel.

Severo Baca — Judge of Probate
Juan Bernal — Sheriff

Benigno Jaramillo — Justice of the Peace	1st	Precct.	Justices of the Peace.	J. M. Rivera
Esmerejildo Lucero	do	2nd		Esquifula Tenorio
Jose Aragon	do	3rd		Miguel Trujillo
Manuel Casados	do	4th		Ignacio Sanches
Jesus Gonzales y Vigil	do	5th		Jesus Baca
Longino Aragon	do	6th		Serafin Licon
Desiderio Gallegos	do	7th		Roman Mares
Encarnacion Gonzales	do	8th		Pedro Rivera
John O. Stines	do	9th		Luis Romero
Jose Cand.º Tapia	do	10th		Marcizo Duran
Matias Garcia	do	11th		Antonio Duran
Jesus Sanchez	do	12th		Lorenzo G. [illegible]
José S. Fernandez	do	13th		Roman [illegible]
Juan Jaramillo	do	14th		Jose Mar[illegible]
Jesus Maria Angel	do	15th		

Constables.

For the County of Mora

Jose Dolores Romero — Judge of Probate
William Gandert — Sheriff

Alcino Valdez — Justice of the Peace	1st Prect.	Justices of the Peace.	Rafael Valdez	Constables.
Jose Mascareñas	do 2nd		Cesario Vigil	
Juan Apodaca	do 3rd		Francisco Sais	
Jose Ply	do 4th		Nestor Martinez	
Desiderio Roibal	do 5th		Anastacio Gonzales	
Claudio Gallegos	do 6th		Jose Mª Marrujo	
Antonio Armijo	do 7th		Jose Manuel Sandobal	
Juan Cristobal Garcia	do 8th		Casimiro Espinoza	

For the County of Bernalillo

Julian Perea — Judge of Probate
Lorenzo Montaño — Sheriff

Jose Alejandro Santi-Estiban — Justice of the Peace	1st Prect.	Justices of the Peace.	Antonio Salazar	Constables.
Trinidad Garcia	do 2nd		Domingo Griego	
Antonio Lerma	do 3rd		Jose Dolores Carabajal	
Ignacio Romero	do 4th		Pedro Jose Carabajal	
Jose Martin	do 5th		Guadalupe Ortega	
Juan C. Lucero	do 6th			
Nasario Lopez	do 7th		Luciano Mora	
Melquiades Ramirez	do 8th		Marcos Mestas	
Juan Montoya	do 9th		Juan Dionicio Sais	
Salvador Martin	do 10th		Francisco Sandobal	
Mariano Armijo	do 11th		Luis Sanchez	
Jesus Chaves	do 12th		Juan Sanchez	

For the County of Socorro

Jose Antonio Baca y Pino — Judge of Probate
Jose Miguel de Luna — Sheriff

Benveslado Luzan — Justice of the Peace	1st Prect.	Justices of the Peace.	Antonio J. de Luna	Constables.
Anastacio Luna	do 2nd		Nepomoceno Lopez	
Francisco A. Gonzales	do 3rd		Lauterio Montoya	
Cesario Lopez	do 4th		Manuel Lucero	
Pedro Montoya	do 5th		Francisco Baca	
Roberto H. Stapleton	do 6th		Manuel Sais	
Pablo Padilla	do 7th		J. Antonio Chavez y Pino	
Pablo Montoya	do 8th		Mariano Cruz Garcia	
Juan Inocencio Maldonado	do 9th		German Lobato	
Luis Armijo	do 10th		Roberto Beita	

1861.

Sept 19th The Governor this day commi[illegible] of a Mounted Regiment, called in conformity with the general order of 4th 1861.

Lewis C. Shaw. Capt. &
Tomas Salazar. 1st Lieut. "
Bernardo Salazar. 2d " " " "

Sept 19th The Governor this day commissioned the following officer, a captain of a Spy Company.
James Graydon. Capt. Sp. Co.

Sept. 19th The Governor this day commissioned de following named officers of a mounted Regiment called into the service of the U.S. in conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

John Brosse Capt. N. M. M. Vols.
Sacramento Montoya First Lieut. "
Pedro Konquillo 2nd " "

Sept. 22d The Governor this day commissioned the following named officers of a Mounted Regiment called into the service of the U.S. in conformity with the general order of the War Dept dated May 4th 1861.

Richard Branch. Capt.
Alfred Branch. First Lieut
Manl. S. Mendoza Second. Lieut.

Tomas Valencia Capt.
Carlos Laronge 1st Lieut.
Victor Garcia 2d Lieut.

Sept 25th The Governor this day commissioned the following named offi[illegible] of a Mounted company called out into the service of the United States in conformity with General order of the War dept dated May 4th 1861.

Jose Esquibel Capt. N. M. M. vols
Wm B. Russell. 1st Lieut. " " " "
Franco Ulibarri 2d " " " " "
Slaton 1st Lieut. as adjutant Regt.

Sept 27th The Govr this day Commissioned the following named officers of N. Mex. Home Guard Militia.

C. B. Clark. Capt Gen
Ambrosio [illegible] 1st L.
Benjam.

1861.

Sept 27th The Govr this day Commissioned the following named officers of a N. M. M. Company of volunteers called into the service of the United States in conformity with general order of the War dept dated May 4th 1861.

Severiano Martinez Capt N. M. M. vols
Joaquin Trujillo 1st Lieut " " " "
Urbano Lucero 2d " " " " "

INDEXED

Sept 28th The Governor this day appointed Demetrio Perez Auditor of Public accounts for the Territory of New Mexico.

Sept. 30th

Territory of New Mexico
County of Santa Fe

I Demetrio Perez appointed as Auditor of Public Accounts for said Territory, do solemnly swear that I will support, protect and defend the Constitution and Government of the United States against all enemies, whether domestic or foreign, and that I will bear faith, allegiance and loyalty to the same, any ordinance resolution or law of any State Convention or Legislature to the contrary notwithstanding, and further that I do this with a full determination, pledge and purpose, without any mental reservation or evasion whatsoever, and further that I will well and faithfully perform all the duties which may be required of me by law. So help me God.

(Signed) Demetrio Perez

Subscribed & sworn to before me at Santa Fe in said County this 30th day of September 1861.

(Signed) Kirby Benedict
Chief Justice Supreme Court N. M.

Sept. 30th The Governor this day commissioned the following named officers of a N. M. M. Company of Volunteers called into the service of the United States in conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

Santiago Gonzales — Capt. N. M. M. Vols.
Pedro Sanches First Lieut "
Santiago Garcia Second Lieut "

~~Sept 30th The Governor this day Commissioned the following named officers of a Spy Company called into the service of the United States in conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.~~

~~William D. Simpson Capt. of a Spy Company~~
~~Wm. H. H. Holford 1st Lieut "~~
~~Francisco 2nd " "~~

1861

Oct 2nd The Gov this day commissioned a Mounted Company called into service pursuant with Genl Order of the War

Juan Pablo Martin Capt.
Miguel Ribera 1st Lieut.
Ignacio Sena 2d Lieut.

Oct 2nd The Gov. this day commissioned the following named First Lieut. for the Mounted Regt N M Vols. called service of the U.S. in Conformity with Genl order of the War dated May 4th 1861.

Milnor Rudolph. First Lieut.

Oct 3rd The Gov this day pardoned Jeff. W. Llewellyn for the crime of Embezzlement & Larceny.

Oct. 4th The Governor this day pardon Francisco Trujillo for the crime of murdering in third degree.

Oct. 4th The Governor this day Commissioned the following named officers of the First Volunteer Regiment called into the service of the United States in conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

Christopher Carson — Colonel 1st Regmt. Vols.
J. Francisco Chavez Lieut Col. "
Arthur Morrison Major "

Oct. 4th The Governor this day commissioned the following named officers of a Volunteer Company called into the service of the United States in Conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

Jose Gutierres — Captain
John B. Atkins First Lieutenant

Oct 17th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned
Manuel A. Otero - Aid-de-Camp - M. Ter. N.M.

Oath of office of Chief Justice Kirby Benedict and Presiding Judge of the First Judicial District in the Territory of New Mexico

1861

Oct. 15th James H. Holmes "be and with the advice "appointed by the President of the United States "last to be Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico" day entered upon the discharge of the duties of his " be record the following oath of office.

I, James H. Holmes, of New Mexico, having been duly appointed by the President of the United States, to be Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, do solemnly swear that I will well and faithfully perform all the duties committed to me, and that I will support the Constitution of the United States

(signed) James H. Holmes

Sworn and subscribed
before me this 29th day
of July A.D. 1861.
James M. Wayne
Associate Judge
Sup. Court U. States.

18th The prescribed official oath having been superseded by a recent law of Congress, I have this day executed the new form as recorded below and transmitted it to the Department of State.

I, James H. Holmes of New Mexico, having been appointed by the President of the United States to be Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, do solemnly swear that I will support, protect, and defend the Constitution and Government of the United States against all enemies whether domestic or foreign, and that I will bear true faith, allegiance, and loyalty to the same, any ordinance, resolution, or law of any State Convention or legislature to the contrary notwithstanding, and further, that I do this with a full determination, pleasure and purpose, without any mental reservation or evasion whatsoever, and further, that I will well and faithfully perform all the duties which may be required of me by law. So help me God.

(Signed) James H. Holmes.

Sworn to and subscribed
before me this 18th day
of October 1861. at Santa Fe New Mex.
Kirby Benedict
Chief Justice Supreme
Court Terr.

72

1861.

October 21 The Governor this commissioned the following named officers for the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico

Jesus Maria Chavez. Brigade Inspector Second Brigade 3rd Division
Jose Pino Quarter Master " "
Perfecto C. Ydalgo Aid de Camp. " "

Oct. 21. The Governor this day commissioned the following named officer Hospital Stewart of a Mounted Regiment called into the Service of the United States in conformity with general order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

Gottfried Gauss Hospital Stewart.

Oct 22 The Gover this commissioned the following named officer of a volunteer Regiment called into the service of the United States in conformity with general order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

Clemente P. Ortiz — Second Lt. of 2nd Regt N. M. Vols.

Oct. 26 This day the Governor commissioned the following named officer for the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico

Peter Bishop — 2nd Lieut Milia of N. M.

Oct 29 The Governor this day commissioned the following named officers of Volunteer mounted Regiment called into the service of the U.S. in conformity with General order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

Bentura Lobato — Capt. N. M. M. Vols.
John Carmody 1st " Lt. " "
Jose Cordova 2nd Lt. " "

Oct. 31 This day the Governor commissioned the following named officers for the Militia of New Mexico

Jose Manuel Gallegos — Quarter Master General
James L. Johnson — Aid de Camp.

Nov. 6th This day the Governor commissioned the following named officers for the Militia of New Mexico

Ambrosio Armijo — Division Inspector 3rd Division
C. B. Clark — Quarter Master "
Manuel Irisari Aid de Camp to Maj. Gen.
Bonifacio Chavez Aid de Camp " "

7th This day the Governor commissioned the following named officers of a N. M. M. company called into the service of the United States in conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

Felipe Gonzales First Lieutenant N. M. M. Vol
Juan Arroyo Second Lieutenant " "

274

1861

Nov 8 This day the Governor commissioned the following named officers for the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico, 2nd Rt. 2nd Brig. 2nd Div.

Santiago Gallego — Capt.
Nerio Casados 1st Lt.
Jose Anastacio Sena 2nd Lt.
Jose Maria Chavez 1st Lt.
Pablo Mares Ensign
Santos Madrid 2nd Lt.
Jose Dolores Duran Ensign
Juan Jose Lopez 1st Lt.
Agapito Garcia Captain
Antonio Ma Gonzales 2nd Lt.
Fernandez Nolan Ensign
Jose Bernal Captain
Pedro Archiveque 1st Lt.
Antonio Sena 2nd Lt.
Milbro Muniz Ensign
Ramon Ulibarri Captain
Desiderio Martin 1st Lt.
Juan Antonio Atencio 2nd Lt.
Patricio Gonzales Ensign
Manuel Flores Captain
Gregorio Gallegos 1st Lt.
Benito Bach 2nd Lt.
Rumaldo Lopez Ensign
Manuel Gonzales 1st Lt.
Felipe Sanches Capt.
Jose Cortes 1st Lt.
Ramon Trujillo Ensign
Antonio Ortega 2nd Lt.
Jose de Jesus Duran Capt.
Jose Guadalupe Nieto 2nd Lt.
Biterbo Almanzar Capt.
Ramon Montoya Ensign

Nov. 9 This day the Governor commissioned the following named officers for the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico of the 1st Brigade 1st Division

Pedro Valdez Brigadier General
Jose Mestas First Lieut
Lorenzo Romero 2nd Lt.
Juan de Jesus Martin Capt.
Juan Andres Quintana Capt.
Jose Nemecio Lucero 1st Lt.
Alfino Vigil 2nd Lt.
Gabriel Vigil Capt.
[illegible] Mc Vigil 1st Lt.
[illegible] 2nd Lieut.

1861

Antonio Valdez Capt.
Antonio José Valdez 1st Lt.
Gabriel Lucero 2nd Lt.
José Leon Capt.
Juan Romero 1st Lt.
William Hirsch 2nd Lt.

Nov. 18 This day the Governor commissioned the following named offic militia of the Territory of New Mexico First Brigade 2nd Divisi

Ramon Sena y Rivera Captain
Manuel Sandoval Quartermaster
Santiago Baca 1st Lt.
Charles Conklin 2nd Lt.
Anastacio Sandoval Colonel
Jesus Mª Silva Capt.
Albert Elsberg Surgeon
Pablo Delgado Paymaster
Thomas S. Tucker 2nd Lt.
Antonio Sena Capt.
Teodoro Gonzales 1st Lt.
Gaspar Ortiz y Alarid Capt. Co. B.
Ramon Chavez 2nd Lt.
R. M. Stephens Aid de Camp.
Esquipula Romero 2nd Lt.
Cecilio Robles 1st Lt.
Jesus María Ortiz y Baca Ensign
Ignacio Trujillo Ensign
George Ortiz 2nd Lt.
Jesus Mª Armijo Capt.
Ignacio Valdez 2nd Lt.
Guadalupe Montoya Ensign
Charles Probst 1st Lt.
Juan Bautista Ortiz Ensign
Felipe Delgado Quartermaster
Ignacio Montoya 2nd Lt.
José Durán Capt.
Baltazar Roibal 2nd Lt.
José Baca y Delgado Brig. Inspector
William White 1st Lt.
Franco Ortiz y Salazar 1st Lt.
Franco Bustamante Capt.
German Pino 1st Lt.
Nasario Gonzales Lt. Col.
Jesus Mª de Herrera 1st Lt.
José Gonzales Capt.
Ignacio [illegible]
Vacant

Tomas Baca Ensign
Carlos Griego Ensign
Dionicio Pino Ensign

Nov. 13 This day the Governor commissioned the following named officers of a Volunteer mounted Company called into the service of the United States in conformity with General order of the War department dated May 4, 1861

Wm. Mortimore Captain
Teleforo Salazar 1st Lieut
Francisco Griego 2nd Lieut.

Nov. 13 This the Governor Comissioned Juan Lopez of Rio Arriba County to be a Justice of the Peace in and for the ~~15 precinct of~~ said County.

Nov. 13 This day the Governor commissioned Juan Ignacio Miera of Rio Arriba County to be constable in and for ~~the 15 precinct of~~ said County.

Nov. 13 The Governor this day commissioned the following named officers for the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico 15 Regt. 15 Brig. 3rd Division

Francisco Perea Lieut Col.
Nestor Jaramillo Capt.
Melchior Werner Major
Cristobal Martin 1st Lt.
Jose Garcia 2nd Lt.
Francisco Aragon Capt.
Blas Garcia 1st Lt.
Florencio Gonzales 2nd Lt.

Nov. 14 This day the Governor commissioned the following named officers for the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico

Fernando Gutierres Capt.
Francisco Armijo 1st Lt.
Antonio Jaramillo 2nd Lt.
Nicanicio Jaramillo Capt.
Juan Pino 1st Lt.
Ricardo Pino 2nd Lt.
Antonio Jose Garcia Capt.
Bibiano Tafoya 1st Lt.
Felipe Montoya 2nd Lt.
Jose Trujillo Capt.
Gregorio Chavez 2nd Lt.
Pablo Tafoya 1st Lt.
Roberto Chaves Capt.
Francisco Gabaldon 1st Lt.
Bernardo Vigil 2nd Lt.

1861

Nov. 14th The Governor has this day commissioned the following named officers for the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico

Chas. Emil Wesche	Adjutant
John A. Hill	Quartermaster
Patrick Mc Steer	Aid de Camp.
Nestor Gonzales	Capt.
Luis Tafoya	"
Cayetano Tafoya	"
Gabriel Pino	"
Dolores Gallegos	"
Pablo Sanches	1st Lt
Jesus Apodaca	"
	"
Matias Contreras	"
Jose Gutierres	"
Manuel Chavez	2nd Lt.
Romulo Baca	"
Vicente Garcia	"
	"
Luis Vigil	"

Nov. 17. This day the Governor commissioned and appointed Maurits Bloomfield to be a Notary Public in and for the County of Bernalillo.

Nov. 25 The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Dr. Allen G. Peck as Surgeon of 3rd Regiment of Volunteers for New Mexico.

Nov 26 The Governor this day issued fourteen Blank Commission for the Militia of New Mexico

Nov. Dec. 5th ~~The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers of a Vol. Company the date of the commission being of the 18th and 20th~~

1861
December 4th The Governor this day delivered his First Message to the Members of the two Houses of the Legislative Assembly, which is as follows — to wit:

"Gentlemen of the Council
and House of Representatives:

The assembling of the Legislature is ever an interesting occurrence to the people whose representatives constitute that body. The position of a Legislator, into whose hands has been confided the security of the rights, interests, peace and progress of an industrious and patriotic people, is one of the most honorable, and at the same time, the most responsible that can be filled by any good citizen. Although the Executive of the Territory is not elected by the people as a part of that body, the organic law in its provisions, constitutes him a co-ordinate branch of the Government of the Territory, and confers upon him powers the proper exercise of which, makes his position equally as responsible if not more so, than that of a Legislator. It is therefore highly important that the Legislature and Executive should harmonize as nearly as may be in the discharge of their respective duties, and carefully study to produce such legislation as will be most beneficent in its operation among the people. By the enactment of proper and necessary laws, rights are maintained, property secured, prosperity promoted and the happiness of the people insured: by unwise, precipitate and needless legislation the blessings referred to are endangered and liable to be lost in the vortex of litigation which will ever attend a complex, diffuse and undigested legislation. A primitive people like ourselves require laws plainly intelligible, of only the requisite number and these adapted to the circumstances, temper and education of those whose conduct they are intended to govern. Experience, with close observation, can alone teach law-makers the wants and necessities of those for whom they are called upon to ligislate and I have confidence that you have these qualifications and are prepared to enter upon the labors before you in earnest, and with a disire to accomplish works that will redound to your honor and well the being of the entire Territory.

The reports of the Auditor of Public Accounts and of the Treasurer of the Territory are herewith laid before you. By the accounts of the Treasurer it will be seen that the receipts for the year ending November 15th, 1861, together with the balance in the Treasury, November 15th, 1861, are $10,405.89 and that the expenditures during the same time were 10,077.94 having a balance in the Treasury at the end of the last fiscal year of $327.94.

The Auditor reports the Territorial debt at the end of the last fiscal year to be $2.632,75. From this amount deduct the balance in the treasury of $327.94 and it will show the outstanding liabilities of the Territory to be $2,304.81. This debt at the closing of the fiscal year of 1860 was $3.673 which exhibits a diminution of $1.368,19 in the debt during the year. There is reason to believe that this amount could be paid in one year from the legitimate revenues of the Territory if the collectors in the different counties were held to a strict accountability and required to make a proper distribution of the funds which come into their hands. These officers are in many cases exempt from the charge of dishonesty [illegible] which the finances of the Territory have been man[illegible]

public funds from their legitimate application and appropriate them to objects for which there is no authority in law. The attention of the Legislature is particularly directed to this subject, with a view that a remedy may be applied for the irregularities that are thus now practiced with impunity.

The Indians Tribes.

The history of New Mexico in connection with Indian tribes is both extraordinary and anomalous. It is now two hundred years since the country was first occupied by the white man. He then brought with him all the arts of civilization that were taken to other parts of the continent at the time of their settlement and reclamation from the savages. The Indians of New Mexico did not differ in nature from those which were found in other sections of the country. All were alike ferocious and barbarous and claimed to be lords of the soil. Wherever the pale face appeared he found in the red man an implacable enemy and war only could decide which was to obtain the mastery. East, West, North, and South of us the white man has prevailed, and and obtained complete mastery over the Indian as well as over the soil.

It has, however, been different in New Mexico. For two long centuries has the contest been waged. During that period civilization and christianity have had a foot-hold in the Territory. The population has gradually increased and been engaged in the ordinary pursuits of life, adapted to the soil and climate, and although they have been as bold, daring and intrepid in meeting the savage foe and equally as industrious in the avocations of life, they have met with indifferent success. A bare subsistence has been the only reward of industry and they have yet to confront the Indian in deadly encounter for the protection of the little of this world's goods which their honest toil may have produced. Abounding as the country does in all the elements of human prosperity, this condition of affairs would seem strange and extraordinary to those who are unacquainted with the causes which have impeded our progress. By them it might be attributed to a want of industry or economy among our people. Such, however, is not, and has not been the case. Necessity has ever compelled them to industrious habits and the absence of means has forced them to forego extravagance, and cultivate habits of strict economy. To those of us who have felt the real causes which have retarded our onward movement to prosperity, abundance and wealth there are ample evidences of the condition of things which have produced our present state of impoverishment and humiliation. Surrounded as we always have been and ever must be, by Indian tribes, who live by plunder and rapine, one or the other of which tribes, and sometimes all of them, have constantly been in open hostility with our people, and any one of which is able to destroy in one year, more than the aggregate industry of our people is capable of producing, it is not difficult for us to discern the visible cause of our enviable situation when compared with our more fortunate neighbors who have had some one frontier secured from Indian depredations. The rance of dense population, or a sea-coast has with other cous of the proved a defense against the predatory and ma which they could not overcome. With neither of these sour Nature blessed us. An oasis in a desert waste, we ha been obliged to contribute the fruits of our l of the savage races, as

deserts who scorn the idea of manual labor in any of its forms and who are fitted only in the destruction of human life and the productions of human industry.

Spain attempted the subjugation, civilization and pacification of these tribes for more than a hundred years, but made no progress among them. Mexico, following the example of Spain, sought the accomplishment of the same object by every means known to and practiced by the mother country, for twenty five years and made no better progress than the latter. The United States have had them in hand for fifteen years and yet they remain the same enemies to God and to man, to civilization and peaceful industry which they were found to be when first brought into contact with christian communities. Yea they are even more ferocious and have no abundant means for the destruction of human life; with no alterent of disposition to prey upon human industry. A question now arises, why have these barbarians been permitted to revel in their wantonness and gather strength from the impunity with which they destroy even the hope of advancement in the acquisition of competence or wealth to the white man? Have the Government to which I have alluded been deficient in power to subjugate or annihilate these common enemies to every thing that is dear to civilized man? If it be admitted that Spain and Mexico may not have had the power, surely none will doubt that our own Government has been and continues to be competent to the accomplishment of either. The promise of protection was made in the name in the name of Government by General Kearney upon taking peaceable possession of New Mexico, and we have placed our hope in that promise which, being deferred, has made our hearts sick. Clearly there has never been a deficiency of power on the part of the Government to afford us the requisite relief, but it has been prevented from exercising its power by the prevalence of a sickly sentimentality or false philanthropy — in the minds of the people of the more populous States now secured from Indian contact and depredation by the march westward of that pioneer race which at every step encountered the evils from which we now suffer and which can bear ample testimony to the faithless character of the Indian race. In this connection I deem it not amiss to call the attention of our more fortunate and happy countrymen who are now living in peace, happiness and prosperity upon the soil that once occupied by the Indians, and whose forefathers like ourselves contended in bloody strife with that savage race for which so much sympathy is now manifested, and ask them whether they would prefer that their forefathers had submitted to the tomahawk and scalping knife of the savage tribes that were once the inhabitants and possessors of the land now occupied by themselves, and left those vast and fertile regions, still a howling wilderness, or see what they now witness, the prosperity and happiness of living millions obtained honest industry from its fertile bosom. Such however would have been the case had they not, as we should, resolved. "That the earth is the fullness thereof is the Lords, and the inheritance of His chosen people." The pioneer race is still advancing, but still suffering as our pilgrim Fathers suffered at Plymouth, and as their descendants have suffered from Plymouth to New Mexico, and by the same race, "Whose extirpation from the face of the earth, they declared to be an act not only meritorious but one peculiarly acceptable in the eyes of God."

Thus, we see our Pilgrim Fathers and acted in accordance with their sp[illegible]

where savage orgies were once celebrated and the blood of mother and blue-eyed infancy was offered in sacrifice to the Demon, hatred and revenge. The writer, abundant evidence that the natural hatred which the Indian in his original state bore to the whites has been augmented, and that he has become more savage, sanguinary and restless under the advance of civilized man within the limits of that domain which he had hoped to see ever reserved to him for the free enjoyment of his savage pursuits, and upon which he never would deign to place his hands to change one spot from its primeval condition or create a single drop of sweat upon the brow of industry in the production of aught that sustains life or adds to the comfort of man.

I repeat, the Government has the power, and that power should be so directed as to keep these sons of the forest within proper limits and either maintain them as paupers, teach them the arts of civilized life, and oblige them to sustain themselves, or on the other hand exterminate them. The earth was given to man so that by the sweat of his brow he should draw subsistence therefrom. Such is the Divine command, and those who obey it not must taste of the bitter fruits of disobedience. Under this injunction the Indian has rights as well as the civilized portion of mankind. Of those rights he should not be deprived. He is entitled to as much of the earth's surface as will by industry sustain life and secure him comfort. That is all the privilege that is claimed by the white race. Most assuredly the Indian is not a being of such a superior order that he is entitled to thousands of acres of land from which to draw a subsistence when a large majority of our own people are contented with, and proud to own, only a few acres. When a tribe manifests a disposition to abandon its savage customs and adopt habits of industry, the Government should take them by the hand and give them a liberal meed of assistance and encourage them in the reformation. This it has done. Millions of money have been paid them, and millions will continue to be paid them, for the amelioration of their condition. Much good has in this manner been done for the more docile races which have had the capacity to know and appreciate the benefits to be derived from the benign intentions of the Government. The tribes with which we are surrounded, although in constant contact and intercourse with our people, seeing the benefits that are derived by a large portion, in fact by all the Pueblo Indians, from their domestic and peaceful pursuits, still adhere to their thieving propensities and will risk their lives to obtain a vile sustenance by thus rather than imitate the example placed before them by the exemplary Pueblos, and seek an honest living by similar pursuits. I am persuaded that there is but one and only one remedy by which we can be relieved from our present anomalous and dangerous contact with these Navajo, Apache, Utah, Comanche, and Caiguas Indians. That remedy has heretofore been untried in this Territory. They should be placed upon reservations distant from our frontier settlements and let it be made known to them that the lands set aside for their use and occupation shall be sacred from the intrusion of any, many, savage or civilized, but themselves, and at the same time they should be informed that lands not assigned them must not be approached by their people that any one of their tribe ventures beyond the limits of the reservation will be considered an outlaw and treated as such. Then, similar restraints should be placed upon reference to the Indian country, and strictly enforced. Thus we hope for procuring a change in the [illegible] to continue many years.

ny, as well as the Indians themselves, to beggary and starvation.

The cost of removal and location would not be half of what is spent in one of the campaigns against them, many of which have not only proved fruitless as to any punishment inflicted upon the Indians, but have disabled the Army by the loss of cavalry horses and mules to such an extent that for months after their return the Indians could depredate at pleasure without the fear of being pursued.

I am sorry to say that at the time I write, six of our most worthy citizens have lost their lives while in pursuit of the merciless Navajoes who had stolen stock from the immediate vicinity of the house in a densely populated settlement. These things must and shall have an end.

It being entirely out of the province of the Legislative Assembly to enact laws for the regulation of Indian tribes I would, in consideration of the above facts, respectfully recommend that a joint resolution be adopted memorializing the Secretary of the Interior in behalf of the adoption of the reservation system for the wild tribes heretofore named.

Mines And Mining.

In the present untoward circumstances of the country and the portentous future with which we are threatened, it would seem idle to recommend for immediate action measures calculated to develop any new sources of prosperity in which our people could engage with a hope of final success, but such are the various resources of this Territory I cannot refrain from directing your attention to those which are most prominent and beneficial to the people. To say nothing of our agricultural and pastoral resources, which are proverbial and capable of an expansion that would astound those to whom they are not familiar, I will advert briefly to our Mining interests. The experience taught by many operations within the last twelve months, proves beyond a doubt that we have some of the richest and most productive Gold Mines upon the Continent of America.

For two years the Agents of the New Mexican Mining Company met with but little success because they did not have the advantage of that practical and scientific knowledge which has finally led to the discovery of the means by which the gold could be amalgamated and saved from the quartz. These difficulties have now been overcome and the present enterprising Company to which we are indebted for the discovery, are reaping the reward of their intelligence, industry and public spirit. To one of the Company I am indebted for the information which warrants the aspersions which I have made with respect to these Placer Mines.

During the last Spring mines were found in the vicinity of Fort Stanton which yielded an astonishing quantity of gold for the time they were worked. The invasion of that part of the Territory by the Texans caused a suspension of operations in those mines, which otherwise would, I am fully satisfied, have added ere this hundreds of thousands of dollars to the wealth of our people. When circumstances will permit a resumption of labor in that region we may expect to receive from year to year large quantities of gold from those rich mines. Some of the fruits of them came within my personal observation, and it is from knowledge thus obtained that I speak thus [illegible] in reference to their value.

[illegible] which could be

worked with profit by enterprising and skillfull miners. Heretofore these mines have been neglected from various causes, not the least among which is the great insecurity that is felt outside of the settlements in consequence of the presence of the wild Indians

Our mining districts offer inducements to investments by capitalists rarely equalled and never exceeded. Investments here in this way cannot but afford a large return upon the amounts invested. Every encouragement within the power of the Legislative Assembly should be given to those who will engage in the public spirited enterprise of beginning the development of these sources of wealth to the Territory. In order that these resources may be more fully developed I recommend that Congress be memorialized for an an appropriation sufficiently ample to defray the expenses of a Geological Survey of the Territory, by which I have no doubt that new mines of Gold, Silver Copper, Iron and Stone Coal will be discovered that have heretofore remained hidden in consequence of the absence of scientific explorations.

Manufactories.

There is no branch of industry that contributes more to the prosperity of a people, than manufacturing. Its beneficial effects are felt throughout all the ramifications of society and fill a vacum in the body politic that never can be filled in its absence. It furnishes the basis upon which the largest portion of the world's commerce is founded. It populates large districts, gives life to the business of cities, whitens the seas with the sails of all nations and administers to the comfort and convenience of the world.

We in New Mexico depend entirely upon foreign markets for the purchase of all the manufactured articles in use among us. Iron, nails, steel, leather, woollen fabrics, everything indeed, is bought away from home and transported over the plains when every one of the articles named could be economically manufactured here. In the present method of furnishing our markets with these supplies millions of dollars are drained from the Territory which never return and which go into the pockets of manufacturers in the States. The elements of manufacturing success abound in New Mexico. Our iron ore is uncommonly rich, coal abundant and labor cheap. There is not one article into the fabrication of which iron enters but what could be produced as cheaply in our Territory as it can in any other part of the United States. The same may be said of leather, of which article there is also a large amount consumed annually by our people. Our forests abound with timber which yields a bark of the best quality for tanning purposes. Thousands of hides are yearly thrown away as worthless because there is no market for them. With these inducements before them it is strange to say that the people have neglected this branch of business entirely and have depended on the States to get leather for the most ordinary uses. The wool which our sheep would give for the manufacture of cloth is almost inexhaustable in quantity and could be bought for a price merely nominal. Tens of thousands of sheep are left to get clear of their woolly coats as best they can because their owners obtain no compensation for clipping it from their backs.

Capital applied to either or all of these branches of manufacture could not but produce large incomes to the capitalists and give impetus to the material progress of the Territory. I am fully persuaded

tioned, is not attributable to a want of enterprise on the part of our people. In this respect they do not differ materially from the inhabitants of other portions of the country. But for reasons already mentioned, their pecuniary resources have been crippled to such a degree that only small amounts of funds have been accumulated by individuals in various districts of the Territory, and it has not been possible to aggregate them in quantities sufficiently large to meet expenses which must necessarily be incurred to put costly machinery in motion.

I have made these observations chiefly for the purpose of directing public attention to the subject, to which I attach great importance, with the hope that they may have some influence in inaugurating a system of manufacturing from which innumerable blessing will flow and distribute their good effects over the entire Territory.

Laws.

For several years past there has existed a pressing necessity for a new revisal and codification of the Laws. This necessity has now become more urgent than before, from the fact that the edition of the code printed in 1856, is exhausted and it is now impossible to procure such copies as are necessary to be placed in the hands of those who are charged with the duties of administering the Laws. I therefore recommend that your Honorable body will devise measures that will insure a speedy and at the same time perfect revision of all the Laws that have been enacted by the Legislative Assembly up to the present time.

In my opinion, experience has proved that many of the provisions of the "Law for the protection of Slave property in New Mexico," are unnecessarily severe and rigorous. I fear that the act as it now stands upon the statutes was passed hastily and without proper consideration. I therefore recommend that it be modified or entirely repealed.

Mails

Our mail communications with the East are inadequate to the wants of the people. Separated as our Territory is from the balance of the Republic to the East of us, by an extensive and uninhabited region we do not expect that the Government should be as liberal in furnishing us with mail facilities as it is in providing for those who reside in the more densely populated parts of the country. But at the same time, we should, and do desire that our real wants may be provided for. A weekly mail is not competent to meet the emergencies of the times and the service ought by all means to be increased to that of a semi weekly mail, at least. The importance of speedy communication between us and the States, in perilous times like these, is so patent as to forego the necessity of being enlarged upon. Besides this the protection which the regular passage of coaches over the plains twice a week would give to the commerce over them, is a question that is worthy of consideration not only in a private but also in a public point of view. The establishment of stations at convenient distances apart, would in a short time congregate settlements on that now unpopulated region which would afford ample protection to the entire route. It is consequently re- [illegible] your petition Congress for the [illegible]

Federal Affairs.

Our common country is involved in a strife that should inspire every citizen with a patriotic zeal in rallying to its assistance and aiding to bear triumphant through the war that flag which has for more than three quarters of a century been the pride of Americans and a terror to their enemies. The rebellion which our Government is now engaged in suppressing is the most unholy unjustifiable and destructive one that has ever been attempted since Governments have been established. No people on the face of the earth were as free as happy and as prosperous as were those of the United States before the heresy of secessionism burst out into open rebellion. The arts and sciences flourished: Agriculture fed our own millions and from its bounties made Europe pay tribute: sucessful manufactories dotted our hills and vallies and were making rapid strides towards relieving us from dependence upon foreign countries for their fabrics: our commerce was co-extensive with the habitations of man educational institutions were giving our people a degree of intelligence unknown to those of any other nation railroads extending from the extreme north to the extreme south, from the east to the west, as a question of time placed all sections in contiguity. The constitution which the wisdom of our fathers formed, and which was given us as a priceless heritage threw its protection over all alike, whilst the Government which was erected upon its as basis pressed heavily upon none. What more than this, that is earthly, could be desired by the most ambitious? Man has never before had as much guaranteed to him and it is doubtful, exceedingly doubtful, if he could have more. How wicked then is he who would raise the hand of destruction and aim its blow at such a source of human happiness and Governmental grandeur? The responsibility of such an act is the gravest that can be assumed by mortal man, and grievous will be the accountability to which those who are engaged in this rebelion, will be held.

I am proud to say that my loyal and patriotic fellow citizens of New Mexico have manfully responded to their country's call and contributed more than a fair proportion of armed men for her defence. This evidence of devotion to the Union is the more flattering from the fact that when the secession began and for some time after it had been in progress, it was presumed by the prime movers of the scheme, that our Territory would join them in their attempts to pull down the pillars of free Government and rejoice with them in the midst of the wreck and desolation produced by their evil machinations. This patriotic outpouring of men has removed all cause of suspicion which may have been excited in the minds of our countrymen in the loyal States in reference to the position we occupy in connection with the war. A more positive demonstration of fidelity to our beloved institutions cannot be given, than that which New Mexico has in this manner shown, and be it for weal or for woe his is the position she will occupy to the end.

The Texan forces still remain at and about Fort Filmore and have not ventured to come north of the Jornada. I am glad, however to say the army now in the field is amply sufficient, not only for the protection of the people north of that desert, but to expel the invaders from our soil will be done so soon as supplies and transportation can be brought in quantities sufficient to accumulate the
for operations on a

and judicious distributions of the troops which remain, for the protection of our frontiers during the absence of the forces employed in the recapture of Forts disgracefully surrendered into the hands of the enemies of our Government.

Besides men, money is required to conduct the war. To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to meet the demands made upon his branch of the Administration, Congress at its last session authorized a special tax to be levied upon the different States and Territories. In round number $63,000 was the part of the sum so thus raised, apportioned to New Mexico. Whilst the tax is just and right in itself I think we should be relieved from the payment of it. New Mexico has for many years past been subject to a constant annual drain from her immaterial wealth by Indian depredations. An approximate estimate of the losses she thus sustains exhibits them to have been in some years $400,000, and never to have been $50,000 in any one year hostilities existed. This is an annual tax to which the people are subjected in addition to those which are levied and collected in compliance with the statutes of the Territory. If a proper and authentic representation of the facts were presented to Congress I doubt not that a law for our relief in this behalf would be passed.

Congress also at the same session authorized the Secretary to receive voluntary subscriptions from the citizens to a loan of $150,000,000. The enlightened and patriotic capitalist of the great cities of New York, Boston and Philadelphia have already manifested their clear sense, both of duty and interest, by the subscription of $50,000,000. The law under which this subscription is to be received wisely provides that the advantages, as well as the patriotic satisfaction derived from a participation in the loan shall be offered, not to the capitalist of the large cities only, but to the people of the whole country.

In order to procure a substantial reward, to those whom patriotism prompts, is this hour of trial, to place their means at the disposal of the Government an interest of seven and three tenths per cent. will be paid on the several amounts subscribed: an interest not subject to State taxation and constituting for the subscribers a revenue not only certain in receipt, but greater in amount than can be expected from any ordinary investment. That all the citizens may have equal opportunities for participating in these advantages, it was directed that subscriptions should be received for sums as small as fifty dollars as well as large amounts, and that in case of an excess of subscriptions the smaller be preferred in the distribution. Each subscriber, upon payment of his subscription, will be entitled to receive Treasury Notes of corresponding amount in such denominations as he may prefer, whether of fifty, one hundred, five hundred, one thousand or five thousand dollars.

Loyal and patriotic as New Mexico has proven herself to be by a response to every call of the Government for volunteers and militia, of which there are now of this citizens, in the field three thousand five hundred, I cannot doubt but that a similar liberality will be exhibited in response to the call for this loan, by those who are in a condition to invest even the smallest sum, in undoubted securities.

I recommend that the Legislative Assembly provide by law for the appointment of Agents in the different counties to explain the object of the subscription to receive such sums as may be voluntarily subscribed and remit the same to the Secretary of the Treasury.

By doing this we may be enabled to contribute our mite for the maintenance of the holy cause, which I most devoutly pray may be crowned with success and that the Ruler of the Universe will, in the plenitude of His wisdom and power, restore our distracted country to its former prosperous and happy condition; remove all causes of discord and teach us to learn a lesson of wisdom from the events of the civil strife from which He shall have delivered us.

Henry Connelly

Santa Fé, December 4th 1861

December 5th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers of the N. M. Volunteers called into the service of the United States in conformity with General Order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861. The Commissions dated the 18th and 20th days of Novr. ultimo being so requested by the Military Commander of the Department — to wit:

Charles H. Hubbell — First Lieut. of a Company, 4th Regt. N. M. Vols.
José Barrio — First Lieut. " 2nd Regt. N. M. Vols.

Decr. 6th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers for the Militia of N. M. to wit:

Simon Delgado — Quarter Master 2nd Division of the Militia
Prudencio Lopez — Division Inspector " "
Demetrio Perez — Aid de Camp " "
Maurice Schwarzkopf — Do. " "

Decr. 6th The Governor this day approved and signed a Joint Resolution, "authorizing the printing of the Governor's Annual Message".

Decr. 7th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers for the Militia of New Mexico, to wit:

Robert Stapleton — Colonel 1st Regiment 2nd Brig 3rd Div. N. M. Militia
Vibian Baca — Lieut. Colo. " " " "
Patricio Fortuna — Major " " " "
Mariano Sandoval — Capt. " " " "
Andres Lucero — 1st Lieut. " " " "
Juan Baldonado — 2nd do. " " " "
Tomas Montoya — Capt. " " " "
Guadalupe Armijo — 1st Lieut. " " " "
Reyes Chavez — 2nd do. " " " "
Milian Pena — Capt. " " " "
Franco. Sais — 1st Lieut. " " " "
Pedro Valdez y Gutierrez — 2nd do. " " " "
José Pley — Capt. 2nd Regimt. 1st Brig. 1st Division
Jesus Abreu — 1st Lieut. " " " "
Vidal Trujillo — 2nd do. " " " "

1861 Decembr 9th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers of the N. Mx. Volunteers, viz. of Militia: to wit:

John R. Hubbell — Capt. 1st Brigade 3rd Division of the Militia
Eduard Muller — 1st Lieut 1st Brigade 2nd Division "

Decr 9th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officer of the N. Mx. Vols. called into the service of the U.S. in conformity with General Order of the War Dept. dated May 4th 1861 — to wit:

Percy J. Eyre — Second Lieut. 2nd Regiment N. Mx. Volunteers

Decr 10th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officer of the Militia. The Commission dated the 15th day of Novr ult being so requested; to wit:

José Ygnacio Martinez — Capt. 1st Brigade, 1st Division N. Mx Militia

(Further proceedings held in this day left out, through mistake, carried at the end of the 27th day)

Decr 18th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers for the 2nd Brigade, 1st Division of the Militia of the Territory: to wit:

José de la Luz Lujan — Captain of 1st Company
José Teodosio Belarde — First Lieut.
Manuel Sanchez — Second Lieut.
Jose Merced Sanchez — Captain
José Dolores Garcia — 1st Lieut.
Miguel Ant.o Gallegos — 2nd Lieut.
Miguel Ant.o Herrera — Captain
Roman Aragon — 1st Lieut.
Franc.o Ant.o Garcia — 2nd Lieut.
Juan Valdez — Captain
Evaristo Mestas — 1st Lieut.
José Salazar — 2nd Lieut.
José Demetrio Rosal — Captain
Diego Herrera — 1st Lieut.
Valentin Martin — 2nd Lieut.
Desiderio Martin — Captain
José Aguiero — 1st Lieut.
Nepomuceno Martin — 2nd Lieut.
Miguel Velasquez — Captain
Leoricio Bargas — 1st Lieut.
Jose Maria Chacon — 2nd Lieut.
Franc.o Jaramillo — Captain
Secundino Lucero — 1st Lieut.
Pablo Jaramillo — 2nd Lieut.
Juan Martiniano Sanchez — Capt.
Baltazar Morfin — 1st Lieut.
Cruz Archuleta — 2nd Lieut.
Miguel Ant.o Lucero — Capt.
[illegible] Borrego — 1st Lieut.

1861
December 19th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following named Officer for the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico, to wit:
Francisco Micra — First Lieut. in Capt. Fran.co Montoya's Co.

December 20. The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following named Brigadier General for the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico, to wit:
Geronimo Jaramillo — Brigadier General 2nd Brigade 1st Division of the Militia
(Other proceedings carried to end of next two pages.)

December 24th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following named Volunteer Officers — to wit:
S. L. Hubbell — Capt. of a Company. 2nd Reg.t N. Mx. Volunteers
José Chavez y Chavez, 2nd Lieut. " " " "
Clemente P. Ortiz — 2nd Lieut. Company "D." " " "

" " The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following named Officers for the Militia of New Mexico, to wit:
Serafin Ramirez — Capt. of a Company. 1st Brig. 3rd Div. of N. Mx. Militia
Melquiades Ramirez — 1st Lieut. " " " " "
Antonio Valdez — 2nd Lieut. " " " " "

December 26. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officer of a Regiment of N. Mx. Volunteers called into the service of the U. S. in this Territory in conformity with General Order of the War Dept. dated May 4th 1861, to wit:
Eugene M. Sweeny — First Lieut. New Mexican Vols.

Dec. 27 (Carried to end of next two pages.)

December 28. The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following named Officer of a Regim.t of N. Mx. Vols. called into the service of the U. S. in Conformity with Gen.l Order of the War Dept. dated May 4th 1861. to wit:
Nathaniel M. Macrae — First Lieut. N. Mx. Vols.

December 30. The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following named Officers of the 2nd Regiment of N. Mx. Vols., to wit:
Manuel D. Pino — Major, 2nd Regt. N. Mx. Vols.
Rafael Ortiz y Chavez, Captain Company "A," 2nd Reg.t N. Mx. Vols.
Rafael Ortiz y Pineda — First Lieut. " " " " "
Pedro Sanchez — Second do. " " " " "

December 31st The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers for the 2nd Brigade 1st Division of the Militia of the Territory, to wit:
Susano Archuleta — Captain of a Company
Antonio José Martinez — First Lieut. "
Justo Sandoval — Second Lieut. "

January 2nd The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named for the 2nd Brigade 1st Division of the Militia:
L. B. McLain — Ens.

291

Jan 5th 1862

January 7th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following names of the Militia of the Territory — to wit

Manuel Alarid Captain
Manuel Sanchez First Lieut
Jesus Salazar Second do
José Manuel Sabedo Captain
Juan Rey Pino First Lieut.
Silvestro Abeita Second do
Charles Beach Captain
Juan Otero First Lieut.
Juan Archuleta Second Lieut.
Ambrosio Pino Captain
Jose Sanchez First Lieut.
Antonio Griego Second do.
Romulo Salazar Captain
Manuel Salazar First Lieut.
Juan Antonio Romero Second Lieut.
Francisco Castrijo Captain
José de Jesus Castrijo First Lieut.
Dolores Baca Second — do.
Felipe Sandoval Captain
Manuel Urtado First Lieut.
Juan Lucero Second Lieut.
José Bruno Mirra Captain
José Archuleta First Lieut.
Eulogio Mora Second do.
L. B. McLain Inspector

January 5th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named of the N. M. Vols. called into the services of the U. S. in conformity with Genl Order of the War Dept. dated May 4th 1861 — to wit.

John Thompson First Lieut.
Ramon Martinez Second Lieutenant

January 5th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers of the N. M. Vols. called into the services of the U. S. in conformity with General Order of the War Dept. dated May 4th 1861 — to wit

Julian Arayoy Perea Captain

January 10th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers for Company "D" 2nd. Regiment N. M. Vols. to wit

Roman A. Baca — Captain Co. "D"
Ildefonso Huey. — do. " "
Martin Quintana — 2nd Lieut.

1862
January 7th The Governor this day approved and signed the following entitled Acts passed by the Legislative Assembly of this Territory at the present session — to wit:

1. An Act for the relief of Anastacio Sandoval
2. " " to be entitled "An Act relative to appeals in Criminal cases."
3. " " entitled "An Act to apprehend offenders escaping from jail"
4. " " giving the preference of the right of irrigation of the fields lying bellow the Spring to the west of the town of Socorro, to the people of the said town in said Territory.

January 18 The Governor this day approved and signed Acts of the following titles to wit:

1. An Act giving jurisdiction to the Justice of the Peace of Precinct No. 8 in the County of Mora
2. " " repealing An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit any person from holding two or more offices of honor and profit in this Territory
3. " " to repeal An Act creating and organizing the County of San Juan, approved January 12th 1861, and to repeal sections 1st 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 & 8th of An Act creating and organizing the counties of Arizona and Mora"
4. " " declaring the right of irrigation with the water of the Rio Chiquito in precinct No. 8 in the County of Taos, and for other purposes.
5. A Joint Resolution, requesting the Hon Secretary of the Territory to forward copies of all Memorials and Joint Resolutions of the Legislative Assembly to their respective addresses.

Carried from preceding three pages

1861
December 10th The Governor this day approved and signed An Act repealing An Act providing for the protection of the property in slaves in this Territory."

Dec. 20th The Governor this day approved and signed Acts of the following titles — to wit;

1. An Act, entitled An Act designating the precincts of the county of Taos by their respective numbers, according to their former limits
2. " " to amend An Act changing the county seat of the county of San Miguel.
3. —— A Joint Resolution relative to adjournment of both houses
4. —— " " " relative to the Election of Public Printer

Dec. 27th The Governor this day approved and signed An Act providing for the incidental expenses of the Offices of Auditor of Public Accounts and Treasurer of the Territory, and for other purposes."

1862.
January 24th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers of N. M. Vols. called into the service of the U. S. by Gen. Carleton Department of Mexy 4th 1861 — to wit. To take effect from the

William W. Mills — 1st Lieut Co. "C" [illegible]
John Longman — 2nd L. " "
Robal Underhill

1862.
January 24th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers of N. M. Vols., called into the service of the U. S. in conformity with General Order of the War Department of May 4th 1861 – to wit:

Charles Meinhold – First Lieut. of Co., 5th Regt. N. M. Vols.
Joseph Berney – do. , " " " "

" 23rd The Governor this day approved and signed the following entitled Acts passed by the Legislative Assembly at the present session: to wit:

1. An Act relative to fines imposed by the District Courts
2 " " to be entitled An Act to provide for the holding of special terms of the District Courts, and for other purposes.
3 " " to legitimate the children of Tomas Lucero and Prudencia Trujillo residents of the county of Mora, in the Territory of New Mexico, and for other purposes.
4 " " to amend the law of attachments
5 " " providing for the vacunation of all persons residents of the Territory of New Mexico.
6 " " requiring the Clerks of the District Courts to report to the Probate Courts all the fines imposed by said Courts.
7 " " repealing An Act approved February 4th 1857.
8 " " requiring two terms of the Supreme Court annually.

January 25th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers of N. M. Vols. and Militia: to wit:

Samuel H. Hodges – Capt. 4th Regt. N. M. Volunteers.
Jesus Mª Baca y Salazar – Colo. 1st Brigade 2nd Division N. M. Militia.

" 1 " The Governor this day approved and signed the following entitled Acts passed by the Legislative Assembly of this Territory at the present session – to wit:

1. An Act to create a judicial and electoral precinct in Tierra Amarilla, designated as precinct No. 16 of Rio Arriba County.
2 " " to incorporate the Union Mining Company of New Mexico
3 " " creating an additional precinct in the county of San Miguel
4 " " specifiy for the precinct of Guadalupita No. 3 of the County of Mora
5 " " to increase the power of the Governor for a limited time for the defense of the Territory of New Mexico.

Jany 27th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following named Officers of the Militia of N. Mexico: to wit:

Manuel Trujillo – Assistant Adjutant General with rank of Capt. of the Militia
Nino Ostermann " " " " " " " " " "

January 30th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following named Officer of the Militia of New Mexico – to wit:

Bernard Seligman – 1st Lieut. of Co., 1st Brig. 2nd Div. of N. M. Militia.

1862
January 30th The Governor this day approved and signed the following entitled Acts, passed by the Legislative Assembly of this Territory of New Mexico – to wit:

1. An Act to authorize the Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, to approve Acts &c., passed by the Legislative Assembly of this Territory, after the final adjournment of this Assembly.
2. " " amendatory of the Revenue Law, approved February 1st 1858.
3. " " relative to common pastures.
4. " " to regulate and conduct causes in appeal in all the Courts of this Territory.
5. " " to provide for making reports of Indian depredations, crimes and misdemeanors.
6. A Memorial to Congress asking the appointment of a Commission in this Territory to listen the complaints of the citizens thereof about damages done by Indians.
7. " " relative to the Public Buildings in this Territory.

Jany 31st The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers for the Militia of N. M., to wit:
Charles Emile Weseche Aid-de-Camp 1st Brig. 2nd Divis. of N. M. Militia
José Ortiz Ensign in Capt Silva's Co. "G" " " "

February 4th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named Officers for the Militia of N. M. to wit:
Eufanio Vigil Aid-de-Camp
Lorenzo Labadí " "
William Zeckendorf 2nd Lieut. 2nd Reg.t 1st Brig. 2nd Div. N. M.

" 28. The Governor this day approved and signed Bills of the following Titles to wit:
An Act relative to County funds.
An Act to provide for the payment of Officers who arrest persons charged with crimes, who have escaped from the County in which said crime shall have been committed.
" " Amendatory of the law relative to the Attorney General and authorizing the Governor to appoint a District Attorney for the third District of this Territory.
A Joint Resolution. Authorizing the Laws and Journals of the present session.
" " " Authorizing the resident Clerks to draw pay after the final adjournment.
" " " Authorizing the Secretary to have certain printing done in the Gazette.
" " " Authorizing the publication of the laws
" " " Relative to the legality of the Territory.

1862 July 9th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following Volunteer Officers for the First Regiment New Mexican Volunteers: to wit:—

Joseph Cummings	Major,	to rank from the 1st day of May	1862
A. H. Mayer	Major	" " " 1st day of June	1862
A. H. Pfeiffer	Captain	" " " 26th " " "	"
Charles Ogden	Captain	" " " 26th " " "	"
John Lewis	First Lieut.	" " " 1st day of March	1862
Francis McCabe	do.	" " " 4th day of April	1862
Benjamin Stevens	do.	" " " 26th " June	1862
Philip Morris	do.	" " " 26th " " "	"
Jacob Stenger	Second Lieut	" " " 26th " " "	"
Charles M. Hubbell	do.	" " " 26th " " "	"
Nicholas Hecht	do.	" " " 1st " March	1862
David McAllister	do.	" " " 1st " " "	"

August 5th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Hezekiah S. Johnson to be Attorney General for the 3rd Judicial District in this Territory.

August 6th Hon. Kirby Benedict, having been re-appointed by the President of the U. S. Chief Justice for this Territory, this day filed his Oath of Office in the Secretary's Office Territory of N. M. which is hereby recorded as follows: to wit:—

"Territory of New Mexico
First Judicial District
County of Santa Fe.

I, Kirby Benedict, appointed Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of said Territory, do solemnly swear, that I will support, protect and deffend the Constitution and Government of the United States against all their enemies, whether foreign or domestic, and that I will bear true faith allegiance, and loyalty to the same, any ordinance, constitucion or law of any State convention or Legislature to the contrary notwithstanding, and that I have not either directly or indirectly joined in the present rebellion against the Government & laws of the United States nor have I in any form given aid or comfort to the said rebellion, nor to those engaged in and promoting the same; and that I will faithfully discharge all the duties required of me by law as such Chief Justice, and that I do this with a full determination pledge and purpose without any mental reservation or secret evasion whatever, So help me God.

(Signed) Kirby Benedict.

Sworn to and subscribed before me at Santa Fé in the Territory of New Mexico on this 6th day of August 1862

(Signed) Henry Connelly
Gov. N. M.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy in every particular of the oath administered to Kirby Benedict appointed Chief Justice of the Territory of New Mexico, on file in this Office

1862. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto affixed my hand and the seal of the United States District Court this 9th day of August A.D. 1862.
(Signed) Saml. Ellison Clerk
per Peter Connelly Deputy.

August 9th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following named Vol. Officer.
James Robinson — 2nd Lieut. 1st Regt N.M. Vols.

" 15th The Governor this day granted pardon to Candelario Martin, remitting a fine of Fifty Dollars imposed by the District Court for Carrying Weapons, leaving Ten Dollars fine to be paid

" " The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Charles Fisher to be a Notary Public for Santa Fé County in this Territory.

" 18th The Governor this day pardoned to Francisco Griego, remitting a fine of One Hundred Dollars, to Fifty, imposed upon him by the Dist. Court at the August Term for Santa Fé County

" " The Governor this day pardoned Dolores Anaya, relieving him from the sentence of imprisonment passed by the U.S. Dist. Court at the March term 1861.

" " Abraham Cutler, being appointed U.S. Marshal for this Territory, this day filed his Oath of Office in the Secretary's Office of said Territory, which is hereby recorded as follows; to wit:

I Abraham Cutler do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute all lawful precepts directed to the Marshal of the United States for the Territory of New Mexico, under the authority of the United States, and true returns make, and in all things well and truely and without malice or partiality perform the duties of the Office of Marshal of the Territory of New Mexico during my continuance in said Office and take only my lawful fees. So help me God.

And further more that I will support, protect and defend the Constitution and Government of the United States against all their enemies whether foreign or domestic and that I will bear true faith alligiance and loyalty to the same any ordinance Constitution or law of any State Convention or Legislature to the contrary notwithstanding and that I have not either directly or indirectly joined in the present rebellion against the Government and laws of the United States nor have I in any form given aid or comfort to the said rebellion nor to those engaged in and promoting the same and I do this without any mental reservation or secret evasion whatever. So help me God.

August 16th 1862. (Signed) Abraham Cutler

Territory of New Mexico
City of Santa Fé } ss

I Kirby Benedict Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Said Territory hereby

1862 August 1862, personally appeared before me at the said City within said Territory Abraham Cutler and took and subscribed the within and foregoing oath of office as Marshall of the United States for the said Territory given under my hand at Santa Fé the day and year above mentioned.

(Signed) Kirby Benedict
Chief Justice.

August 18th The Governor this day Commissioned Charles P. Clever, Attorney General for the 1st Judicial District in this Territory.

His Excellency Henry Connelly, this day subscribed his Oath of Office which is hereby recorded as follows: to wit:

Territory of New Mexico
City of Santa Fe

I Henry Connelly appointed Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, do solemnly swear that I will support, protect and defend the Constitution and Government of the United States, against all their enemies, whether foreign or domestic, and that I will bear true faith, allegiance, and loyalty to the same, any ordinance, Constitution or law of any State Convention, or Legislature to the contrary notwithstanding; and that I have not either directly or indirectly joined in the present rebellion against the Government and laws of the United States, nor have I in any form given aid or comfort to the said rebellion, nor to those engaged in and promoting the same, and that I will faithfully discharge all the duties required of me by law as such Governor, and that I do this with a full determination, pledge and purpose, without any mental reservation or secret evasion whatever. So help me God.

Signed Henry Connelly

Sworn to, and subscribed before me, at Santa Fé, in the Territory of New Mexico, this, day of August, A. D. 1862.

Territory of New Mexico
City of Santa Fé

I Kirby Benedict Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of said Territory do certify that on this 18th day of August, 1862 at said City and Territory personally appeared before me, Henry Connelly appointed Governor of said Territory and in due form of Law took and subscribed the within and foregoing oath of Office as such Governor.

Given under my hand at the place, and day and year before mentioned

(Signed) Kirby Benedict
Chief Justice

1862.
August 18th The Governor this day pardoned Antonino Padilla, convicted of the crime of murder, releasing him from further imprisonment.

Aug. 15th The Governor this day pardoned Luis Lujan, commuting the sentence of sixty lashes praised upon him by the U.S. District Court for the crime of Larceny, to thirty lashes.

PROCLAMA

AL PUEBLO DE NUEVO MEJICO.

Por muchos años pasados hemos sufrido de las hostilidades de una tribu perfida de Indios, la cual, á pesar de los esfuerzos del Gobierno para aliviar á su condicion y administrar á todos sus necesidades, no cesan de invadir, diariamente á los derechos y cometer depredaciones sobre las vidas y propiedades del pueblo pacifico de Nuevo Méjico.

Por una larga serie de años, hemos sido victimas á la rapacidad y desolacion de esta tribu hostil, que ha reducido á muchos ciudadanos propietarios á la probreza, y la mayor parte de nuestros ciudadanos á la escases y á a mendicidad; que ha asesinado cienes de nuestros ciudadados y han llevado en cautiverio á nuestras mujeres y nuestros hijos. Apenas habrá una familia en el Territorio que no tenga que lamentar la pérdida de algun amado ue ha sido hecho un sacrificio á estos sanguinarios Navajoes. Nuestros caminos reales estan inseguros, y el erritorio entero, ahora, está invadido y desolado por estos Indios rapaces, que estan robando y llevando todo lo ue encuentran en su transito.

Tal es el triste cuadro, que ahora presenta nuestro Territorio, cuya continuacion no podemos ni debemos sufrir por mas tiempo

Por mas que uno año pasado, hemos sido amenazados por, y finalmente, sufrimos la invasion de las fuerzas Tejanas. Para repeler á estas fuerzas y librar al Territorio de aquel más poderoso, y no menos rapaz enemigo, requeria toda energia, y ha acabado los recursos del Territorio. Durante este periodo los Indios, con impugnidad, han destruido los mejores intereses de nuestro pueblo, y lo han reducido á un estado de pobreza que no hemos experimentado por los últimos cincuenta años. Ahora estamos libres de toda aperencia de una fuerza Confederada, sin embargo, la atencion del ejército será constantemente llamada á cualquier nuevo peligro que pueda amenazarnos de esta, ó de cualquiera otra parte, y por consecuencia, el Comandante Militar no podrá, ahora, emplear, bastante tiempo, una fuerza suficiente para subyugar, completamente, á esos Indios y rescatar los intereses perdidos, de que han sido despojados nuestros ciudadanos durante el último año. Este deber pertenece à la milicia del Territorio, que ha de ser organizada, y á no ser disuelto hasta hallamos asegurado indemnizacion por lo pasado, y seguridad contra ellos en lo futuro. Al pueblo le pertenece ahora, de librarse de los males que está sufriendo, y ministrar á los ofensores el castigo que merecen.

LO TANTO, Yo, Enrique Connelly, Gobernador del Torritorio del Nuevo Méjico, y Comandante en Jefe de la milicia del mismo, por esta mando, que todos los oficiales de Campo, como tambien los de la Plano Mayor, inmediatamente, á la re-organizacion de la milicia, en conformidad con la ley existente y bajo las instrucciones que serán recibidas en la materia; y que las diferentes divisiones sean preparadas para marchar á la tierra de Navajo, para el 15 de Octubre proximo venidero.

Ayudante General es por esta, mandado de llevar al debido efecto esta proclama.

Santa Fè este dia 4 de Setiembre de 1862.

ENRIQUE CONNELLY.

Gobernador

W. F. M. ARNY,

Secretario de Nuevo Méjico.

1862.

Sept. 4th. W. F. M. Arny appointed by the President of the United States on the 31st day of July, 1862, to be Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico. Having arrived, this day entered upon the discharge of the duties of the Office and placed on record the following

Oath of Office:

"I, William F. M. Arny, appointed Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, do solemnly affirm that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof. That I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; That I have neither sought nor accepted nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority or pretended authority in hostility to the United States. That I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution within the United States hostile or inimical thereto.

And I do further affirm that to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies foreign and domestic. That I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same. That I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion. And that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter So help me God!

(Signed) W. F. M. Arny

Affirmed to and Subscribed before me this fourth day of September 1862 at the City of Santa Fé in said Territory of New Mexico.

(Signed)

Kirby Benedict,
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
of New Mexico

Sept 4th 1862.

This day the Secretary executed his bond, with approved securities, for the sum of twenty thousand dollars. A copy of which is on file in this office and the original forwarded to the 1st Comptroller of the Treasury at Washington.

Sept 10th. The Governor this day issued commissions for Justices of the Peace and Constables, as follows, to wit:

Justices of the Peace.	For Mora County.	Constables.
José Franco Lucero	1st Precinct	Juan M. Baca
Salvador Hurtado.	2d " "	Antonio Romero
L. B. Maxwell.	4th " "	Juan Garcia
José Maria Montoya.	5th " "	Francisco Gallegos
José Ledoux.	6th " "	Juan Andres Cerna

1862

Sept. 10th The Governor this day issued Commissions for Justices of the Peace and Constables, as follows, to wit:

For Bernalillo County

Justices of the Peace		Constables
Jose A. Santisteban	1st Precinct	Jose Antonio Lujan
Diego Martin	2d " "	Santiago Garcia
Juan Garcia	3d " "	Mariano Chavez
Mateo De Luna	4th " "	Antonio Jose De Luna
Francisco Munis	5th " "	Jose Guadalupe Ortega
Antonacio Montoya	6th " "	Jose Miguel Marez
Pedro Lopez	7th " "	John Caddy
Luis Sanchez	8th " "	Juan Chavez
Jesus Chavez	9th " "	Jose Benancio Padilla
Vicente Samora	10th " "	Jose Domingo Trujillo
Juan Montoya	11th " "	Rumaldo Gallegos
Antonio Valdez	12th " "	Jose Manuel Trujillo

Sept. 11th The Governor this day issued Commissions for Justices of the Peace and Constables, as follows, to wit:

For Santa Ana County

Justices of the Peace	Precincts	Constables
Nepomuceno Silva	1st Precinct	Atanacio Sanchez
Bautista Mestas	2d " "	Juan Casados
Felipe Garcia	3d " "	Eulejio Mera
Rumaldo Montoya	4th " "	Jesus Maria Hernandez

Sept. 11th The Governor this day issued Commissions for Justices of the Peace and Constables, as follows, to wit:

For San Miguel County

Justice of the Peace		Constables
Pablo Baca y Gonzales	1st precinct	Lazaro Sandoval
Julian Baca y Duran	2d precinct	Marcial Prada
Emiterio Rael	3d " "	Silvestro Marquez
Antonio Abad Herrera	4th " "	Tomas Hurtado
Gregorio Jaramillo	5th " "	Antonio Garcia
Hilario Gonzales	7th " "	Ramon Gallegos
Antonio Vigil	8th " "	Pedro Pino
Manuel Gonzales	14th " "	Juan Leonidas Maes
Pedro Anto. Archuletta	15th " "	Jose De La Cruz Encino
John V. Stines	9th " "	Luis Romero
Tomas Salas	10th " "	Francisco Apodaca
Vivian Armijo	11th " "	Benito Crespin
Filomeno Gallegos	12th " "	Julio
Antonio Vigil	13th " "	Juan

Sept 11th.

The Governor this day commissioned Regino Ulibarri county of San Miguel

1862.

Sept 12th The Governor this day issued Commissions for the Justices of the Peace and Constables, as follows, to wit:

Justices of Peace. Names	For the County of Santa Fé. No of Precinct.	Constables. Names.
Benito Romero	1st Precinct	Abran Garcia
Manuel Valles	0 " "	Blank
Jose Miguel Dominguez	2d " "	Jesus Ximenez
Manuel Rodriguez	3d " "	Matias Rivera
Aniceto Abeyta	4th " "	Juan Rafael Sandoval
Juan Franco Montoyo	5th " "	Jesus Maria Montoya
Manuel Baca y Delgado	6th " "	Preciliano Garcia
Jose Rafael Martin.	7th " "	Francisco Montoya
Jose de la Cruz Chavez	8th " "	Esquibel Sandoval
Juan Nepomoceno Gomez.	9th " "	Andres Gomez.

Sept. 12th The Governor this day commissioned Juan Moya as Sheriff of the County of Santa Fé.

Sept. 13th The Governor this day issued Commissions for the Justices of the Peace and Constables as follows, to wit:

Justice of the Peace	For the County of Taos.	Constables
Santiago Martinez	Don Fernandez	Antonio Vigil
Francisco Esteban Chavez	Placita	Nepomoceno Vigil
Juan Antonio Samora	Arroyo	Jose Antonio Sanchez
Sabino Mondragon	Arroyo Hondo	Ezmeregildo Martin
Manuel Gonzales	Rio Colorado	Patricio Cordova
Francisco Antonio Quintana	Cordovas	Ignacio Salazar
Juan Andres Romero	Rancho	Felipe Martin
Manuel Ant.o Sanchez	Llano	Santos Muniz
Juan Antonio Sanchez	Penasco	Buena Ventura Rodriguez
Felipe Montoya	Chamisal	Eugenio Dominguez.

Sept. 12th The Governor this day commissioned Johnson Thompson a Captain in the Volunteer Service of the Territory to rank as such from the fourth day of April, 1862.

Sept. 13th The Governor this day issued Commissions for Justices of the Peace and Constables, as follows, to wit:

Justice of the Peace	For Valencia County	Constables
Manuel R. Otero	1st Precinct	Amado Chavez
Pablo Padilla	2d "	Manuel Casias
Jose Salazar	3d "	Ramon Lucero
Pablo Chavez	4th "	Jesus Maria Trujillo
Manuel S. Samora	5th "	Ambrosio Velasquez.
Jose Antonio Chavez	6th "	Antonio Jose Varela

Continued

Valencia County.

Justice of the Peace	Precinct	Constable
Matias Baca	Precinct No 7	Rafael Sanchez
Jose Padia	" " 8	Jose Bautista Baca
Juan Jaramillo	" " 9	Justo Sabrietas
Juan Chavez y Baca	" " 10	Jose Olguin
vacant	Precinct 11	vacant

Sept 15th The Governor this day issued Commissions for Justices of the Peace and Constables, as follows, to wit:

For the County of Socorro.

Justice of the Peace			Constables
Andres Romero	Socorro Precinct	(No 1)	Cesario Lopez
Reyes Tafoya	Fray Cristobal "	" (No 9)	Cristobal Luna
Jose Apodaca	San Antonio "	" (No 7)	Antonio Armijos
Jesus Silva ~~L. M. Baca~~	Sabinal "	" (No 4)	Antonio Jaramillo
L. B. Baca (L. M. Baca)	Lemitar "	" (No 2)	Candelario Real
Juan Montoya ~~[illegible]~~	Polvadera "	" (No 3)	Antonio Jose DeLuna
Pablo Montoya	Sabino "	" ~~(No 5)~~	Meregildo Samora
Matias Contreras	Las Joyas "	" (No 5)	Juan Jose Tafoya

(In all, Socorro has 10 precincts. Vide p. 10 1882-3 Laws)

Sept 19 The Governor this day issued Commissions for Justices of the Peace and Constables, as follows, to wit:

For the County of Rio Arriba

Justice of the peace	Precincts.	Constables.
Ignacio Sanchez	1st precinct	Patricio Salazar
Jesus Rael	2d " "	Miguel Manzanares
Juan Jose Trujillo	3d " "	Juan de Jesus Alire
Francisco Espinosa	4th " "	Juan Romero
Pablo Jaramillo	5th " "	Francisco Montoya
Jose Roman Aragon	6th " "	Benedicto Naranja
Nasario Archuleta	7th " "	Augustin Mestas
Jose de Agnero	8th " "	Jose Guadelupe Martinez
Justo Sandoval	9th " "	Baltazar Morfin
Jose del Carmen Vigil	10th " "	Cruz Archuleta
Jesus Maria Salazar	11th " "	Luis Valdez
José Ignacio Ortega	12th " "	Francisco Antonio Valdez
Florencio Borrega	13th " "	Felipe Gallen
Jose Miguel Vigil	14th " "	Jose Antonio Trujillo
Martin de Jesus Martinez	15th " "	Antonio Jose Martin
Felipe Casillas	16th " "	José Maria Ulibarré

Sept 20th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Theodore S. Gre his Private Secretary, to take effect from the first day of October ne

1862

Sept 20th. The Governor this day appointed Facundo Pino and Charles P. Clever Commissioners with the Hon. Kirby Benedict to "collect, revise and put in systematic order the laws now in force in this Territory."

Sept. 20th The Governor this day issued the following proclamation:

"To the People of New Mexico

"A painful infirmity with which I have been afflicted for some years compels me to leave the Territory for a few months, in order to obtain such aid in surgery as I have not been able to procure here

"My regret for the necessity which compels my absence from the post of duty is greatly diminished from the fact of being able to leave the administration of the Government in faithful and competent hands.

The Hon. W. F. M Arny, Secretary of the Territory, will assume the Executive functions so soon as I leave its limits. His high character and knowledge in matters of civil administration, together with his courteous and gentlemanly bearing, give assurance that the interests of the Territory will be duly guarded and the rights of citizens properly secured, under our laws, during his administration.

"Your fellow Citizen Henry Connelly,
"Governor N. M."

Sept 22d. The Governor this day left for the States, and the Secretary entered upon the Executive duties.

Sept 25th. The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following officers, viz:

Pablo Trujillo, Inspector, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, to Major-General P. Gallegos, 1st Division of the Militia of the Territory.

Juan Antonio Roival, Aid de Camp to Major-General Pablo Gallegos 1st Division of the Militia of the Territory.

Antonio Maria Vigil, Inspector with the rank of Major to Brigadier General Jeronimo Jaramillo, 1st Brigade, 2d Division of the Militia of the Territory.

Sept. 27th. The Acting Governor addressed a letter (a copy of which is on file in this Office) to Theodore D Wheaton, Esq. U. S. District Attorney, on the subject of the confiscation of rebel property in the Southern portion of this Territory.

Sept 29th. The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following officers in the Volunteer Service upon the recommendation of Brigadier General James H. Carleton, Commanding this Department.

1st Regiment New Mexican Volunteers.

Lieutenant Eben Everett to be Captain vice Sena y Baca cashiered. To take effect from the 10th day of September.

Lawrence G. Murphy to be first-lieutenant from this date.

Sergeants

1862. Continued

Sept. 29th. Sergeant William Maxwell, Co. D. 5th Regiment, to be Second Lieutenant from this date

Donaciano Montoya to be Second-Lieutenant from this date

Sept. 29th. The Acting Governor this day addressed to Hon. William H Seward a letter containing copies of correspondence between the General Commanding this Department; the United States District Attorney, and himself. Which letter is on file in this Office.

October 1st. (Theodore S. Gheiner) The Private Secretary of the Governor, this day entered upon the duties of his Office.

Oct. 20th The Acting Governor this day wrote to Colonel Joseph R. West, Commanding the Military District in the Mesilla Valley, and to Hon. Sydney A. Hubbell Associate Judge in the Southern District of New Mexico. In relation to the appointment of Civil Officers for the organization of Doña Ana County.

Oct. 21st The Acting-Governor this day commissioned Thomas Henderson, Second Lieutenant in the 1st Regiment New Mexican Volunteers, to rank as such from the 12th day of October, 1862.

Oct 21st The Acting-Governor this day addressed to His Excellency the Governor of the State of Chihuahua Republic of Mexico the following letter.

"Executive Office at the Palace
"Santa Fé New Mexico
"21st October, 1862.

"To His Excellency
"The Governor of the State of Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico.
"Sir.

"I have the honor of addressing Your Excellency upon matters of great import and future significance to the people of this Territory and the citizens of the Republic of Mexico, especially that State of the Republic over which your Excellency is the Governor. It relates to the renewal of the great trade which once made its thoroughfare over the Territory of New Mexico via Santa Fé our capital and between two Sister Republics.

It is with pleasure that I am able to extend to the merchants of Mexico assurances of the same protection and encouragement which is now enjoyed by the merchants of this Territory, in a secure transit across the Territory of New Mexico.

"I cordially invite all your merchants to avail themselves of this route as a safe one (not a train across this plains has been robbed) and to renew the opening of the great trade which in former years passed through this country, and which it is now apparent is the best and safest route, especially as your people have no guaranty of protection from the guerrillas of of Texas.

"Every facility in their power will be furnished

1862 Continued.

October 21st the Government of the United States who are located at this place, for the procuring of Exchanges on St Louis and New York City, so as to preclude the necessity of the transportation of Specie over the Plains.

"I have also the pleasure to state that the Commandant of this Military Department concurs with me in the views herein expressed, and gives assurances of his coöperation, which is eminently encouraging to the renewal of trade by this channel and gratifying to all who desire to see Commercial relations ~~restored~~ again established between "Old" and "New" Mexico and between the Republics of Mexico and the United States across the Plains and mountains of our country.

"I have availed myself of the favorable opportunity afforded to me by eleven of our citizens and merchants, who are about to visit your State for purposes of trade, to forward to your Excellency this Communication and I will be happy at any time to hear from you in relation to the mutual interests of our respective countries.

"With the sincere hope that we may again see the long white trains of merchant wagons winding along the Rio Grande and that the shadows of War and Rebellion which darken our Republics at this day may be removed like the mists before the rising Sun, and that peace and prosperity may again be restored to our respective countries.

"I have the honor to be respectfully,
Your Excellency's Most Obedient Servant
(Signed) "W. F. M. Arny,
Acting Governor of New Mexico"

Oct. 24 The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned Augustin M. Hunt a Notary-public.

Oct. 25th The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned Theodore S Grimes a Notary-public for the county of Santa Fe

October 25th The Acting Governor this day addressed a letter to Brigadier General James H. Carleton commanding this Department, in reference to a campaign against the Navajos and to supplying with provisions the Utahs and Jicarilla Apaches.

Oct. 25th The Acting Governor this day received and replied to a letter from H. S. Johnson, Esq., in regard to an expedition to the Navajo Country — both letters being on file in this office

Oct.

1862.

October 31st The Acting Governor this day received a letter from Brigadier General Carleton in reply to his letter of the 25th inst. informing him that sixty head of beef cattle had been ordered to be delivered for the Utahs and Jicarillas Apaches

Nov. 1st The Acting Governor this day addressed a letter to Hon. William H. Seward Secretary of State, transmitting a copy of his letter to His Excellency the Governor of the State of Chihuahua Republic of Mexico also enclosing correspondence with Brigadier General J. H. Carleton, H. S. Johnson, Esq., and Captain J. C. Shaw, in relation to Indian depredations, etc.; and asking for authority to raise one or two regiments of Volunteers to make a campaign against the Indians.

☞ A copy of the [illegible] was sent by the express rider to the President of the United States.

1862

Nov. 10th The Acting Governor this day issued the following commission of Justice of the Peace to

Placido Romero, to be Justice of the Peace within and for the 1st Precinct of the County of Valencia, vice Manuel R. Otero resigned.

Nov. 14th The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned Tomas C. Gutierrez as District Attorney for the Third Judicial District of this Territory. To take effect from and after the nineteenth day of October, 1862

Nov 14th The Acting Governor this day granted the following pardons:

1 Julian Chavez, convicted of the Crime of allowing prisoners to escape from Jail, and sentenced on the twenty-second day of March 1861, by the First District Court, for the county of Sant. Miguel to the Prison for five years.

2 Francisco Quintana, convicted of the Crime of Murder, and sentenced on the fourteenth of September, 1858, by the First District Court, for the county of Santa Fe to the Prison for ten years.

Nov. 15th. The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned Jules L. Barbey, as First Lieutenant and Regimental Commissary, of the First Regiment of New Mexican Volunteers

Nov. 15th. The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned Lucian A. Bargie to be First Lieutenant in the First Regiment of New Mexican Volunteers to fill the vacancy occasioned by the dishonorable discharge of First L. Morris for the murder of Dr. James M. Whitlock. Said Commission to take effect from this date.

1862

November 17 The Acting Governor this day issued to the Judge of Probate of the County of San Miguel the following Proclamation:

" Whereas official information has been received at the Executive Office of this Territory of the murder of James M Whitlock Esq, representative from the County of San Miguel, elected for the ensuing Legislative Assembly of New Mexico. I, William F. M. Arny, Secretary and Acting Governor of New Mexico do therefore order: That an election for Representative to fill the vacancy occasioned by the murder of the said James M. Whitlock Esq., be held in the several precincts of the aforesaid county; on the twenty-ninth day of November proximo, 1862. And that the Probate Judge of said County issue his warrants of election therefor. According to the provisions of the 46th section of the Law of Elections, p. 296 of the Revised Code of this Territory.

" In Testimony Whereof I hereto set my hand and affix the Seal of the Territory of New Mexico.

{Seal} Done at the Executive Office in the Palace this seventeenth day November, 1862.

(Signed) " W. F. M. Arny,
" Secretary & Acting Governor of
" New Mexico "

Nov. 25th The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned Charles P. Ellerson to be First Lieutenant in the 1st Regiment of New Mexican Volunteers — to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Lieut. Nicolas Quintana on account of ill health. Said appointment to take effect from and after this date.

Dec 2d The Acting Governor this day delivered to both Houses of the the Territorial Legislature (which is in Session at Santa Fe) in Joint session, his Executive Message as follows:

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

You have convened under the Organic Act and Laws of this Territory to consult for the public good, and to fulfil faithfully and honorably the important trust confided to your care. The people of New Mexico have placed in your hands by their suffrages the important trust of enacting such laws for the protection of their rights and interests as the exigencies of the times and the circumstances by which we are surrounded demand. While performing this duty it devolves both upon the Legislative and Executive departments to make their actions conform with the Constitution of the United States and the Organic Law of Congress; by which the people of this Territory were taken under the protection of the Federal Government.

A painful infirmity with which His Excellency Governor Connelly has been afflicted for several years, compelled him to leave the Territory in order to obtain surgical aid which could not be procured here. In consequence of this necessary absence, the duties and responsibilities of the Executive Department of the Territory have devolved upon me, and in conformity with custom (if not also with law) I appear before you to-day in person to call your attention to the important subjects which will require your consideration and legislative action. In welcoming you to the seat of government, it affords me great pleasure to congratulate you upon the favorable circumstances under which you have assembled; especially so, when we take into consideration the fact, that during and after the last session of the Legislature our Territory was invaded by an enemy who, with their hostile regiments, rebels to the Government of the United States, threatened this Territory with ruin. They strove to cover the iniquity of their marauding inroad under the pretence that they were under the authority of a new Government they called "The Confederate States," but which in truth is nothing but a rebel organization, which aimed to destroy the free government under which we have lived and prospered, and to whose flag and protection our good faith, confidence, hopes and loyalty should ever be given. They came to enforce upon this Territory the abhorred system of African Slavery; for the extension of which this great rebellion has been inaugurated.

Through the timely aid of the Federal Government, the prompt response of the valiant soldiers from our sister Territory Colorado, the gallant little army from California under General Carleton, and of the native volunteers, the invaders have been driven from our soil. The Union forces have taken possession of El Paso and Fort Bliss, and detachments have been sent to Camp Quitman and Fort Davis, the latter being 200 miles east of El Paso. All the other posts in the North west of Texas have been evacuated. Fort Clark is from San Antonio, being the nearest Fort to E

by the Texans. This relief from the invaders of our soil and the general state of health which we are permitted to enjoy call upon us to be devoutly thankful to the author of all good for his merciful protection, and should incline us to render all the aid in our power for the restoration of peace to our unhappy country, and for the support of the general government against the rebels who are seeking to destroy the Union established on a Constitution which has incorporated in it the great principles of the Divine Government which never can be destroyed and hence gives us a full guaranty that Freedom and the Union will finally overcome a rebellion the most causeless that has ever occurred in the history of nations, the suppression of which demands the united and hearty coöperation of all loyal citizens.

During the last session of the Legislature Acts of with the following titles were passed which failed to become Laws in consequence of the absence of the Governor who left the capital during the session by the request of Col. Canby, the Military Commandant of this Department to aid in repelling the invasion of the Territory, viz:

1st. To provide for the payment of the Volunteer mounted forces who served under the command of Col. Manuel Chavez, in a campaign against the Navajo Indians in the autumn of 1860.

2d. To repress the vice of gambling.

3d. To increase the pay of Judges of Probate.

4th. To unite the 13th and 14th precincts of the county of San Miguel and to regulate the boundaries of the 9th and 11th precincts of said County.

5th. To proportion the fees of Sheriffs, Collectors of the different counties of this Territory.

6th. Providing for the prompt payment of the Territorial Taxes to the Treasury by the Collectors.

7th. Regulating the mode of Payment of the damages done by the various tribes of Indians who plunder the citizens of this Territory.

I here submit to your Honorable Body the acts just named for your consideration and action.

Herewith lay before you the Reports of the Auditor of Public Accounts and the Treasurer of the Territory, from which it appears that the amount received during the last fiscal year ending November 15th, 1862, is nine thousand six hundred and sixty-six dollars and fifty-one cents ($9,666.51), to which is to be added the money on hand at the end of last year $327.94 amounting in all to the sum of $9,994.45. The Territory was in debt at the close of the last fiscal year, ending November 15th, 1861, the sum of two thousand six hundred and thirty-two dollars and seventy five cents ($2,632.75). The expenditures during the past year amounted to eight thousand three hundred and seventy-eight dollars and thirty-four cents ($8,378.34) leaving a balance in the Territory Treasury of one thousand six hundred and thirty six dollars and eleven cents.

It is with great pleasure that I announce to you that, our Territory is entirely out of debt, and that the above amount $1,636 11 is on hand. This sum would have been much more but for the seizure from our Treasurer by Col. Scurry of the Texas rebels of $116.08, and by General Sibley from Lorenzo Montaño, collector of the County of Bernalillo of the sum of $275.20 these sums amounting to $391.28, are included in the account of disbursements by the Treasurer and I recommend that your Honorable Body approve of the same.

The Collectors for the counties of Taos, Mora, San Miguel, and Socorro have not paid their last four monthly collections, and the amounts due by them will therefore be included in the present fiscal year ending November 15th, 1863.

The county of Doña Ana has not paid a single dollar since April 1858. I have lately appointed officers for the organization of that county and I hope that they will attend to the collection of the revenue.

I would most respectfully recommend that measures be adopted to correct the abuses in the collection of the revenue, which are referred to in the report of the Auditor. A law prohibiting the granting of any license until the receipt of the collector for the money paid in is submitted to the Probate Judge would certainly increase the revenues of the Territory.

It is due to Santa Fe county that I should say that the greatest punctuality has been observed by the collecting officers in making their returns and paying over the public revenues, and it is with pleasure that I add that the expenses attending the District Court for the county of Santa Fe have been more than overbalanced by the fines imposed and collected at each term. The prompt action of the Courts and officers is very creditable to this County and worthy of imitation by the other counties of the Territory.

The permanent success of all free governments is dependent upon the intelligence of the people Hence the subject of paramount attention for all Legislative bodies is General Education, the importance of which should be evident to every lover of his country, and yet I fear that the majority of mankind are entirely ignorant of what constitutes an Education, of its elements, or the primary principles which enter into its constitution. You will please indulge me, while I express a few thoughts upon the primary and proper signification of the term General Education, and endeavor to show the obligation which rests upon every one, not only to receive an education himself, but also to endeavor to enable others to enjoy the same privilege and means of happiness; and, moreover, to show the advantages arising to every State and Territory from a general diffusion of Knowledge and a proper system of instruction.

By the term Education is generally meant, rather a development of the intellectual powers of the mind than a full development of the man — in the latter we take the term — which is evidently implied by the primary signification Word from E and duco to lead or draw out the powers of the mind and energies of the man, to develop the entire man, to pay strict regard to powers, which have been given to him to be used, and ought be exercised and cultivated in order to the

I know there is a vulgar prejudice against such a calling, and against Labor in general, but it is truly a vulgar one. The noblest powers and the noblest men in all ages have given their suffrages in its favor. Kings and Emperors, Philosophers and Warriors, Senators and Statesmen, all have paid homage to its interests, and lent their patronage, power, and wisdom to push forward its progress. We have only to look back upon the history of agriculture to see that it has not only been the best, the wisest and most honorable men that in all ages have been the prime movers in its advancement, but also that it has been a great aid to almost all real civilization and substantial national improvement. It would seem to be a work of supererogation to discuss as a controverted question the great importance of agricultural and pastoral pursuits to a people like ours, and indeed I do not feel justified on this occasion to enter into that detail of facts and argument which could be arrayed in its favor, and which would make the balance sheet show in dollars and cents the enormous net profits that a judicious system of the culture of the soil and improvement of the sheep, horses and cattle of this country would annually pour into the pockets of our people.

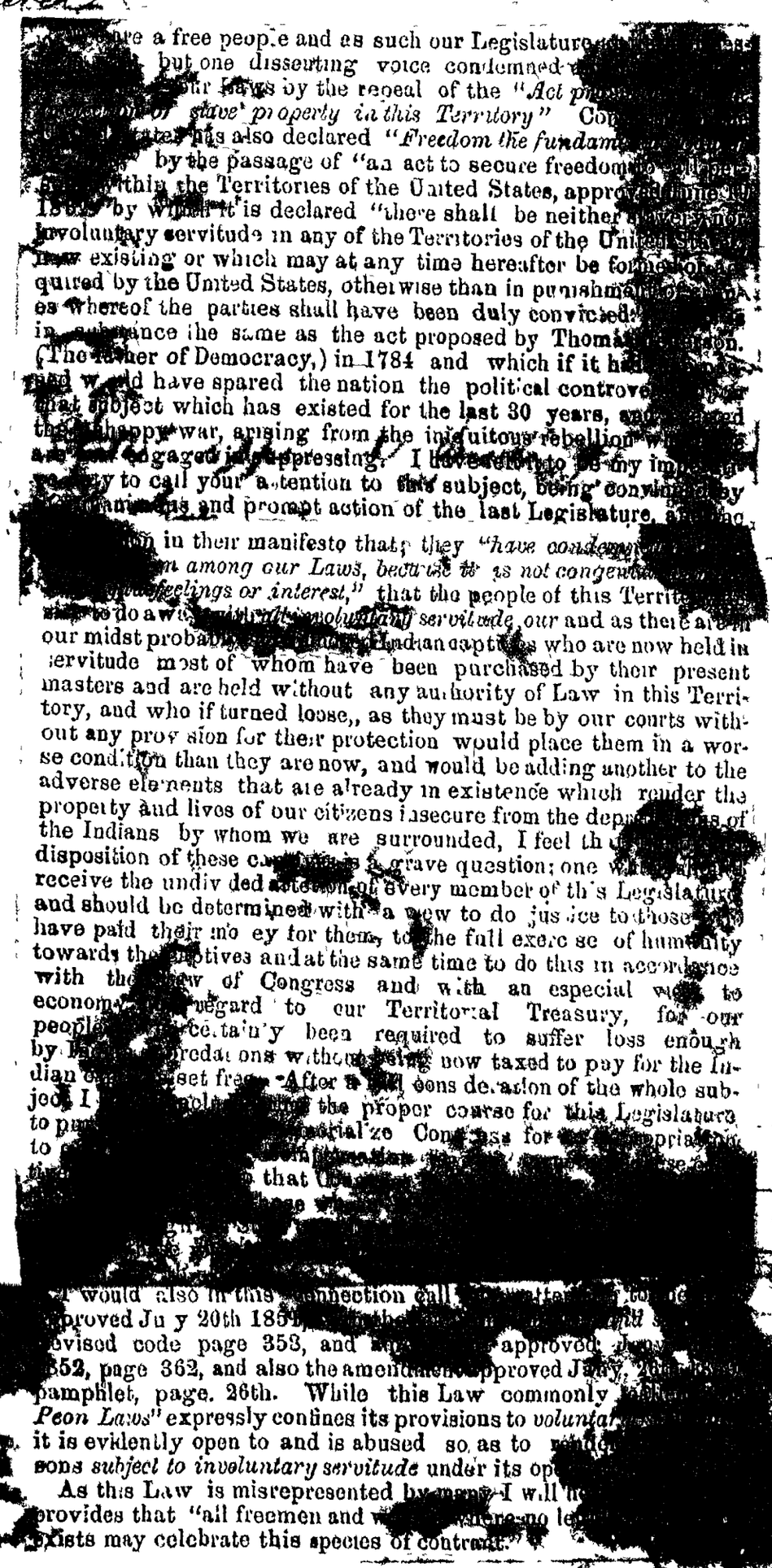
Congress became so fully convinced of the importance of Industrial education that at their last session they passed an Act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts," which was approved by the President, July 2d 1862.

The Territory of New Mexico by this act will be entitled to thirty thousand acres of land. It also provides that the Legislature shall express its acceptance thereof within two years from the date of its approval by the President. I would therefore most respectfully call your attention to the propriety of enacting a law by which an Industrial College shall be established at Santa Fe "where" (as is expressed in the 4th section of the act of Congress) "the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life."

And also to amend the "act providing means for the education of children" approved Jan. 27, 1869, so as to create the office of Territorial Superintendent of Schools, to be appointed biennially by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Territorial Council, with sufficient powers and compensation to enable him to visit every county in the Territory and provide schools for the education of the children. And I would further suggest to your Honorable Body to memorialize the Congress of the United States to grant to this Territory in lieu of the ~~lands~~ donated for an Industrial College the sum of thirty thousand dollars in money, and in lieu of the sixteenth and thirty sixth sections for common schools purposes, one hundred thousand dollars to be invested in good securities, and the interest to be appropriated annually for the purposes specified. As you are well acquainted

with the fact that nearly all the land of any value in the settled portion of this Territory are already in the possession of private persons, and that a grant of land here would hence for years be of little or no value, you will see the propriety of urging this change upon the attention of Congress to make it at once available.

We are a free people, and as such our Legislature at its last session with but one dissenting voice condemned and put slavery from among our laws by the repeal of the "Act providing for the protection of slave property in this Territory." Congress of the United States has also declared "Freedom the fundamental Law of the Land," by the passage of "an act to secure freedom to all persons within the territories of the United States" approved June 19, 1862 by which it is declared "There shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in any of the territories of the United States now existing or which may hereafter be formed or acquired by the United States, otherwise than in punishment of crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted."



[illegible] are a free people and as such our Legislature [illegible] but one dissenting voice condemned [illegible] our laws by the repeal of the "*Act p*[illegible] *slave' property in this Territory*" Co[illegible] States has also declared "*Freedom the fundam*[illegible] by the passage of "an act to secure freedom [illegible] within the Territories of the United States, approved June [illegible] 1862 by which it is declared "there shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in any of the Territories of the United States now existing or which may at any time hereafter be formed or acquired by the United States, otherwise than in punishment of crime, whereof the parties shall have been duly convicted." [illegible] in substance the same as the act proposed by Thomas Jefferson, (The father of Democracy,) in 1784 and which if it had [illegible] would have spared the nation the political controve[illegible] on that subject which has existed for the last 30 years, and [illegible] the unhappy war, arising from the iniquitous rebellion w[illegible] are now engaged in suppressing. I have felt to be my im[illegible] duty to call your attention to this subject, being convinced by [illegible] and prompt action of the last Legislature, [illegible] in their manifesto that they "*have condemned* [illegible] *among our Laws, because it is not congenial* [illegible] *feelings or interest,*" that the people of this Territory [illegible] to do away with involuntary servitude, our and as there are in our midst probably [illegible] Indian captives who are now held in servitude most of whom have been purchased by their present masters and are held without any authority of Law in this Territory, and who if turned loose,, as they must be by our courts without any provision for their protection would place them in a worse condition than they are now, and would be adding another to the adverse elements that are already in existence which render the property and lives of our citizens insecure from the depredations of the Indians by whom we are surrounded, I feel th[illegible] disposition of these c[illegible] is a grave question; one w[illegible] receive the undivided attention of every member of this Legislature and should be determined with a view to do justice to those who have paid their money for them, to the full exercise of humanity towards the captives and at the same time to do this in accordance with the law of Congress and with an especial view to economy in regard to our Territorial Treasury, for our people have certainly been required to suffer loss enough by Indian depredations without being now taxed to pay for the Indian [illegible] set free. After a full consideration of the whole subject, I [illegible] the proper course for this Legislature to pe[illegible] memorialize Congress for [illegible] appropriation to [illegible] that [illegible]

[illegible] would also in this connection call [illegible] approved July 20th 185[illegible] revised code page 353, and [illegible] approved [illegible] 352, page 362, and also the amendment approved July, [illegible] pamphlet, page. 26th. While this Law commonly [illegible] *Peon Laws*" expressly confines its provisions to *volunta*[illegible] it is evidently open to and is abused so as to render [illegible] sons *subject to involuntary servitude* under its op[illegible]

As this Law is misrepresented by many I will [illegible] provides that "all freemen and [illegible] there no le[illegible] exists may celebrate this species of contract.

[illegible] and the pay."

[illegible] the serv.ce of the servant becomes bound to his [illegible] indebtedness founded upon an advancement made in consideration of services."

"That the servant cannot leave his master during the time embraced in the contract unless he shall prove some one of two causes to exist, mentioned in the statute, or shall obtain his master's consent or shall also pay what he owes him."

"That no court of this Territory shall have jurisdiction, nor shall take cognizance of any cause for the correction that masters may give their servants for neglect of their duties as servants, for they are considered as domestic servants to their masters, and they should correct their neglects and faults etc."

"If the servant is a parent and dies the children are not compelled to serve in his stead."

"That the contract may be entered into before Probate Judges or Justices of the Peace who shall authenticate, or attest the same, as they also may, accounts between the parties.

"A Peon" "or servant loses none of his rights as a citizen by contracting with a master to serve him. He is under no political disqualifications."

"He may vote at all elections, and if otherwise legally qualified, his servitude does not render him under this Law inel'igible to the offices of the Precinct, County, the Legislature and Delegate in Congress."

Such are some of the features which the "Peon system," (as commonly called) presents in this Law. While the Law expressly confines its provisions to *voluntary servitude*, it is evidently open to, and is abused so as to render many persons under it subject to *oppresive servitude*; I would respectfully commend to the consideration of your Honorable Body the able decision of the Supreme Court of this Territory in the case of Mariano Jaramillo, vs Jose de la Luz Romero delivered by the Hon. Chief Justice, Kirby Benedict, in which this Law is fully discussed, and, but for its length I would now with pleasure read it to you.

I would recommend that this Law be so amended as to conform to the old Spanish and Mexican Law and also to the Kearney Code in all of which *"the same course of proceeding was left a master to collect his debt from his servant or Peon as in the ordinary way from any other debtor."*

Congress at its last session made the usual appropriation of *Twenty thousand dollars* for the pay and contingent expenses of this Legislature etc. with the *Proviso* that *Five thousand dollars*, or so much thereof as may be necessary shall be used to revise and print the laws of New Mexico." This will leave *only fifteen thousand dollars* "for compensation and mileage of the members of the Legislative Assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly etc." and will render it necessary *to exercise the strictest economy in our expenditures.*

In conformity with the Law authorizing the revisal and publication of the Laws, The Hon. Chief Justice Kirby Benedict, Facundo Pino, Esq. and Charles P Clever, Esq. have been appointed the commissioners, they are now engaged in this important work and as the Law requires them to report to the Legislature I would recommend that you appoint *a Joint Committee* on the revisal and codification of the Laws, to confer with the commissioners so that the work can be fully completed before the adjournment of the Legislature and placed in the hands of the Secretary of the Territory to be printed during the coming summer More than half the officers of the Territory are without copies of the Laws, and for want of print, prompt and careful action is therefore necessary, so as to [illegible] collect and furnish [illegible] the shortest period.

I regret exceedingly to be compelled to call your attention to the fact that since the adjournment of the last Legislature our citizens have suffered much from the depredations committed by the Indians, several valuable lives have been lost and a large amount of property stolen notwithstanding the efforts, made by the United States troops stationed in our Territory, assisted by our citizens to prevent such occurrences, the svage tribes encouraged by the rebel invaders of our soil made their depredations so frequent, and the prospect for the future became so alarming as to induce his Excellency Governor Connelly on the 14th of Sept. last to issue his proclamation calling upon the militia, to organize and be ready to March on the 15th of October to the Navajo country, every thing in the power of the Executive to get up an effective campaign against these savage robbers has been done but, I am sorry to be compelled to say that there has been a disposition manifested by a portion of the militia to disobey the call to assist in protecting the lives and property of the community.

It sometimes occurs that the militia are called upon to render service, at times when many cannot leave their homes without inconvenience and great sacrifice, and as the militia Law of this Territory makes no provision by which the Governor can be supplied with the means for their equipment and subsistance, I deemed it proper to apply to the Secretary of War for authority to raise two Regiments of volunteers to continue in service during the war, unless discharged before, and to be used for campaigns against the Indians. The reasons for this application are obvious. If volunteers are called for, such men will enter the service as can leave their homes conveniently, and having entered the service of their country cheerfully and of their own accord, they will make

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Several applications have been made to me under the "Act amendatory of the Militia Law of this Territory approved Jany. 9th 1860 pamphlet page, and sections 38 39 and 40 of the Militia Law revised Code page 380, and I have invariably refused to grant the commissions because the provisions of the Law were not complied with; no roll of the men was furnished to me in accordance with the requirement of the law

I would respectfully call the attention of this Legislature to the sections and amendment of the Militia Law just referred to, and urge upon you the propriety of their amendment so that they will be in conformity with the Laws of the United States. The Law provides that any person who can raise a force of not less than 200 men nor more than 225 men desiring to make a campaign against any tribe of Indians at war with this Territory may do so, under the provisions and restrictions specified in the 38th section of the Militia Law The Law grants to the persons engaged in campaigns against the Indians *the spoils that may be taken,* and thus proposed *to dispose of property captured in war* which to my mind is a right which belongs alone to the General Government, and cannot be properly exercised by any other power. The Government of the United States has reserved to itself the exclusive right to regulate all the Indian affairs within the Territories thereof. Hence it is evidently illegal for a Territorial Legislature to enact a Law which authorizes a policy to be pursued towards the Indians of the Territory that may be at variance with that which the General Government may desire to carry out. It is true that the policy authorized by the Territorial Law is that which has been pursued from the settlement of this Country by Don Juan Oñate in the year 1595 to the present day, a period of 267 years. The inhabitants of this Territory, and the neighboring tribes of Indians have mutually plundered each other, and each has reaped the bitter fruits of this barbarous policy, a policy which in my opinion will ever render the lives and property of our citizens insecure—Instead of short and predatory campaigns, I am fully convinced that we must have military Posts established in the heart of the country occupied by the Indians, similar to the Post just established by Brig. Gen. Carleton at THE BOSQUE REDONDO, on the Pecos River to be known as FORT SUMNER, which while it will afford protection to people who, this winter may be anxious to open farms along the rich valley of the Pecos, it will also offer like protection to those who may wish to move their flocks and herds to the extensive grazing lands that lie between Anton Chico and that point, a distance along the river of some ninety miles. At the same time it does this, it will be a barrier to the incursions of the Kiowa and Comanche Indians, and will intercept the northern raids of the Mescalero Apaches.

We must have sufficient force not for a month or two *but for a year or two* to entirely subdue the Indians making at all times a distinction between those who are friendly and willing to labor and those who are in hostility against the government. I am in favor of treating Indians kindly when they behave well, and punishing them severely when they misbehave; the mode of punishment is very apparent and at no great cost or trouble if the right way is adopted. Whenever any portion of our citizens shall be legally called into service for campaigns against the Indians they will be entitled to receive pay for their services out of the Treasury of the United States, and need not resort to plunder for compensation.

Several tribes of the Indians of New Mexico, have for many years claimed the right to roam where the pleased in the Territories of Colorado and New Mexico and they have exercised this *claimed* right which has resulted in various depredations and much loss of life and property, I have personlly been with these Indians in their Lodges and camps in their mountain retreats, I have conversed with them and after obtaining from them their views and maturely considering their history and the policy of Spain. Mexico and the United States towards them, I have become fully convinced that Treaties should be made as soon as possible with all the Indian tribes of New Mexico and Colorado requiring each tribe to cultivate peaceful relations with all other Indians and binding them to cease hostilities with all tribes who are at peace with the government of the United States. The Indians of New Mexico who are hostile *should be effectualy conquered,* which I trust will be done, by our troops ere long and Treaties should then be made with all the tribes of New Mexico to obtain from them the relinquishment of the right THEY CLAIM to roam where they please in this Territory That in consideration of this *claimed right* they should receive a certain specified tract of Land as their Reservation, the boundaries of which should be fully defined, the Indians to be required to remain on it, and all other persons excluded therefrom except when permitted by the agent. The United States should give the Indians a reasonable compensation for the relinquishment of *this claimed right* in annual payments for a term of years, NOT PAYABLE IN MONEY but in such articles of clothing provisions and farming implements as would be necessary for their comfort and enable them to cultivate the soil. A Carpenter, Farmer and Blacksmith should be employed for each tribe to assist them in the erection

of houses, the cultivation of the soil and the repairs of farming implements. An Industrial school should be established on each Reservation and in the Treaty it should be specified that *all children between eight and sixteen years of age should be placed in the charge of the agent to be educated*, the government agreeing that during that period they shall be clothed and fed, and that the children during that time shall be required to labor at least two hours per day under the direction of the agent. The children being thus made the charge of the agents would be hostages for the good behaviour of the adults. The Indians of New Mexico are at this day as uncivilized as when the government of the United States first took them in charge, and it is my opinion that they will remain in the same state until they are settled or Reservations and *compelled to cultivate the soil for their maintenance*, and allow their children to be educated mentally morally and physically, this alone I think will save them and place this country in a condition for the developement of its Pastoral agricultural and mineral resources, and save the citizens from the constant degradations of the Indians all of which in a few years would pay the general government more than the outlay necessary, and without it I am convinced that they will continue to sink deeper into depredation so long as a generous government or their practice of begging and stealing will afford them a means of substance. I am convinced that the Indians should be thus placed on Reservations and be compelled to remain on them as a matter of economy to the government and also a benefit in every way to all parties interested and could I reach the ear of each and every member of the U. S. Congress I would beseech them for the sake of humanity to enact as speedily as possible a Law providing in this way for the protection of the citizens of New Mexico, this you can and I trust will do by a memorial.

At the last session of the Legislature an act was passed providing "for making reports of Indian depredations crimes and misdemeanors" The Secretary of the Territory is required to furnish the several Probate Judges with blanks for the reports. The present Secretary of the Territory during the month of September last sent to the Probate Judges of each County, for each Justice of the Peace in the County, a copy of the Law, and the necessary blanks for the reports, but owing to the short period of time which has elapsed full reports have not been received. As soon as they come to hand, I will submit them to your honorable Bodies in form as required by the Law.

During the last session of Congress the intercourse Law approved June 30th 1834 was amended so as to prohibit the traffic in intoxicating drinks with all Indians, and they enacted the penalty of "imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years and a fine of not more than three hundred dollars," against "any person who shall sell, exchange give barter or dispose of any spirituous liquor or wine to any Indian under the charge of any Indian Superintendent or Indian agent appointed by the United States." This includes all the Indians of New Mexico without any exception. The Law of this Territory approved January 10th 1853 page 328 Revised Code, making it a penalty to sell liquor to Indians is a good one with the exception of the proviso in the First Section:

"That Pueblo Indians that live among us, are not included in the word Indians."

[illegible] recommend that this Proviso be repealed, because it nullifies the operation of the Law, as other Indians furnish the means to the Pueblos to buy liquor, they get drunk together and constant disturbances are the result, and also because it is in conflict with the Law of the United States which makes no distinction whatever.

In connection with the subject of Indian affairs in general I desire to call your attention to the provisions of Law touching that subject so far as it relates to the losses of the people, growing out of the deprepations of the Indians upon their property. New Mexico is a pastoral Country unsurpassed in the United States for the rearing of stock with but little expense and in great abundance, the climate, the nature of the country, and the abundance of nutritious grasses throughout the year fits this country peculiarly for the rearing of sheep and cattle with no expense but that of a few herders, to look after them, as they are never fed or housed at any season of the year. But unfortunately for the prosperity of our people the numerous bands of Indians within and bordering on New Mexico, have never been collected together, nor subjected to the restrants of civilized life, numbering over *forty thousand* and having been trained from generation to generation to steal and plunder whenever necessity or opportunity gave them an excuse for so doing, it is not strange or wonderful that many outrages have been committed and much valuable property plundered from our people annually, nor is it strange that you should ask earnestly and often, is this never to cease? And the innocent and helpless sufferers, never to receive any indemnification for the losses they have sustained? In 1846 when General Kearney took possession of New Mexico in his proclamation to the people he promised upon the part of the United States protection against such losses. The Law [illegible] and common sense teaches us that when the people sur[illegible] their allegiance and in all things conform to [illegible] Law that protection of life and property [illegible] government in the fullest degree for [illegible] are not attained. It

to the injured and oppressed is the strongest and most enduring tie of affection between the people and the nation. It was with the purpose of providing a speedy remedy for such losses that the 17th section of the Indian Intercourse act of the 30th of June 1834 was passed. That Section provides for the payment of depredations committed by Indians having annuities, and if the Indians have no annuities out of the Treasury of the United States. As the Indians of New Mexico are without annuities it has resulted that no payment could be made until Congress made an appropriation for that purpose, and as Congress has omitted and failed to make the appropriation, it results that the loss of the people goes on from year to year increasing, and the people are deluded with the hollow promise of indemnification contained in the Law, thus made abortive by the omission to appropriate the money required to pay these claims. Every Governor of New Mexico, every Supt of Indian affairs of this Territory, every Commissioner of Indian affairs for the last ten years has recommended the investigation and settlement of these claims. Upon the recommendation of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and the Secretary of the Interior a bill has been reported by the Committee on Indian Affairs of the House of Representatives and is now pending for the appointment of a Commission to investigate and report upon the claims referred to, I recommend in view of these facts that you at an early day again earnestly memorialize Congress to pass that bill, or to make appropriations to be placed in the hands of the Secretary of the Interior of a sum sufficient to pay such of those claims as may be satisfactorily proven to be just, and legal. If the Indians are permitted to continue their depredations without restraint they will have an increase only limited by their capacity for plunder and the productive industry of the people. A deep sympathy with you for your losses, and an abiding conviction that the faith and honor of a great nation are involved in providing for "an eventual indemification" has induced me to say this much on this topic.

The subject of a good sound currency in our country is one which has occupied the attention of statesmen and financiers ever since the existence of the Union, and especially has it required the consideration of the present able Secretary of the Treasury and the Congress of the United States, and has resulted in the authority to issue Treasury Notes of various denominations from one dollar up to one thousand dollars which have been made *"a legal tender"* and are therefore as good as the credit of the United States, which no loyal citizen will for a single moment call in question. That there should be no trouble in regard to small change so as to facilitate business transactions a Law was passed and approved July 17th 1862 authorizing the Secretary of the Treasurey tofurnish to the assistant treasurers and such designated Depositaries of the United States as may be by him selected," stamps of small denominations, and in order to remedy the evil under which all classes of our community are laboring (from the poor boy who owns but one burro with which he brings wood to town up to the wealthest citizen.) Application has been made to the Treasury Dept. at Washington to furnish a sufficient quantity of notes and stamps of small denominations to the U. S. Depositary whom the Secretary of the Treasury has established in Santa Fé so as to supply the demand for change and prevent the extortions and inconveniences which are now frequently incurred. The notes and stamps will ere long be in circulation here. In the meantime individuals have taken upon themselves to supply the demand for change by the issue of small notes and checks which may be good or not as the case may be, in some instances I know they have been issued in violation of Law and the losses have generally fallen upon the poorer classes of the community.

Congress has now made it a penal offence to issue any "note check memorandum token or other obligation for a less sum than one dollar intended to circulate as money, or to be received or used as lawful money of the United States." As Congress also has authorized and caused to be circulated notes from one dollar up to one thousand dollars there is now no necessity for individuals to make issues of notes. I would therefore recommend the enactment of a law prohibiting the circulation in this Territory of small notes from other States and Territories, and also prohibiting the issue of any notes or checks as a circulating medium by any person in this Territory in order to prevent irresponsible parties from issuing notes as money, and for the purpose of giving full credit and circulation to the money of the Government of the United States.

[illegible] special attention to the present condition of the Li[illegible] which [illegible] this Territory all of which for want of a proper pro[illegible] preservation and a person to take charge of them are [illegible] ruction, this should not be as there are books and man[illegible] some of which furnish probably the only history extant of this Territory while in the possession of Spain and old Mexico, and contain Laws and Decrees, of those time which are valuable and should be preserved; For some years there has been no Librarian on account of the small amount of compensation (one hundred dollars per annum.) I would recommend that the Law be amended so as to increase the salary to an amount sufficient to justify the acceptance of the office by a competent person, and that an appropriation be also made to fit up the rooms with shelves sufficient, so that the Books can be cleaned classified and a catalogue made of them.

The dilapidated condition of the Palace in which the Halls of your respective bodies are will daily be before you and will suggest the propriety of an earnest appeal to Congress to provide means for the completion of the Capitol building whose unfinished walls stand in sight, or an appropriation for the repairs of the Palace and the erection of rooms for the accommodation of the Legislature and civil officers of the government.

I would most respectfully call your attention to that portion of this Territory called Arizona in which is included the county of Doña Ana. This county comprises within its limits a Territory of about seven hundred miles in length and one hundred miles in width with a population of about 6000 whites 21 colored persons and 4000 Indians. In it is to be found that portion of the Territory lying in the region of the recent gold discoveries A number of our citizens and emigrants from the States have already located there. A party of miners under the celebrated mountaineer Capt. Joseph R, Walker, left here last week to thoroughly explore the Gila country. From the latest and best information I have been able to abtain from this new Eldorado a very extensive emigration (probably enough to double the present population) must be expected during the coming sea-

son from California following in the wake of the successful expedition of Brig. Gen. Carleton who has stationed his troops in such a manner as to secure the protection of the miners. Owing to causes which I deem unnecessary to mention here there has not been an election in that portion of our Territory for the last three years, and hence there have been no civil officers and no courts held in that part of the Third Judicial District. My attention was called to the importance of the organization of that country, and in conformity with the Law approved Jany 23 1861 I forwarded on the 20th of October commissions for Probate Judge and sheriff, the officers necessary for the civil organization of the county. This county you are award includes within its boundaries gold fields, silver, copper and Lead mines which could be made as productive and valuable as any upon this continent. What additional legislation may be necessary for the protection of its citizens and to regulate their intercourse it will be your duty to determine.

I might here suggest that a memorial to the Postmaster general asking for mail service from the States to some point within the Gold fields of New Mexico, and thence to California might not be inappropriate but of great importance. This subject was considered of so much interest to the whole country that last winter Gen. George Wright commanding the Department of the Pacific submitted to the General in Chief a proposition to have the Southern overland mail route opened by volunteers from California, and to have certain Forts in New Mexico then held by the Rebels occupied by our troops. General McClellan acceded to this and Brig. Gen. Carleton was directed to organize [illegible] expedition from California across the great desert to the Rio Grande, to give practical effect to the proposition. This duty was ably performed and we have now in our midst this distinguished officer with his brave Command, and loyal troops from California now occupy Mesilla, and Tucson Arizona, and Gen. Carleton has very wisely established a military Post in the Apache Pass which commands the spring with a garrison of sufficient force to keep the Indians from the water and thus make them abandon the locality. This Pass is on the great thoroughfare to California and has to be gone through by all persons traveling by the southern route in consequence of the water which is to be had in it. The Indians understood this and they have for several years been in the habit of committing murders, and robberies in that vicinity upon travelers. The Cañon or Pass is about four miles long, and the mountains on either side are precipitous and high which enables the savages to conceal themselves and make their attacks from above and under covert, upon no consideration will the Indians in future be permitted to occu-

by the place. Had a military Post been established here long ago there would have been no interruption at this point to the transportation of the mail by Butterfield [illegible] would have been saved and the Apaches would have [illegible] ought lesson which they are now beginning to learn from our troops, located there, which will make them have a greater respect for the authority of our Government. There is also in successful operation a chain of videttes from [illegible] to Los Angeles in California. One great object had in view in this movement was to give the Post Office Department an opportunity to remove the Overland Mail from its present route where in the Sierra Nevada and eastward for [illegible] range of mountains to Salt Lake for months in the year the mail [illegible] by snows, and the Indians West of Salt Lake and the [illegible] and Kansas are more hostile and offer greater risk [illegible] safety of [illegible] by that route than are offered by any Indians on the route through New Mexico.

If the daily mail should run from St. Joseph Mo. Atchison or Leavenworth Kansas and thence by way of Topeka the Capital of Kansas and Santa Fe the Capital of New Mexico, it would furnish mails from Fort Leavenworth to Fort Leavenworth [illegible] Fort Union and to this place and save an enormous annual expence [illegible] Military Department now incurred by the Military Express which is of [illegible] accommodation to citizens. From Santa Fé it should go down the Rio Grande to Mesilla, and thence over the Southern overland mail route to Los Angeles California it would have little or no obstruction by Indians, would absorb the present mail to New Mexico, would afford a daily mail to this Territory—would absorb the present mail from Los Angeles to San Francisco and furnish that portion of California with a daily mail. It would run through a country where in winter there are no obstructions by snow and over which it ran in other years almost invariably inside of schedule time. The commercial relations existing between the Pacific Coast and the Atlantic States demand a daily reliable mail to be transported with speed and safety, this can only be obtained by an overland mail on the route which I have just indicated No human effort can stop the snows from blocking the roads west of Salt Lake and through the Sierra Nevada, and no argument can show that this route through Santa Fe is not safe and practicable.

In this connection I would also call your attention to the importance of the adoption of such measures as you may deem in your wisdom necessary for the encouragement of trade by this route from the Eastern States of the Union to the Northern States of the Republic of the Mexico, this great trade over our Territory has for a number of years been suspended. The Blockade of the Texas ports by the United States, and of the Mexican ports by the French government has closed all means of egress to the east for northern Mexico except that which is offered through New Mexico, hence on the 21th of October I addressed a letter to his Excellency the Governor of Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico, which I availed myself of the opportunity to send by one of the companies of merchants and traders who left here with trains loaded with merchandise. In which letter I extendend to the merchants of Mexico assurances of the same protection and encouragements which are now enjoyed by the merchants of this Tersitory in a secure transit across New Mexico, and invited them to avail themselves of this route as a safe one, and to renew the opening of the great trade which in former years passed through this country; you will remember the long white trains which in days passed traveled through your city and wended their way down the Rio Grande, bound for the northern states of our sister Republic, and you will appreciate the great advantage to the western states of this Union and the nothern portion of Mexico from a renewal of trade by this channel. Upon many of the subjects to which I have deemed it my duty to call your attention you have no power to legislate but which are notwithstanding of vital importance to the Territory, they are subjects which belong exclusively to the powers and duties of the Federal Government and to which we must appeal for relief or redress. Such subjects have been commited into the hands of the Hon. John S. Watts, our worthy Delegate in Congress, but who however able and zealous he may be will be greatly aided by memorials from this Honorable Legislature.

The husbandman has drawn wealth during the past year from the cultivation of our fertile vallies, those engaged in Pastoral pursuits have realized profits in spite of the savage despoilers of the flocks and herds. But this wealth of the soil and mountain pastures sinks into insignificance when contrasted with that wealth which is hidden beneath it; those vast stores of minerals which underlie a greater portion of this Territory; the most superficial investigations prove the existence of gold, silver copper, lead, iron and coal in abundance which should elicit from Congress an appropriation to defray the expenses of a geological survey of New Mexico, which would greatly aid in revealing the untold mineral wealth of this country, and would aid the many citizens who are engaged in the Western portion of New Mexico in the pursuit of gold, and give full credence to the well authenticated reports from the Gila country that a new Eldorado has been opened in our midst which must give an impetus to every branch of industry and make this a great commercial throughfare standing as we do midway between the Atlantic and Pacific where the wealth and commerce of both oceans shall pay tribute to our people, the advancement of this country is inevitable, with an industrious interprising and intelligent population who can portray the fulness and prosperity of that splendid destiny which is in reserve for New Mexico.

There are many other subjects to which my time will not permit [illegible] your attention, which, however, will demand your consideration [illegible] the present [illegible] In conclusion, I beg leave to say it will afford me the greatest pleasure [illegible] with you in whatever will conduce to the public welfare.

1862.

Dec. 13. Charles Williams, Representative of the County of Mora, this day resigned his seat in the Legislative Assembly.

Dec. 15 The Acting Governor this day approved and signed the following Acts: viz:

1 1. An Act, to repeal an act approved January 20th, 1860, creating an additional precinct in the county of Rio Arriba.

2 2. An Act Legitimating the Children born of Salvador Armijo and Maria Nieves Sanracino, residents of the County of Bernalillo in the Territory of New Mexico.

Dec. 17. The Acting-Governor this day approved and signed the following Joint Resolution
"Commemorative of the late O. P. Hovey, deceased"

Dec. 19. The Acting Governor this day approved and signed the following Joint Resolution:
"Asking the promotion of Captain A. F. Garrison."

1863
January 2d The Acting-Governor ~~this day signed~~ the following Proclamation of Reward:

[illegible]
[illegible] the C[illegible]
[illegible] go[illegible]
these p[illegible] immedi[illegible]-
hended and brought to justice: Therefore,

I, WILLIAM F. M. ARNY, by the authority vested in me as Acting Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, do offer the following rewards for the apprehension of either of the persons above named:—

For Philip Morris, if apprehended in New Mexico or Colorado, $100; and if beyond the limits of these Territories, $250. For Estevan Aguilar, if [illegible] in New Mexico or Colorado, $50; [illegible] beyond the limits of these Territories, $100. For James Damsey and Miguel Conrad, $25 each.

Description.

Philip Morris is a slim, raw-boned man, aged forty years, but looks much younger, is about six feet high, gray eyes, and sandy hair and whiskers, and the third finger of the left hand cut off at first joint; has a cross tattooed on the left wrist; wore a military suit.

Estevan Aguilar is twenty-two years old, five feet six inches high, has dark skin, black eyes and hair, and thin beard; is stout-built, full-faced, and has regular, good-looking features, and is a native of New Mexico, and does not speak English. He wore a large cape of a military overcoat over his shoulders, and a military suit throughout.

James Damsey is six feet high, has light hair, red beard, and scar on right cheek.

Miguel Conrad is about five feet three inches high, sandy hair and light complexion.

The abovenamed rewards will be paid upon the delivery of any of these persons—Estevan Aguilar and Philip Morris to the United States Marshal for the Territory of New Mexico, and James Damsey and Miguel Conrad to the Sheriff of the county of Santa Fé, at such places as the said Marshal and Sheriff are willing to receive them.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Territory of New Mexico, at the Executive Office in the City of Santa Fé, Territory of New Mexico, this second day of January, A. D. 1863.

[L. S.]

W. F. M. ARNY,
Acting Governor of New Mexico.

[illegible]
[illegible] A[illegible] W. D.
[illegible]
cellen[illegible] he Gov[illegible]
and d[illegible]

1863.

January 3d. The Acting Governor this day, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council appointed and commissioned Miguel E. Pino, Auditor of Public Accounts, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Demetrio Perez; said appointment to take effect until the 1st of January, 1864.

INDEXED

January 3d. The Acting Governor this day approved the Joint Resolution entitled: "Concerning the Special term at Albuquerque, of the District Court."

January 5th. The Secretary of the Territory this day submitted the following Report to the Legislative Assembly:

[illegible] summary of the [illegible] of the Territory [illegible] the year, of Indian depredations comm[illegible] Territory up to December 31st, 1[illegible]

[illegible]MARY.

Bernalillo, [illegible] wounded, 2 captives, 194 ho[illegible] 563 sheep, [illegible] goats, 20 burros, 28 other animals, [illegible] mules,	$139,484 00
V[illegible] killed, 9 wounded, 3 captives, 37 horses, 568 cattle, 21,389 sheep, 36 goats, 29 burros, 41 mules,	61,822 00
Santa Ana, 30 horses, 24 cattle, 2657 sheep, 19 burros,	10,542 17
Socorro, 7 killed, 6 wounded, 4 horses, 339 cattle, 28 mules, 2 rifles, 3 pistols, teamsters' clothing, 18 sets of harness, and 2 wagon loads of military clothing.	13,518 00
Taos, 24 horses, 70 cattle, 232 sheep, 7 goats, 1 mule,	3,650 75
San Miguel, 9 killed, 4 wounded, 1 captive, 30 horses, 105 cattle, 928 sheep, 126 goats,	5,938 00
Mora, 16 horses, 1 mules,	1,701 00
Rio Arriba, 3 killed, 1 wounded, 81 horses, 101 cattle, 40 sheep, 215 goats, 3 burros, 4 colts, 22 mules,	10,371 25
8 Counties, 40 killed, 23 wounded, 6 captives, 419 horses, 1663 cattle, 30,729 sheep, 974 goats, 71 burros, 32 other animals, 140 mules,—	
Total value,	$247,026 17

A full report of the above, with the names of owners, &c., is on file in the Office of the Secretary of the Territory, and is open for the inspection of any citizen who may desire to examine them

The depredations reported are charged principally to the Navajoes and Apaches.

I would most respectfully call the attention of your Honorable Body to the 4th section of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for making reports of Indian depredations, crimes and misdemeanors," approved Jan. 30, 1862

In that section, the Secretary of the Territory is required to furnish the several Probate Judges blanks for reports required to be made by the Act, but no provision is made to pay for the paper and printing of those blanks, I would therefore most respectfully suggest that, as this is a matter of great interest to the Territory, and does not belong to the General Government, your Honorable Body enact an amendatory Law providing for the payment for the necessary blanks, &c, by the Territorial Treasurer, out of any funds not otherwise appropriated. This necessary appropriation will enable the officers of the Territory to make a more full report for this year, which I trust will be the means of calling the attention of the General Government to this subject, and induce pr[illegible] ficient a[illegible] for the protection of t[illegible] p[illegible] our citizens.

1863

January 12. The Acting-Governor this day appointed and commissioned Tomas C. Gutierrez, a Notary Public within and for the County of Bernalillo ~~and~~ said commission to date from the 1st day of January, 1863.

January 13. The Acting Governor this day approved and signed the following entitled Acts:

1. "Concerning Criminals"
2. "Creating an additional precinct in the county of Socorro, and indicating the numbers of the precincts now in existence."
3. "Creating the Office of Coroner."
4. "Prohibiting the circulation of notes not authorized by the United States Government."

January 16 The Acting-Governor this day approved and signed the following entitled Memorial and Joint Resolutions, to the Congress of the United States:

1. "On the Subject of Education"

(J. R.) 1. "Accepting the grant of land for an Industrial College, in pursuance of the Act of Congress, approved July 2d, 1862."

2. "Soliciting an appropriation of a million of dollars in lieu of lands donated by Congress, in the Act of July 2d, 1862."

January 19. The Acting Governor this day approved and signed the act entitled "Declaring the legitimation of Juan Nepomuceno, Antonio Apiano, Maria Clara de la Merced, Maria Leonor, and Maria Estefana."

January 21. The Acting Governor this day commissioned the following named Justices of the Peace and Constables in the County of Mora

	Justices of the Peace	Constables.
3d Precinct	Francisco Sais	Guadalupe Apodaca
7th " "	Jose Manuel Navarro	Miguel Martinez
8th " "	Juan Cristobal Garcia	Casimiro Apodaca

January 23d The Acting Governor this day approved and signed the act entitled "Amending an Act providing that reports be made of the Indian depredations, crimes and misdemeanors approved Jan. 30th, 1861."

January 24th The Acting Governor this day approved and signed the following:

"A Memorial, asking for a survey of the inter-territorial boundary of Colorado and New Mexico."

"A Memorial asking indemnification for captive Indians."

Joint Resolution Asking the Governor to forward all ~~resolutions~~ Memorials referring to Indian depredations to Washington."

J. R. "Asking the restoration of the Northern boundary of this Territory."

529

1863

Jan. 26 The Acting-Governor this day approved and signed the Act

1. "Concerning the construction of jails and court houses in the several Counties whenever they may be found insecure."

2 An Act "for the relief of Charles Plummer."

3 " " "Concerning the Treasury."

1 A Memorial to the Post Master General for the mail route to San Francisco via Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Jan. 27. The Acting Governor this day approved and signed an Act

1. "Declaring the irrigation of lands bordering the stream of Agua Negra in the county of Mora, and for other purposes."

2. An Act "concerning the decision of Judges of Probate, and Justices of the Peace."

3. An Act "Regulating the boundaries of precinct No. 12 in the county of Bernalillo."

A Memorial "Asking the adoption of the System of Indian Reservations".

Jan. 28. The Acting-Governor this day approved and signed:

1 An Act, "Incorporating the "New Mexican Wool Manufacturing Company."

2 An Act "For the relief of William Bransford."

3 " " "Authorizing the Governor to appoint Probate Judges and Sheriffs for the counties of Doña Ana and Arizona, and for other purposes."

4 An Act, "Designating the Districts of the Attorney General and District Attorneys"

5 An Act "In relation to the Judicial Districts."

6 " " "Putting in force sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8 of an Act, Creating and organizing Arizona and Mora Counties, approved February 1st 1861 and for other purposes."

7 An Act "Combining precincts numbers 3 & 4 of the county of Santa Ana and designating their boundaries."

8 An Act, "Locating and organizing an Industrial College in Santa Fe to be known as the Industrial College of New Mexico."

9. An Act "Amending the act approved Jan. 27th 1861, providing means for the education of children."

10. An Act "Providing for the preservation and security of the Territorial Library and for other purposes."

11. Act "Requiring certain duties from Probate Judges, Justices of the peace, and Mayor-Domos of the Acequias in this Territory"

12 An Act "Creating means for the better police of the town of Albuquerque."

A Memorial, "Asking for a Board of Commissioners to examine the claims for losses from Indian Depredations."

A Joint Resolution "Returning thanks to California and Colorado Volunteers and Asking the promotion of General James H. Carleton.

A Joint Resolution "Requiring the Assessor and Collector of Internal Revenue to furnish the Secretary with a schedule of articles, etc, taxable.

1863

Jan. 29. The Acting Governor this day approved and signed ~~the~~

1. An Act "For the increase of pay of Probate Judges of the counties of Santa Fé, Taos, San Miguel, and Bernalillo."
2. An Act "Establishing the time and place of holding the District Courts in the several counties of the Territory of New Mexico."
3. An Act "In relation to the Penitentiary and to provide a keeper for the jail in the County of Bernalillo"
4. An Act "Incorporating the Bank of New Mexico."
5. An Act "Concerning certain duties for the better regulation in the Department of the Territorial Treasury."
6. An Act "Regulating Marriage."

A Memorial "Asking the construction of a Military road to California via Pinos Altos."

Joint Resolution. "Commemorative of the Honorable Facundo Pino, deceased."

Joint Resolution "Granting 5 days to the Clerks of both Houses to finish their business."

Joint Resolution "Raising volunteer workmen on Forts Union and Craig.

Joint Resolution "In favor of the "New Mexican" newspaper

Jan. 31st. The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned William Osterton, Territorial Treasurer of New Mexico from this date until the end of the next session of the Council of this Territory

Jan. 31st. The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned Theodore S. Greiner, Territorial Librarian and Custodian of the Archives of this Territory, until the end of the next session of the Legislative Council.

Jan. 31st. The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned Charles Leib, Territorial Superintendent of Schools

Jan.

1863.

Feb 2d. The Acting Governor this day, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council; appointed and commissioned Charles P. Clever, Attorney General

INDEXED

Feb 2d The Acting Governor this day with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, appointed and commissioned Miguel E. Pino as Major-General of the 2d Division of the Militia of the Territory of New Mexico, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of C. P. Vivey, Esq.

Feb. 2d. The Acting Governor this day with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council appointed and commissioned Pedro Valdez, as Brigadier General for the 2d Brigade of the 2d Division of New Mexican Militia

Feb. 2d The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned Tomas C. Gutierrez, District Attorney for the Second Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico.

Feb. 5th. The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named officers in the 1st Regiment of New Mexican Volunteers:

1. Francis McCabe, to be Captain of Co. E, to take effect from the first day of January, 1863.
2. John R. Hubbell to be 1st Lieut of Co. E, to take effect from the twentieth day of January, 1863.
3. Robert Postle to be 2d Lieut of Co. E, to take effect from the twentieth day of January, 1863.

Feb. 13th The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned Robert Bloomfield, a Notary Public within and for the County of Doña Ana in this Territory — to date from the twentieth day of January, 1863.

1863

Feb. 13th The Acting Governor this day received from His Excellency the Governor of the State of Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico, in response to a letter addressed him the 21st day of October, 1862, the following Communication:

To the Acting Governor of New Mexico—The Hon. W. F. M. ARNY.—

Sovereign Government of the State of Chihuahua,
CITY OF CHIHUAHUA, Jan'y 14th, 1863.

HONORED SIR:—

It is highly gratifying to me to respond to the gracious letter of your Excellency, dated Oct. 21st, with the assurance that I view with profound appreciation the efforts and measures taken by your Excellency in unison with the Military Commander of that Department, to re-establish the old trade of this portion of the Mexican Republic with the United States, by the route via El Paso and Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Convinced of the advantages that will result to the commerce of both countries from the renewal of the old trade by the above mentioned route, and from the protection and facilities of Exchange, all of which your Excellency assures me—I shall lay before the consideration of them the merchants of this city And, do not doubt, your Excellency, that I shall do all I can on my part in furthering the success of a movement so eminently beneficial, and which will not a little, contribute to the extension of the friendly relations and good feeling which now so happily exist between that Republic and this, and which I shall ever strive to cultivate as Chief of this State and as a private citizen

And these considerations I lay before you, as

Your Excellency's
most ob'dt' servant,
Q. S. M. B.
LOUIS TERRASAS.

Feb. 25th The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following named officers in the 1st Regiment of New Mexican Volunteers:

1. William Maxwell, 1st Lieut. Co. "E," vice D'Amours.
2. Antonio Abeytia, 2d Lieut. Co. "B." vice Andres Tapia.

The ~~appointment~~ commission of Lieut. Maxwell to take effect from and after the 5th day of November, 1862.

The commission of Lieut Abeytia to take effect from this day.

March 7th. The Acting Governor this day remitted the sentence of Juan Ortega, convicted at the March term of the U. S. District Court held at Santa Fe, of stealing and sentenced to be lashed.

March 7th The Acting Governor this day remitted the fine assessed against Antonio Gonzales, convicted of carrying deadly weapons at the March term of the United States District Court held at Santa Fe.

1863. March 9th. The Acting Governor this day left Santa Fe to reorganize the counties of Doña Ana and Arizona in pursuance of the act of Approved January 28th, 1863.

(Vide next page)

March 26th. The Acting Governor this day issued from Fort West in the county of Arizona, N. M., the following Proclamation

Proclamation
OF
THE ACTING GOVERNOR, OF NEW MEXICO

Whereas that portion of the Territory of New Mexico South of the line of Latitude near the mountain of Fray Cristoval at the upper end of the Jornada del Muerto, and which constitutes the Counties of of Doña Ana and Arizona and the Third Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico in accordance with an act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico entitled "an act," in relation to the Judicial Districts approved January 28th 1863, has been for a number of years without any organization civil or military, until Brigadier General James H. Carleton, after an unprecedented march over plains and mountains from Los Angeles California drove the rebel invaders of our soil there. The District of from Arizona created under the Command of Brig. Gen. Joseph R. West whose Head Quarters are now at Franklin Texas, on the borders of this Territory.

And whereas from the year 1859 to 1861 the main settlements of the portion of our Territory East of the Colorado River were at Tucson, the valley of the Sonorita, below Fort Buchanan, the valley of the Santa Cruz, Tubac, Pinos Altos gold mines, Colts mines, and the Santa Rita mine, these several points being separated from each other by long distances and the intervening country infested by most savage and cruel tribes of Indians the loyal white population in this country were exposed to not only the savage murderers; but also to the persecutions of the rebel invaders of our soil who threatened them with hanging if they refused allegiance to the so called Confederato Government and who in some instances executed their threats.

And whereas the seat of Goverment of this country was, and now is, at Santa Fe at distance of three hundred miles and separated therefrom by the "Journey of Death" a desert almost without water for one hundred miles, there was literally no government; the six shooter, and the knife were the instruments resorted to for the redress of real or fancied wrongs, and for the enforcement of real or pretended rights, and all the lisence which the lovers of anarchy could desire was revelled in to their satisfaction. In this condition the revolution of the so called Southern Confederacy found this part of the Territory of New Mexico, and it continued so until Martial Law was declared by Brig. Gen. Carleton who established military courts and restored partial order out of the confusion and treason which existed here and in the adjoining portion of Texas.

And whereas, the late dicoveries of rich gold mines on the head waters of the Gila, and Rio Prieto as well as the gold, silver, copper and other mines of Pinos Altos and the Organ Mountain demand equitable Laws and protection for the miners, that the rich mineral wealth of this country can be developed, which protection in my judgment in the present condition of the country can only be afforded and sustained by the military now in this Territory.

And whereas, in conformity with the act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico entitled "an act to authorize the Governor to appoint Probate Judges and Sheriffs for the Counties of Doña Ana and Arizona and for other purposes" approved Jany. 28th 1863.

I W. F. M. Arny Acting Governor of the Territory of New Mexico after a personal examination of this Country have appointed and commissioned the following officers for the County of Doña Ana viz,

Nepomuceno Y. Ancheta Probate Judge; James M. Taylor Clerk of the Probate Court, Frederick Burckner Sheriff, Frank Higgins Esq. Dist. Attorney 3d Judicial Dist. Henry Jenkins Esq. Notary Public.

The County of Arizona being as I am informed by the public press (though not officially notified) embraced within the limits of the New Territory of Arizona created by an act of the last Congress of the United States I deem it proper not to interfere in its new organization and development, as the military authority which at present regulates that country will be fully adequate to the administration of its affairs until such time as the Territorial officers shall arrive and direct its organization.

There are times and circumstances which require that the powers of the government should be removed as far as possible from the people, and the result of my personal observation and judgment is that such a condition of things has existed in the military District of Arizona now under the Command of Brig. Gen. Joseph R. West, and that for some time to come a military Government will be best adapted to the safety of the loyal citizens of this Country, said government being so modified that in such portions of it, as the Civil Law can be it should prevail, as there is no other way by which Civil Law can be established and processes served or law enforced, and as there are no jails for the confinement of prisoners, no single officer is safe to travel over the country hence the life liberty, and property of the loyal citizens in said military District cannot now in my judgment be secured and maintained and crimes properly punished by the civil officers and courts without the aid of the military power.

I therefore by virtue of the authority vested in me as the Acting Governor of the Territory of New Mexico do hereby request Brig. Gen James H. Carleton Commandant of the Department of New Mexico, to continue martial law over all the Territory included in the military District of Arizona, and the third Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico. And as it is desirable always that the life, liberty and property of loyal citizens should be exempt so far as possible from the exercise of arbitrary power and that there should be no unnecessary delay in obtaining an impartial trial for every man who is accused of any violation of law, I therefore ask the commander of the Department of New Mexico to direct the military of this District to conform as far as possible to the Laws of New Mexico and to sustain the Hon. J. G Knapp District Judge of the third Judicial District of this Territory and the county officers of the county of Doña Ana, and through them as far as possible execute justice to our citizens.

Given under my hand and official seal at Fort West on the Gila River in the county of Arizona Territory of New Mexico this 26th day of March 1863.

W. F. M. ARNY,
[SEAL.] Acting Governor New Mexico.

1863. March 17th. } The Acting Governor this day addressed the following letter to His Excellency the Governor of Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico.

MESILLA, Doña Ana Co., N. M.
March 17th, 1863.

To His Excellency, LUIS TERRASAS,
Governor of Chihuahua, Mexico.

RESPECTED SIR —

I had the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your kind letter of the 11th January, and also your communication through Mr. Amberg of Santa Fe.

And in compliance with your suggestion, and my communication to your Excellency, through Mr Macmanus of your city, I beg leave to inform you that it will give me great pleasure to meet you at Franklin, Texas, opposite El Paso, at which place I will be on the 3d day of April, and will remain until the 5th, with the hope of having a personal interview with you, which will enable us to confer with each other in regard to the trade and intercourse between our respective States, much better than we can by writing

I have the honor to send to you by the bearer of this, an official copy of documents "in relation to the present condition of Mexico," as published in Washington, with the expectation that you will be able to meet me at the above time and place.

I have the honor to be,
Very Respectfully, your ob't serv't,
W. F. M. ARNY,
Acting Governor.

April 22d. The Acting Governor this day received the following response to his letter of the 17th ultimo to His Excellency the Governor of Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico:

Sovereign Government of the
STATE OF CHIHUAHUA.
March 24th, 1863.

To His Excellency the Acting Governor of New Mexico—W. F. M. ARNY.

MY DEAR SIR:—

I received the official communication, dated by your Excellency the 17th of this month, in the county of Doña Ana, in which I am invited to a conference at the town of Franklin, the 5th of next month, for the purpose of conferring upon matters pertaining to the commerce and friendly relations between our respective States.

Although it would be highly satisfactory to comply with this invitation—because of the greater success that attends oral communication, and of the honor that would be conferred upon me to become personally acquainted with your Excellency—I regret to state that it will be impossible for me to be present, as much, because of the shortness of the interval fixed by your Excellency, as (among other obstacles) the approaching session of the State Legislature, which convenes on the first of April

There remains, then, no other resource but to employ the pen in advancing the matters under consideration. And I assure your Excellency that I shall do this with the most friendly and favorable disposition; for I most ardently desire to draw together, by all means possible, the links that must bind our respective States and Governments,

I received the copy of those documents which your Excellency was pleased to forward me, and for them I return my sincere thanks.

Deeply anxious that your Excellency may pardon my failure to be present at the place of convention, in view of the difficulties that I have set forth,

I have the honor to remain
Your Excellency's most obt. serv't.,
Q. S. M. B.
LUIS TERRASAS.

336

1863
April 6th. The Acting Governor this day addressed the following letter to His Excellency the Governor of Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico:

LA MESILLA, Dona Ana Co, N. M
April 6th, 1863.

To His Excellency Luis Terrazas,
Governor of the Sovereign State of Chihuahua, Mexico.

VERY DEAR SIR —

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the letter of your Excellency, dated the 24th ult., in which you inform me that it is impossible for you to meet me at Franklin, and suggest the propriety of the employment of the pen to advance the matters which it was proposed to consider at our personal interview. I much regret that circumstances prevented you from meeting me, as I had anticipated much pleasure to myself, as well as benefit to both our countries, from a personal conference with your Excellency

My disappointment, however, in not being able to see your Excellency in person, was to some extent moderated by the pleasure I had in the honor conferred upon me by the visit of two of the officers of your Government—Hon. Jose Maria Uranga, the worthy Prefect of the Canton of El Paso, and the Hon. J. N Zubiran, the Collector of Customs for the Republic of Mexico at El Paso—with whom I conversed upon all the matters of interest to our respective people, and who renewed the assurances so eloquently expressed in your Excellency's letter, in regard to your friendly and favorable disposition to draw together, by all means possible, the links that must bind our respective States and Governments "

Those gentlemen will communicate to you the conversation we had in regard to the means to be used in order to encourage natural trade and commerce between our respective countries, and the means proposed to be adopted in order to make the currency of Mexico and the United States pass at par in both countries And I will be pleased to receive from you any additional suggestions which will tend to facilitate commercial relations between our Government and that of the Republic of Mexico, so that I can communicate them to our Secretary of State at Washington.

From information derived from various citizens of the States of Chihuahua and Sonora, I am convinced that, in common with the borders of New Mexico, the citizens are suffering from the constant depredations of the Apache Indians; and I am informed by Brig. Gen. Jos R. West, Commanding the District of Arizona, that he communicated in January to the Hon Jose Maria Uranga, Prefect of El Paso, that by direction of Gen. James H. Carleton, Commanding the Department of New Mexico, a vigorous warfare is being prosecuted by the United States troops against the various tribes of Indians who infest the country lying east and west of the Rio Grande, and north of the boundary of the Mexican Territory Such measures are being prosecuted for the chastisement of these Indians as must either result in their complete subjugation, or in driving them to seek refuge upon Mexican soil; and he solicited your co-operation To his communication no response has been received, which Senor Uranga supposes is occasioned by a failure of the communication to reach you.

I would now most respectfully suggest that you adopt precautions against such an inroad; and were you to take steps at the same time to punish the Indians that may seek refuge in your State, it would materially aid in ridding our frontiers of an enemy whose atrocities are without number.

I would also most respectfully call the attention of your Excellency to the quite common report in existence here—whether based upon fact or not, I am not prepared to say—that in various towns in Chihuahua—Janos particularly—the Apache Indians are courted, and their ill gotten booty finds a market, and their necessities for ammunition are supplied through the cupidity of traders. This is a grave matter, and one which you cannot fail to see but induces to, and invites a repetition of the crimes of the Indians. In my opinion, if such traffic is practiced, it would be quite as effective to punish those engaged in it, as to hold the Indians to account for the crimes by which this assistance only can be committed. I, therefore, most respectfully ask that you cause the laws of your State to be enforced in regard to this matter; and I assure you that on this side of the line, every such violation of our law will be severely punished.

Any suggestion which you will make in regard to our mutual co-operation for the subjugation of the Indians—our common enemy—will be thankfully received and duly considered.

By an arrangement with Señor Zubiran, any communications directed to me at Santa Fe, and forwarded to him, will be sent to me through W. W. Mills Esq., our U. S. Collector.

With sentiments of high regard, I have the honor to be your Excellency's

Most obedient servant,
W. F. M. Arny,
Acting Governor
New Mexico.

1863 April 4th The Acting Governor this day appointed and commissioned the following Justices of the peace for the county of Doña Ana upon the recommendation of the Judge of Probate

Juez de paz	Recorrett	
Pablito Melendrez	2d	
Aban Duran	3d	Las Cruces
Domingo Cubero	4th	Mesilla
Reyes Escontrias	5th	
Cristobal Sanchez	6th	
Jose Maria Garcia	7th	
Eugenio Moreno	8th	
B. F. Howell	9th	Pena Blanca
Fabian Gonzales	10th	
Cesario Durán	12th	

May 6th The acting Governor this day appointed and Commissioned William Mortimore to be a Second Lieut in the 1st Regiment New Mexican volunteers to take effect from and after the 1st day of May vice 2d Lt Slinger Dismissed March 28th 1863. Company A.

See page 144 The Acting Governor this day appointed Sgt Juan Marcus of Capt Garcia's New Mexican vol. to be a Second Lieutenant in the Regiment New Mexican volunteers to take effect from this date. vice Lieut Percy I Eyre promoted

8th The acting Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following named officers in the First Regiment of New Mexican Volunteers in Conformity with the General order of the War Department dated May 4th 1861.

2Lt David McAllister First Lieutenant (promoted) to take effect from the 2d day of May 1863, To fill vacancy of Lt MacNowees Resigned Nov 25th 62 Company B.

2d Lieut John Murphy to be first Lieut from the 3d day of May 1863 vice Lawrence G. Murphy appointed adjutant Dec 24 Company G.

2d Lt Percy I Eyre To be a First Lieutenant from this date 6th day of May vice Francis M. McCabe appointed Capt Company 1st 1863

George Gwyther Assistant Surgeon from this date to fill an original vacancy.

Henry M. Gilbert to be Second Lieut from 2d May 1863. vice David McAllister promoted

Thomas Holmes As 2d Lieut from 3d Co. vice John Murphy

3.0.0
1863

May 8th Edmund Depew as 2Lt from 4th May 1863. vice John Hodt promoted. Company D.

Nicholas Hodt to be 1st Lieut First Regt to fill vacancy of C E Cooly Resigned March 31st 63 to take effect from and after the 4th day of May Company C

11th Charles M Hubbell 1st Lieutenant to fill vacancy of John Lenz Cancelled not accepted Regt Commissary of Sub.

Sgt Charles H. Fitch to be Second Lieut — to fill vacancy of Percey J Eyre promoted this date. 6th day of May 1863. Company K

Reason unknown

13th The Acting Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Joshua James Jr at Fort Craig to be a Notary Public in and for the County of Socorro in this Territory.

Charles Dain having been duly elected a Constable for the 8th Precinct of Santa Fe County the Acting Governor this day commissioned him as such.—

Jose Montaño having been duly elected a Justice of the Peace for the Third Precinct in the County of Santa Ana the acting Governor this day Commissioned him as such.

14th The acting Governor this day appointed Donciano Montoya 1st Lieutenant vice John R Hubbell Resigned May 11th 1863. 1st Regt N M Vols

Also Sergeant Juan Moreno to second Lieut 1st Regt N Mexican Vols to fill the vacancy of Donciano Montoya promoted.—

15th Governor Henry Connelly arrived from the States on this day.

1863

May 22 Governor Henry Connelly this day entered upon the duties of his office.

23. The Governor this day appointed First Lieut Joseph Birney to be Captain of Company D. First Regt New Mexican volunteers in place of E.W. Eaton dismissed by order of His Excellency the President of the United States.

23. The Governor this day appointed First Lieut J.L. Barbey to be Captain vice Santiago L Hubbell resigned Company G. 1st N. Mo Volunteers.

Also Archibald McEachran to be First Lieut Company M New Mexican volunteers vice J.L. Barbey this day promoted.

also. Sergeant Stephen Coyle to be First Lieut vice Benjn Stephens appointed Regimental Quarter Master.

25th The Governor this day pardoned Jesus Maria Sena convicted of Assault & Battery at Special Session of Court of Probate held April 15th 1863 and sentenced to Three months imprisonment

27. The Governor this day ~~appointed~~ commissioned Cresario Montoya Justice of the Peace for 9th Precinct Santa Fé County elected at a Special election to fill vacancy

June 23 The President of the United States having with the advice and consent of the Senate appointed W.F. M Army Secretary of this Territory. he has this day forwarded to the Treasury Department of the United States his official Bond and oath of office of which the following is a true copy

"Know all men by these presents, That William F M Army as principal and Antonio Gallegos. Simon Delgado all of the Town Santa Fé in the Territory of New Mexico, are held

Horace Mower Assoc Jus
June 26 - 1851.
John S. Watts "
June 26 - 1851
Charles Blunner commissioner
Rec. July 14, 1851.
Grafton Baker Chief Clerk
July 21, 1851
Elias P. Neff U. S. Attorney
June 3, 1851, date of oath.
Robert J. Brent.

Henry C. Stanton Atty Gen
Jan 10, 1852.
Louis D. Sheets
James H Richardson Auditor
Mar. 31, 1851.

3

James M. Middleton Clerk Sup
Court oath. Jan 5, 1852

Louis D. Sheets appt
Auditor March 3, 1852

James M Richardson
appt Auditor April 6, 1852

John Freeman oath as
Sec, Aug 30, 1852

Morris Ashmun. appt
Atty Gen. Sept 14, 1852

Horace L Dickinson appt
Auditor Oct 1, 1852

3

John Ward Librarian
Feb 19, 1853.

James J. Davenport
Chief Justice Aug 18, 1853
Oath.

Jose Manuel Gallegos elected
as Delegate Dec 5, 1853

Wm Wolf Davis oath as
US Attorney Nov. 28/1853
Recorded 11/28/53

Charles L. Pfeuffer
Sec. Feb 1, 1854 nominated

4/0

Charles Blumner oath
as U.S. Marshal,
Dec 10, 1853. Recorded 7/25/54

Horace D Wheaton
Asst Attorney General
Sept 20, 1854.

Perry E Brecher
Associate Justice Oath
Sept 26, 1854.

Horace L. Dickinson Asst
Auditor Oct 4, 1854.

Mr Claude Jones U Attorney,
Oath Jan 9, 1855.

5) Jesus Maria Baca y Salaza appointed Keeper of the Territorial Prison March 21, 1857.

Elias J. Clark appt Treas. Sept 20 1857

James S. Deerwester Chief Justice, oath April 23, 1857

Kirby Benedict Associate Justice, Oath May 25, 1857

Resignation of Elias J. Clark as Treas. accepted July 11, 1857

6) Hezekiah S. Johnson
asst Treas. Aug 19, 1857

Abraham Rencher
inaugurated Gov.
Nov. 12, 1857.

Office of Gov & Sec. Vacant
from Oct 15, 1857 to Nov 12
1857.

Jesus Maria Sena y
Baca appointed a keeper
of Territorial prisoners. Nov. 14,
1857.

Charles Blummer asst
Treas. Nov. 21, 1857.

Augustus C. Marcy Apt
Auditor Jan 15, 1858

Richard H. Tompkins Apt
Atty General March 8, 1858

Richard H. Tompkins
Oath as U.S. Attorney,
May 22, 1858

Milledge F. Boone as
Associate Justice
Oath Sept 28, 1858

Hugh N. Smith Apt
Attorney General Feb 2, 1859

8 William J. Blackwood
Associate Justice, Oath
June 18, 1859.

Spencer M. Baird Atty Gen
Charles Blumenier Treas
Augustus De Marles Auditor
Appt. Jan 27, 1860. ✓

Richard H. Tompkins
Asst. Atty Gen. July 20, 1860.

Miguel A Otero oath as Sec
Territory June 19, 1861.
Page 253 Ex Rec Vol 1.

9) Voici [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

Charles Péguy
Antimémoires
Sept. 1961.

Revue Cahiers de la
Pléiade Sept. 1961

*

Aspects Chrétiens
de Charles Péguy
Sept. 1961 (Rev. 25 Déc. 1961)

(1) Demetrio Fernandez
Auditor's dft. 2, 8, 1861.

James H. Holman oath
as Sec of Nev. July 27, 1861
Enclosed upon duties of
Oct 18, 1861.

Hezekiah S. Johnson
oath as Nev Aug 5,
1862. (2) Bad dft.

Abraham Curry oath
as US Marshal Aug
16, 1862 (Page 296, E.K
Rec. Vol. 1,)

11/ Milburn F. M. Perry
oath as Sec of Terry
Sept 4, 1862. (Page 299
Ex Rec. Vol. 1.)

Theodore S. Kinsman appt
Probate Sec, to Gov on
Sept 20, 1862.

Army action Gov. from
Sept 22, 1862, to

Charles Millburn, Rep from
Mari County, received his
Seat Dec, 13, 1862 in lieu
absente,

12/ Miguel E. Pino Apt
Auditor Jan 3, 1863.

Milton Ostertag Apt
Jan 31, 1863 as Ter Treas.

Theodore J. Greiner
Apt Librarian
Jan 31, 1863.

Charles Lil. Apt
Supt of Public
Instruction Jan 31, 1863

13/ Charles O. Cleveland aft
Attorney Gen. Feb. 2, 1863

the United States of America in the full and just sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars lawful money of the United States, to be paid to the said United States of America; to which payment, well and truly to be made, we do bind ourselves and each of us, our and each of our heirs, executors and administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents. Sealed with our seals and dated this 20th day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand Eight hundred and [redacted] Three. Whereas the President of the United States has nominated and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate appointed the said William Fredrick Milton Army Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, to have and to hold the said office with all the privileges and emoluments — to the same of right appertaining during — the pleasure of the President of the United States for the time being as in and by a Commission under the hands of the said President and the Secretary of State and the seal of the United States bearing date — the Eighteenth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand Eight hundred and Sixty three more fully appears:

Now, therefore, the condition of this obligation is such, that if the said William F. M. Army has faithfully and diligently performed, executed and discharged, and shall continue faithfully and diligently to perform execute and discharge all and singular the duties of said office according to law, then this obligation to be void and of none effect, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed and delivered in presence of.

Signed "Henry Connelly" "John Greiner" "Theodore S. Greiner" "Santiago L. Hubbell" "Jno Osterton" "Chas Leib" "Theodore S. Greiner" "P. L. Delgado"

Signed William Fredrick Milton Army (Seal)
Anastacio Sandoval (Seal)
Jose M Gallegos (Seal)
Simion Delgado (Seal)

United States of America }
Territory of New Mexico }

I Samuel Ellison Clerk of the Supreme Court of said Territory of New Mexico do hereby Certify that I know the securities to the forgoing Bond and that they are freeholders in said Territory and that they have property sufficient to pay the forgoing Bond.

In Testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court at Santa Fe this 22d day of June 1863.

Signed Samuel Ellison Clerk
Supreme Court N. M.

Seal

This Bond was accompanied by the affidavits of the Three Securities taken before Theodore S Greiner Notary of Santa Fe in which the securities swore they were, worth over and above all their debts and liabilities property in the value of over Seventy Thousand Dollars

copy.
Oath of Office and

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE

— TO THE —

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

I. W. F. McArny having been appointed and Commissioned by the President of the United States by and with the advice and Consent of the Senate to be Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico I, do solemnly affirm, that I have never, voluntarily, borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof: that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encouragement, to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought, no accepted, nor attempted to exercise, the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution, within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion: And that I will to the best of my ability truly and faithfully perform all the duties of my said office of Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, so help me God:

Signed William F. McArny

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO, }
COUNTY OF SANTA FE. } SS.

I, Antonio Ortiz y Salazar Clerk of Probate Court County of Santa Fe do certify, that the aforenamed William F. McArny

1863

June 25th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned the following persons. Viz

N. Proctor Smith, to be Commissioner of deeds for New Mexico in and for the County of San Francisco State of California.

~~Zach B Brooke To be Commissioner of Deeds for the Territory of New Mexico in and for the District of Columbia.~~

Simeon H King To be commissioner of Deeds For the Territory of New Mexico in and for the County of Cooke and State of Illinois

Papers filed in this office

July 21st The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Second Lieutenant Charles M Hubbell to be First Lieutenant Company H 1st N. M. Vols., vice Bargie killed by Indians, to rank from June 17th, 1863.

" " First Sergeant Paul Dowlin K Company 1st N. M. Vols to be Second Lieutenant Company N. 1st N. M. Vols. vice Hubbell promoted.

July 28th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned J. L. Gosling 293 & 295 Broadway New York City a Commissioner of Deeds & Depositions for New Mexico.

Papers filed in this office

Aug 20th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Peter Bishop, to be First Lieutenant of Company "H" First N. M. Vols vice Coyle resigned to rank as such from August 17th 1863

1863.

August 28th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Martin Quintana (Second Lieutenant of Company "E") to be First Lieutenant Company 'D' First Regiment New Mexican Volunteers, vice Lewis resigned, to take effect from the 25th day of August, 1863.

" " " The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Joseph Langhlin to be Second Lieutenant of Company E, First Regiment New Mexican Volunteers, vice Quintana promoted — to take effect from the 25th day of August 1863

Sept 1st. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned 2d. Lieut, Clemente P. Ortiz of Company "C" 1st N. M. Vols. to be First Lieutenant of Company E of that regiment, vice Maxwell resigned to rank from September First 1863.

Sept 1st. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Abraham M. Kanonse private of Company M. 1st Regt. N. M. Vols to be Second Lieutenant of Company "C" vice Ortiz promoted. to rank from September 1st, 1863.

Sept 1st. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned José Maria Sanchez to be Second Lieutenant Company M. vice Martinez resigned, to take effect from the first day of September 1863.

Sept 4th. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Francisco P. Abreu (of Co. A. 1st Regt. Captain) to be Major 1st Regiment, vice Cummings killed, to rank as such from the 18th August 1863.

Sept. 4th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned William Brady First Lieut. Co. I, to be Captain Company A 1st N. M. Vols, vice Abreu promoted to rank as such from the 18th August 1863.

Sept 4th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Thomas Henderson (2d Lieut Co. A) to be 1st Lieut Company I, vice Brady promoted. to rank from the 18th August 1863.

Sept 4th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Charles Haberkorn (of Co. D, 1st Cavy. Cal. Vols.) to be 2d Lieut Company A. 1st N.M. Vols vice Henderson promoted to rank as such from the 18th August 1863.

1863

Sept. 16th. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Albino Chacon, a Notary Public of the County of Taos.

Sept. 23d. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Robert Mills to be First Lieutenant Co. L 1st Regiment N.M. Vols vice Percy J. Lipes resigned, to take effect from the 4th day of September 1863.

INDEXED 1st page

Sept. 23d. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Antonio Abeytia ~~this day appointed~~ to be First Lieutenant Company B. vice Murphy resigned; to take effect from the 3d day of September 1863.

Sept. 23d. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned William Maxwell to be Second Lieutenant Co. D. 1st Volls vice Depew resigned to take effect from the 3d day of September 1863.

Sept. 28th. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Nicolas Quintana Captain of Company First First Infantry N.M. Volunteers ~~Warrant~~ Commission dating from to-day

Sept. 21st. The Governor ~~this day~~ issued ~~the following~~ Proclamation.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS authority has been given by the Government of the United States to raise in New Mexico, two Regiments of Volunteers to serve for three years or during the war, to be in addition to the force already raised and in service in this Territory, of which it is deemed expedient to raise, at present, but one regiment of Infantry.

Now, Therefore, I, HENRY CONNELLY, Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, by virtue of the aforesaid authority in me vested, do call upon the able bodied citizens of this Territory to volunteer at once to fill up and complete the said regiment, the organization of which will be as follows:

The regiment will consist of ten companies—each company to consist of

1 Captain.
1 First Lieutenant.
1 Second Lieutenant.
1 First Sergeant.
4 Sergeants.
8 Corporals.
2 Musicians.
1 Wagoner.

And from 64 to 82 Privates.

And the Regiment to be officered by

1 Colonel.
1 Lieutenant Colonel.
1 Major.
1 Adjutant (an extra Lieutenant.)
1 Quartermaster (an extra Lieutenant.)
1 [illegible] of Major.)

those desolating tribes, whose inroads and depredations cease not, day or night, upon your lives and interests. You will all have come to the conclusion, with myself, that until the Navajoes and Apaches are either subjugated or exterminated, there will be no safety to life or property in this Territory. Who would desire to maintain that state of existence, in which the inhabitants of this Territory have lived, for so many years, and which they are this day suffering, at the hands of our common enemy, without a hope of future exemption and safety to themselves, together with a firm resolution to leave a legacy to their children, that will, forever, secure them against the depredations of that enemy which has destroyed their lives, consumed their subsistence and kept them in a state of vassalage to their insatiable rapacity?

This territory is the land of your forefathers, conquered by their valor, from the savages that are now preying upon your interests and bequeathed by them as a legacy to you and to yours, in the expectation that you would defend it as they had done and as it becomes you to do. It is the land of your birth or adoption, which you all love, even the more from its misfortunes, and which you expect to bequeath to your children.

To defend it against all enemies, is the first and paramount duty of all good citizens. To live in peace and security must be the desire of every one, and the means, which conduce to such a desirable result, are now in your own hands.

The small force now in charge of the Department Commander, is not sufficient to cover the vast extent of frontier embraced within his military jurisdiction, and at the same time subjugate or exterminate your implacable enemies. You are now called upon to aid in the completion of this great work, for which your fath- [illegible] and blood suffered in [illegible]

tribution

2 Principal Musicians.

The places of General Readezvous will be designated by the Military Commander of the Department of New Mexico, and every information necessary as to the manner of raising companies, pay and emoluments of officers and men, conditions requisite to the muster-into the service of the United States, reimbursement of expenses incurred in organizing companies, &c., will be furnished from these Head Quarters.

PEOPLE OF NEW MEXICO:

Our common country has, again, called upon you for aid, in suppressing rebellion, and liberating yourselves from the effects of the savage foe, which has, for so many years, waged a relentless warfare against your lives and property. An opportunity is now offered to you, not only to chastise your hereditary enemy, the indians, but to receive ample reward, from the Government, for the services you may render, in the field, against [illegible] Southern Frontier, and left [illegible] death and devastation in his train. To drive the invader from our soil and guard against his return, brought into requisition all the resources of the military, and the people of the Territory. This enemy fled in confusion and utter disorganization beyond our limits. We have no fears of his return, and are now ready to devote our time, energies, blood and treasure, to the subjugation of these tribes, from which there has been no rest or security since our territory has been blessed by a civilized inhabitant. To this great work, my fellow-citizens, you are now invited. I have mistaken your character for gallantry and patriotism if this invitation is not accepted, with the promptitude and pleasure, that has heretofore marked your response to every call, that has been made to you by your country when in danger.

Done at Santa Fé this 21st day of September 1863.

HENRY CONNELLY.

1863.

Sept 29th. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned John Rosse Captain of Company B. First Infantry New Mexican Volunteers, to take effect from this day.

Sept. 29th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Antonio Maria Vigil Captain of Company "C" First Infantry New Mexican Volunteers to take effect from this day.

Sept 29th. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Jose D. Sena Major vice Morrison resigned; to take effect from September 29/863 First Regiment New Mexican Volunteers.

Oct 1st. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned George H. Withers to be Second Lieutenant of Company "M" 1st Cavalry N. M. Vols vice Martinez resigned; to rank from this date

Oct. 1st The Governor this day appointed and commissioned William Ayres to be Captain of Company "D" 1st Infantry N. M. Volunteers; to take effect from this day.

Oct 1st The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Robert Tittle to be promoted to First Lieutenant Company "G." 1st Cavalry N.M. Vols vice Murphy resigned; to rank as such from September 4. 1863

Oct. 1st. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Antonio Abeyta to be promoted to First Lieutenant Co. K 1st Cavalry N.M. Vols vice Ayres resigned; to rank as such from Sept. 4 1863.

Oct 4th The Governor, this day appointed and commissioned Francisco Montoya, Captain Company "E" First Infantry N.M. Volunteers; to rank from this date.

Oct. 5th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned George W. Cook Captain Company F. First Infantry N.M. Vols to take effect from this date.

163

October 5th The Governor this day issued the following Certificate of Election:

"Executive Office
"Santa Fe, Oct 5th, 1863

"United States of America Territory of New Mexico

"I, Henry Connelly, Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, do hereby certify that on the fifth day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty three, I did proceed in the presence of my private Secretary, and the Acting Secretary of the Territory Theodore S. Reiner to count up the votes polled in the different Counties of said Territory for Delegate to Congress, at the General Election held in said Territory according to law, on the first Monday of September, 1863, being the seventh day of said month. And that upon such count it appears that Don Francisco Perea received for said office of Delegate, the number of seven thousand two hundred and thirty-one votes (7231) and that Don José Manuel Gallegos received for the same office (6425) six thousand four hundred and twenty-five votes; and that no other person received any votes for said office. Therefore in pursuance of the law hereunto made and provided I do hereby certify that Don Francisco Perea having received the highest number of votes for the office aforesaid at the election aforesaid, is duly elected Delegate for the Territory of New Mexico to the House of Representatives of the United States, to serve during the Thirty-Eighth Congress of the United States.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said Territory at Santa Fe on this fifth day of October AD 1863

(Seal)

(Signed) Henry Connelly

By the Governor:

(Signed) Ther Reiner, Acting Secretary NM

October 5th The following is the official computation of votes cast for Delegates at the General Election of September, 1863; Including the County of Socorro.

Tot of G.							Maj of Perea
47	The County of Santa Fe	gave	690	votes for Gallegos	643	for Perea	
	" " " of Taos	" "	880	" " " "	957	" "	77
648	" " " Rio Arriba	" "	1125	" " " "	477	" "	
18	" " " Mora	" "	635	" " " "	617	" "	
291	" " " San Miguel	" "	1341	" " " "	1050	" "	
20	" " " Santa Ana	" "	223	" " " "	203	" "	
	" " " Bernalillo	" "	282	" " "	1078	" "	796
	" " " Valencia	" "	511	" " "	844	" "	333
	" " " Socorro	" "	176	" " "	1116	" "	940
316	" " " Doña Ana	" "	562	" " "	246	" "	
1040			6425		7231		2146

Votes cast for Gallegos 6425 votes cast for Perea 7231.

Majorities of Gallegos in the counties of Santa Fe, [illegible], Rio Arriba, Mora, San Miguel & Santa Ana & Doña Ana 1340.

Majorities of Perea in the Counties of Taos, Bernalillo, Valencia & Socorro 2146

" " " Perea 806

October 6th.

The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Henry R. Selden Major U.S.A. Colonel of the First Infantry New Mexican Volunteers to rank from the First Day of October 1863.

" The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Jose Bonifacio Romero Captain Company G. 1st Infantry N.M. Vols. to rank from the 6th Day Oct. 1863.

Oct 6th The Governor this day ~~appointed~~ commissioned the following named officers of the County of Santa Fe

Miguel E. Pino Probate Judge; Juan Moya, Sheriff & Matias Rivera Coroner.

J. P.	Precinct	Constable
Jose Polito Romero	First	Jesus Maria Romero
Ignacio Trujillo	Second	Juan Ortega
Manuel Rodriguez	Third	Bautista Rodriguez
Aniceto Abeytia	Fourth	Perfecto Baca
Juan Francisco Montoya elected to fill this place see entry May 12	~~Jose Ignacio Montoya~~, (vacant) Fifth	~~Roman Romero~~
Nicolas Pino	Sixth	Ignacio Narvaez
Jose Dolores Sandoval	Seventh	Justo Lovato
Agapito Sena	Eighth	Juan Chavez y Montoya
Manuel Lujan y Sanchez	Ninth	Felipe Casados

Oct. 8th, '63. The Governor this day ~~appointed~~ commissioned the following named Officers of the County of Taos:

Juan Santistevan Probate Judge; Aniceto Valdez, Sheriff, and Francisco Martinez, Coroner.

J. P.	Precinct	Constable
José Miguel Archuleta	(First) Don Fernando	Desiderio ~~Jose Miguel Vigil~~ Martinez
Felix Romero	(Second) Cordovas	Jesus ~~Desiderio Martinez~~ Esquibel
Tomas Torres	(Third) Ranchos	Jose Miguel Vigil
Francisco Estevan Chavez	(Fourth) Placita	Matias Baca
José Maria Archuleta	(Fifth) Arroyo Seco	Bonifacio Luca
José Manuel Vigil	(Sixth) Arroyo Hondo	Felipe Cruz
~~Hermenegildo Ortega~~ Matias Ortega	(Seventh) Rio Colorado	José Albino Gonzales
Santos Muniz	(Eighth) Llano	Juan de Jesus Vigil
Jose A. Romero	(Ninth) Chamisal	Frederico ~~Andres Lucero~~ Jose Rafael Leyba
Reyes Rodriguez	(Tenth) Picuries. Peñasco.	Juan Antonio Martinez

Oct. 9th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Scott Rockwell Kemp Captain Company K. 1st Infantry N. M. Vols. to rank from this date.

Oct. 9th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned S. Johnson, Aide de Camp on his staff to [illegible] in the Militia of this Territory

No 49

1863.

October 6th. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Bernardo Romero First Lieutenant Company G (Captain Bonifacio Romero) 1st Infantry N. M. vols, to rank from 6th of October 1863.

Bernardo

Oct 9 The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Romualdo Valdez Second Lieutenant Company G. (Captain Bonifacio Romero's) 1st Infantry N. M. vols. to rank from 6th of October, 1863.

INDEXED

October 10th The Governor this day ~~appointed~~ commissioned the following named officers of the County of San Miguel:—

Miguel Romero Baca, Prefect, Desiderio Romero, Sheriff, José Guadalupe Garcia, Coroner.

J.P.	Precinct	Constable.
Vicente Segura	First	Francisco Griego.
José Montoya	Second	Guadalupe Ortiz.
Manuel Silva	Third	Jesús Gallegos
Sacramento Montoya	Fourth	Espiridon Trujillo
Rodrigo Garcia	Fifth	Jesus Baca.
Albino Madrid	Sixth	Juan M. Blea.
Hilario Gonzales	Seventh	Jose Manuel Sandoval.
Vicente Quintana y Lujan	Eighth	Patricio Sena.
Simon Baca	Ninth	Dionicio Ortiz
Manuel Mares	Tenth	José Anaya
Atanacio Garcia	Eleventh	Juan Gonzales
Miguel Sena	Twelfth	Jose de Jesus Gutierrez
Vicente Trujillo	Thirteenth	Roman Pando
Manuel Gonzales	Fourteenth	Jose de la Cruz Garcia
Saturnino Chavez	Fifteenth	Luis Encinas

Oct. 11th The Governor this day ~~appointed~~ and commissioned the following named officers of the County of Mora:

José Lidoro, Prefect, Trinidad Lopez, Sheriff, Anastacio Trujillo, Coroner.

J.P.	Precinct	Constable.
Jose Bates	First	Rafael Apodaca
Felipe Sandoval	Second	Seferino Trujillo
Jose Antonio Lucero	Third	Manuel Griego
Juan Vasquez	Fourth	Felipe Lopez
Pedro Mares	Fifth	Francisco Manzanares
Claudio Gallegos	Sixth	Jose Maria Taranjos
Jose M. Navarro	Seventh	Miguel Martin
Jose Rafael Mestas	Eighth	J. Platino Cardenas

1863.
Oct.

October 13th. The Governor this day ~~appointed~~ commissioned the following named officers of the County of Rio Arriba:

Probate Judge Juan Garcia. Sheriff Juan B Lopez. Coroner Francisco Jaramillo
Precinct 1 blank — Burnt
Precinct 15 abolished 1862-3

Mates Chacon	Precinct 2.	Tomibio Martin.
Jose Pablo Jaramillo	" 3.	Juan Anto. Herrera.
Francisco Espinosa	4	Pablo Apodaca.
Geronimo Gallegos	5.	Anastacio Trujillo
Francisco Lerma	6	Jose Ramon Garcia.
Nasario Archuleta	7	Jose Antonio Manzanares.
Jose Isidro Martinez	8	Juan José Martinez
Baltazar Morfin	9	Matias Velasquez
Jose Ramon Segura	10.	Juan Franco. Manzanares.
Pedro Salazar y Garcia	11	Jesus Maria Valerio
Dionicio Vargas	12	Dionicio Martin
Florencio Borrego	13	Felipe Gillen
Jose Dolores Martinez	14	Ramon Romero
# Jose Sicilio Atencio	16.	Anto. Jose Martinez

Oct. 13th The Governor this day ~~appointed~~ and commissioned the following named Officers for the county of

Santa Ana:

Tomas C. de Baca Prefect. Manuel Vizcaro Sheriff. Leandro Sanchez Coroner

Jose Ramirez	1st precinct	Tomas Salas
Manuel Perea	2d " "	Eleuterio Chavez
Jose Montaño	3d " "	Pedro Baca

Oct.

Oct 13th/63.

The Governor this day issued the following:

Death Warrant. in the case of

Nestor Lopez convicted and sentenced for Murder in the 1st Degree to be executed the 16th day of October 1863, in the County of Rio Arriba.

"El Territorio de Nuevo Mejico:

"Al Señor Alguacil Mayor del Condado de Rio Arriba Salud:

"Por cuanto por una sentencia de nuestra Corte de Distrito para el Condado de Rio Arriba y Territorio de Nuevo Méjico, dado el dia diez y seis de Setiembre de mil ochocientos y sesenta y tres, Nestor Lopez fue hallado culpable del crimen de muerte en el primer grado, y fue sentenciado de sufrir la pena de muerte el dia diez y seis de Octubre de mil ochocientos sesenta y tres.

"Por Tanto es Su mandado de ejecutar la sentencia de dicha Corte estrictamente en conformidad con la ley:"

Dado en Santa Fé Territorio de Nuevo Méjico hoy el dia trece de Octubre en el ano de nuestro Señor mil ochocientos sesenta y tres En Testimonio de lo cual hé puesto aquí mi mano y hé causado de que el Sello del Territorio sea afixado.

(Sello)

Por el Gobernador:

(Signed) Theodore Reimer,
Secretario Interino

(Signed) Henry Connelly

Oct 15th The Governor this day commissioned the following named officers for the County of Bernalillo:

Ambrosio Armijo Probate Judge. Melquiades Chavez Sheriff Edward D. Carter, Coroner

J. P.	Precinct	Constable
Demetrio Perea		José Pablo Lucero
Diego Anto. Montoya		Santiago Garcia
Antonio Lerma		Mariano Chavez.
Francisco Muniz		Jose Guadalupe Ortega.
José Lucas		Mateo Suaves
Francisco Chaves		Rafael Chavez
Vicente Zamora		Luciano Mora
Atanacio Montoya		Miguel Mares.
Luis Sanchez		Julio Baca
Juan Montoya		Jesus Gallegos
Mateo de Luna		Manuel Sanchez

1863

Oct. 15th. The Governor this day commissioned the following officers for the County of Valencia.

Juan Salazar probate Judge. Dionicio Chavez, Sheriff. Anto Jose Chavez Coroner.

Alcaldes	Precincts	Sts Alguaciles
Juan Reyes Pino	Jarales precinct.	Marcos Romero
Roman Baca	Cebolleta " "	José Candelario
Jose Salazar	Tomé " "	Ramon Lucero
Jesus Sanchez	Valencia ó Peralta	Amado Chavez
Jose Jaramillo	Cubero Precinct	Justo Saavedra
Pablo Chavez	Casa Colorada	Jesus Maria Trujillo
Manuel Otero	Manzanares " "	Jesus Gallegos
Jose Rafael Chavez	Punta de Agua "	Martin Sanchez
Matias Baca	Belen Precinct	Camilo Diaz Lujan
José Maria Benavides	Tomion " "	Santos Montoya
Manuel Gutierrez	Pct. No. 2, Los Lunas.	Francisco Gutierrez

Oct. 15th The Governor this day commissioned the following officers for the county of Socorro

Luis M. Baca probate Judge. Marcos Baca Sheriff. Norberto Chavez, Coroner

Alcaldes	Precincts	Alguaciles
Pablo Montoya	La Joyita " "	Juan Telles
Juan Sebino Gonzales	Lemitar " "	Candelario Rael
Andres Romero	Socorro " "	Jesus Torres
Juan José Pacheco	Sabinal " "	Roberto Abeytia
Luis Tafoya	La Joya " "	Justo Padilla
Pablo Tafoya	San Antonio " "	José Eculano Gonzales
Robert H. Stapleton	Valverde " "	William Morse
Bartolo M. Apodaca	Paraje " "	Tomas Chavez
Juan Montoya	Alamosa " "	José Chavez
Pedro Velarde	Tajo " "	Nicanor Gonzales
Guadalupe Jaramillo	Polvadera " "	Pedro Romero

Oct 15th The Governor this day ~~appointed~~ commissioned the following officers for the County of Doña Ana:

John Lemon probate Judge. Apolonio Barela Sheriff Charles E. Fitzwilliams Coroner

Pablo Melendrez	Precinct No 2	Pamfilo Gonzales
Agapito Sedillos	" " 3	Jose Miguel Jaramillo
Anastacio Sisneros	" " 4	Ignacio Ynesra
Francisco Salazar	" " 5	Rafael Encontrias
Santos Rojas	San Tomas, 6	Victor Pineda
Sesto Garcia	Las Anoles 7	Alexandro Martinez
Damian Madrid	La Mesa, 8	Marcos Valenzuela
William Markt	Pinos Altos, 9	Geronimo

No Nombres 10

Agapito Valencia	Picacho 11
Cesario Duran	

380

1863

October 16th The Governor this day addressed the following letter to the General Commanding this Department:

"Executive Office
"Santa Fé, N.M., Oct 16th, 1863

"Sir:

"I have to apologize for the undue delay in returning to you the Petition of many citizens of the County of Doña Ana, asking that Martial Law may be extended over that Judicial District, and which was referred to me for my opinion, touching the policy and propriety of granting the prayer of the Petitioners. You will at once agree with me that in a country of freedom guarded by fixed laws established by the competent authority, the civil laws and rules and the powers and duties of the Civil magistracy should never be suspended or lessened in their efficiency by any Military force or power except in cases of extreme and unusual public dangers, such as occur in war, invasion, rebellion, or sudden insurrection.

"The Petitioners from Doña Ana set forth no special causes calling for the exercise of Martial Law in their country, except one, which have not existed since the United States jurisdiction was extended over that section. The exception is, "the difficulty and danger attending the service of civil process" Now the petitioners do not state in what the "difficulty and danger" exists — They mention no examples to show that process could not be executed, nor from what source the difficulty arises. Theirs is too loose a statement upon which to expect that the Constitutional and civil rights of a people should be taken from them. Besides this, to obtain lawful aid to serve process no Martial Law is necessary. Our laws point out the course to pursue in such instances.

"As to the other causes specified, not one is new. They are the same that have existed since our Territorial organization, and since the aggregation of the Gadsden Purchase. For years the laws were as well administered in Doña Ana by the Judge and officers of the District and County as in any county of the Territory. The people were as obedient to the laws, courts, and magistrates, as in other portions. The Jail is said to be insecure now. It was so then. The Courts were held twice a year then. The terms are as frequent now. At this time the Judge resides in the midst of the people of Mesilla, and the one County of Doña forms his entire District. Then Judge Benedict resided at Albuquerque and included the whole Rio Abajo in his district. The County borders upon the Republic of Mexico at this time and has since the addition of the Purchase mentioned. This must ever exist until the national boundaries shall be changed. As to the insecurity of jails such fact has existed elsewhere in New Mexico, and in some counties still exists. And yet the judges and officers have found means to secure arrested persons and those under sentences without Martial Law.

"In reviewing the reasons stated by the petitioners

Continued

Oct 16/63 I see none that show a different state of facts than those which prevailed when the laws were efficiently executed by the civil authorities of the County and district. Now, the County has the very decided advantage of having a U.S. Judge permanently residing in the midst of the people and his District limited to the County.

"I arrive at the conclusion, and so respectfully announce it, that the Petition shows no sufficient grounds upon which to found a justification for declaring Martial Law in the County of Doña Ana, and suspending the Constitutional rights of the people, their civil laws and constituted authorities.

"All of which I have the honor to submit for the consideration of the General Commanding this Department.

"Very Respectfully,
Your Obedient Servant
(Signed) Henry Connelly"

"Brigadier General
James H. Carleton,
Commanding Department of New Mexico"

October 16th. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned, in Company of Patrick Healy 1st Lieutenant and Manuel Sanchez y Zamora 2d Lieutenant in Captain Ayres Company 1st Infantry N.M.V.G. to rank from 1st of October.

Oct 16th. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Charles Leib Commissioner of Deeds & Deposition of New Mexico residing in Arizona Territory.

Oct 18. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Henry H. Lauer 1st Infantry N.M.Vols. First Lieutenant Co. A — commission dating & taking effect from 28th day of September 1863.

Oct. 21st. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Louis Othen Fairingh as Second Lieutenant Company "L" First Cavalry N.M. Volunteers vice Pottle promoted. To rank from the first October, 1863.

Oct 22d The Governor this day appointed and commissioned José Sacon 1st Lieutenant Company (D)(I) 1st Infantry N.M. Volunteers to rank from this date. (Reconsidered). Resigned

Oct. 23d The Governor this day appointed and commissioned George W. Campbell 2d Lieut Co. "B" 1st Cavalry N.M. Vols. vice Hoyt promoted to rank from November 1st 1863.

Oct 25th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned G. Salazar Second Lieutenant of Captain Cook's Company Infantry N.M. Vols from date of Oct 5th 1863.

355

1863.

Oct. 28th. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Smith C. Simpson Captain of Company "B" First Infantry New Mexican Volunteers - from this 28th day of October 1863.

Oct 28th The Governor this day issued the following Proclamation to the Probate Judge of the County of Santa Ana, calling for an election to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Jesus Maria Baca member elect from that County to the next Legislature

"Proclama

"Por Cuanto existe una vacante en los miembros de la proxima Legislatura causada por la renuncia del Honorable Jesus Maria Baca, miembro electo del Condado de Santa Ana. Y Por Cuanto en todas vacantes causadas por el motivo mencionado arriba es el deber del Ejecutivo de espedir su Proclama mandando los Jueces de Pruebas de los Condados en que suceden dichas vacantes á que espidan sus Cedulas de Eleccion para llenar las vacantes que existen.

"Por lo Tanto Yo Enrique Connelly, Gobernador del Territorio del Nuevo Méjico, mando: Que una eleccion nueva sea tenida en el Condado de Santa Ana para llenar la vacante causada por la renuncia de D. Jesus Maria Baca miembro electo á la proxima Legislatura y Que el Juez de Pruebas de dicho Condado espide las Cedulas para la dicha eleccion en conformidad con la ley: Hecho en Santa Fe hoy el dia 28 de Octubre 1863. Bajo mi mano y el sello de dicho Territorio de Nuevo Méjico.

WHEREAS, An organization of the Militia of the Territory is a matter of the utmost necessity, not only for the purpose of repelling invasion from abroad, but for the purpose of punishing and subjugating the savage enemies within our limits; and,

WHEREAS, No organization of the Militia has heretofore been effected from many causes, among which may be counted the want of arms and ammunition with which to supply them when called into service; and,

WHEREAS, The Governor and Commander-in-Chief is now prepared to supply with arms and ammunition all the Militia of the Territory; therefore,

I, HENRY CONNELLY, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Militia of New Mexico, do order that an immediate organization of the Militia aforesaid be effected into companies, battalions and regiments, for the purposes above specified.

It is expected and required that every citizen, subject to military duty, will come forward and enrol his name in his respective company, and aid in the organization, upon which the security of their lives and property from danger so much depend.

The Adjutant General will issue such orders in detail as will enable the staff, field and subaltern officers to fulfil their duties with the least possible embarrassment and delay.

All civil authorities are required to render such aid and assistance as may be necessary to effect the purposes herein contemplated.

HENRY CONNELLY,

Governor, and Commander-in-Chief.

1863. begin

Nov. 2d The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Juan Climaco Tapia as Second Lieut. Co. A, 1st Infantry N.M. Vols from the 26th Sept. 1863.

" " The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Andres Tapia, to be First Lieut. Company of Captain Vigil Company 1st Infantry N.M. Vols. from 29th of September 1863.

" " The Governor this day appointed and commissioned John P. Dennan 2d Lieut. Capt Vigil Company 1st Infantry N.M. Vols. from the 29th day of September 1863.

Nov. 4 The Governor this day ~~appointed and~~ commissioned Charles Jaen Constable of Precinct No. 8, of the County of Santa Fe.

Nov. 4 The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Salvado Armijo Major in the 5th Division of N.M. Militia from this date.

Nov. 10th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Reuben J. Hill Captain of a Company in the First Infantry New Mexican Volunteers from date.

Nov. 11th The Governor this day pardoned Jesus Duran sentenced at the August term of the District Court for the County of San Miguel (1856) convicted of the crime of murder in the fifth degree.

Nov. 11th The Governor this day ~~appointed and~~ commissioned Caleb ~~C.~~ ~~A.~~ Miller of San Eleazario, Texas, as First Lieutenant and William M. Smith as Second Lieutenant of Captain Kemp's Company 1st Infantry N.M. Volunteers from Oct 9th

Nov. 14th Secretary W. F. M. Arny this day arrived from the States

Nov 19th See below

23 The Governor this day Commissioned Esmerejildo Sanchez elected as Justice of the Peace for the Third Precinct of the County of Santa Ana vice

25th See below

Jose Montanico resigned.

27th The Governor this day Commissioned Francisco P. Ge as Lieut Col 1st Regiment New Mexican Volunteer Infantry.

James Mann to be First Lieutenant Comp. G. New Mexican Volunteers First Infantry G. Vice Bernardo Romero Resigned.

Lieut Col George K. Fitzpatrick Second Lieutenant Regt Cavalry New Mexican Volunteers Charles H. Fitch resigned. Same C. Edgar this place

19 Wm V. Archer to be Commissioner of Deeds for Pennsylvania at Philadelphia Pa.

Anastacio S[illegible] vice Wm

Decr 2 1863.

The Governor this day appointed Louis Felsenthal Captain Company C. First Regt Inft. N. Mexican Volunteers vice A. M Vigil resigned.

Decr 4th

Charles P. Marion to be Captain Company C. First Regt New Mexican Cavalry vice Jose Sena Promoted

Henry W. Gilbert, commissioned First Lieutenant Company A. First Regiment New Mexican Cavalry vice Charles P. Marion promoted.

John G Drennan Commissioned Second Lieutenant Company G. First Cavalry N. M Volunteers vice H. W. Gilbert promoted.

9th The Governor this day delivered to the Legislative Assembly the following message.

Decr 10th The Governor this day commissioned Jose Rafael Luyba to be Constable for Chamisal Precinct Taos County in place of Andres Lucero who was commissioned in consequence of fraud in election returns.

Militia Commissions

Benito Lobez Capt Co A 1st Regt 2d Division
Charles Conklin First Lieut Co A 1st D "
Jose Ortiz Second Do " " Do "

Decr 11th Jesus Sena y Garcia, Captain Company B. 1st Regt 2d Division
Abran Ortiz First Lieut. Co. B. Do Do
Anastacio Barrego Second Lieut " B " "

Abroses Pino Captain Company C. " "
Leonidas Baca First Lieut " C " "
Esquepula Romero Second Lieut Company C " "

Company D.

Captain Solomon Speigleberg 1 Regt 2d Division
First Lieut Santiago Baca " "
Second Lieut Jesus Ma Chaves " "

Company E.

Felipe Romero Captain " "
Jose Antonio Romero First Lieut " "
Pablo Gonzales Second " " "

Company F.

Jose Manl Sandoval Captain " " "
Rafael y Ortiz y Pineda First Lieut " " "
Ramon Ortiz Second " " " "

Company G.

Benito Romero Captain " " "
Tomas Baca First Lieut " " "
Nicolas Quintana Second Lieut " " "

Company H.

Manuel Luyan Captain " " "
Luciano Serrano First Lieut " " "
Juan Pomeceano Luyan Second Lieut " " "

First Regiment 3d Division

Decr 12th

Company A.

Celeo Cuellar Medina Captain
W. L. Sharp First Lt
Rafael Luti

1863. 359

Decr 12th

First Regiment 3d Division
Militia
Company B.

Candalario Garcia Captain
Jose Tomas y. Garcia First Lieutenant
Juan Jose Baca Second Lieutenant

Company C.

Jose Trujillo Captain.
Jose Chaves 1st Lieutenant
Gregorio Jaramillo 2 "

Company D

Calletano Tafoya Captain
Pablo Padia First Lieut
Antonio Jose Luna Second Lieut

Company E.

Geronimo Chaves Captain
Juan Chaves First Lieut
Jesus Armijo Second "

Company F.

Luis Vigil Captain
M A Chaves Second Lieutenant

Company G.

Juan Carrio Captain
Felipe Peralta y Martinez First Lieut
Felipe Peralta y Linero Second "

Company H.

Jose Trujillo Captain
Jose Chaves First Lieutenant
Gregorio Jeramillo Second, do.

Decr 16th The Governor this day commissioned Jose Trujillo as Second Lieutenant Company C. First Reg N. Mexican Infantry vice John G Drennan appointed Lieut First Cavalry.

John Lewis First Lieut Company I First Regt Mexican volunteers from this date.

1864

December 26th The Governor this day issued a requisition on the Governor of Colorado for Manuel Cardenas charged with murder in Taos County.

December 29th The Governor this day approved a Joint Resolution of the Legislative assembly authorizing the printing of Fifteen hundred copies of the Governors Second message.

Also an Act to repeal an act establishing a Penetentiary.

a memorial to Congress asking the establishment of a Railroad and Telegraph line from the Missouri River to California via Santa Fé.

An act to Repeal an act establishing precinct No 16 County of San Miguel approved Jany 28th 1862

Decr 30th The Governor this day approved and signed

An act to reorganize the Precincts of Dona Ana County.

An Act to Incorporate a Railroad and Telegraph Company — to Construct a Railroad and Telegraph line to California.

An act establishing a better police in the Town of Albuquerque.

Decr 31st The Governor this day approved and signed an act for the Relief of W. F. M. Arny.

An act for the Relief of Simon Felger.

1864

January 1st The Governor approved and signed.

An act to provide for the transportation of arms and ammition.

An act Declaring the Jurisdiction of Probat Judges to punish disobedient children.

A Joint Resolution For printing two hundred Copies in Spanish and one hundred copies of the laws relative to the tax and ammunition.

361

1864

January 1st The Governor this day approved and signed

An Act Abrogating an Act in relation to the irrigation of Rito Agua Negra

1863.

Decr 30th The Governor issued the following Commissions in the Militia

Felipe Sandoval Captain Co A. 2 Regt 1st Brigade 3 Division
Manuel Urtado First Lieut " " " " "
Juan Lucero Second " " " " " "

Decr 31st The Governor this day issued the following Commissions
First Regt 2d Brigade 2d Division of the Militia

Benigno Jaramillo Captain Company "A"
Carlos Casados 1st Lieutenant " "
Manuel Vaca y Ortiz 2 " " "

Jesus Maria Baca Piles Captain Company B.
Antonio Jose Gallegos 1st Lieut " "
Pablo Lucero 2 " " "

Reyes Aragon Captain Company C.
Juan Atencio 1st Lieut " "
Martin Sais 2 " " "

Edmund Martinez Captain Company D
Julian Aragon 1st Lieut " "
Pascal Vaca 2 " " "

Cristino Romero Captain Company E.
Donaciano Lopez 1st Lieutenant " "
Francisco Segura 2 " " "

Antonio Vigil Captain Company F.
Pablo Martinez 1st Lieut " "
Antonio Romero 2 " " "

Miguel Romero Captain Company G
Desiderio Martinez 1st Lieut " "
Antonio Armijo 2 " " "

Jose Melecio Gutierres Captain Company H.
Manuel Casados 1st Lieut " "
Martin 2 " " "

1864

January 2. The Governor this day pardoned Juan Madrid of the Town of Galisteo, who was on the 25th day of December 1863 by a judgment of Agapito Sena Justice of the Peace for Santa Fé County committed to Jail in default of payment of a fine of Eighty Dollars

7th The Governor this day appointed Joshua Jones Jr to be Major 1st Regt 1st Brigade Third Division of the Militia. —

Elias W. Eaton To be Major First Regt Cavalry New Mexican Volunteers to rank from November 27th 1863. vice Francisco Abreu promoted.

11th E. Leon Dubois appointed First Lieut Company F. First Regt Infantry New Mexican volunteers.

13th Edward L Ayer as Second Lieutenant Company I. First Regt Infantry New Mexican volunteers

J. C. Edgar Second Lieut Company F First Regt Cavalry of New Mexican volunteers.

18th George A Berkitt Captain Company E 1st Regt Infantry N. Mexican vols. vice Montoya
Wendell P Lyon First Lieut Do Do Do
Vincente Lucero Second " " " "

H. W. Lanier Captain Company B. 1st Regt Infantry
Jesus Mª Baca First Lieut " " " "
Pedro Sanchez. Second " " " "
21st James D Cannon First Lieut Company K 1st Regt Infy

23d The Governor this day approved the following and memorial passed by the Legislative asse.

Memorial asking an appropriation for a road from Santa Fé to Taos.

An Act to divide precinct No. 2. of the County of

An Act Relative to agents attorneys and &c of Lawsuits in the Courts of this Territory.

A Joint Resolution, in rela

1864
Jany 23

An act declaring the duties of Major Domos in regard to Asaques in Santa Ana County

An act for the protection of the lives and property of the inhabitants of New Mexico

An act for the benefit of the County of Dona Ana

An entitled an act to distribute the Water in Precinct No. 4. in the Rito County of Rio Arriba

A Memorial asking an appropriation for the Completion of the Capitol and Penitentiary.

An act Concerning Sheriffs

A memorial asking an appropriation of Three Hundred Thousand Dollars for the militia of New Mexico.

An act creating an additional precinct in the County of Moro.

An act to amend an act concerning the construction of Jails in the different Counties.

An act in relation to the Rito Cerro Montoso in the precinct of Ocate in the County of Moro,

An act declaring the legitimate right of property under legal titles conceded by the authorities before the Treaty of Peace between the United States and the Republic of Mexico.

Joint Resolution asking the promotion of Capt Wm. H Lewis and Captain A.B. Carey.

An Act to incorporate the Copper mining Company of New Mexico. in the placer of San Francisco.

Feby 3.

The Governor appointed and Commissioned Jose Antonio Martinez of Taos Captain of Company 1st Division 2d Reg 1st Brigade of the Militia

1864
Feby 3 The Governor this day Commissioned
Capt Rafael Chacon of Company E 1st Cavalry
to be Major 1st Regt Cavalry N M Vols vice
A H C Mayer resigned

Saturnino Baca Captain Company E 1st Cavalry
vice Chacon promoted.

Juan Marques 1st Lieut Company B 1st Cavalry
vice David McAllister resigned.

Paul Dowling 1st Lieut Company F. " "
vice Baca promoted.

Jesus Maria Tafolla 2d Lieut Company F " "
vice Marques promoted.

Henry Becker 2d Lieut Company H " "
vice Dowling promoted.

The Governor approved Feby 1st the following viz.

An Act Concerning damages by animals in Dona Ana County
An Act to incorporate a company in different pursuits
" " Requiring certain duties from Probate Judges and Justices of the Peace in reference to animals whose owners are unknown.
A Special Act for the County of Santa Fé
Feby 3 a Resolution concerning printing laws and Journals of this session
A Resolution of thanks to the Colorado volunteers.
A " Asking publication of the Revenue Laws.
An Act requiring certain duties from every public officer
An Act relative to the annexation of Santa Ana County to the First Judicial District.
An Act Changing the County seat of San Miguel County
An Act to incorporate a company to repair the road in the Cañon of Mora
An Act relative to interpleaders in actions of attachment
An Act Relative to Bailes where liquors are sold
An Act defining and fixing precincts no 4 & 5 of the County of Santa Fé
An Act relative to extending the limits on the C of precinct No. 11. of the County of Rio Arriba
An Act amendatory On the Revenue [illegible] according to Law
An Act Relative to [illegible]

365-
1864
Feby 3.

An act Concerning the limits of the County of Santa Fé.

An act to provide for protection from the Navajoes and other hostile Indians.

INDEXED

An act Declaring the legitimacy of Maria Jacinta and others

4th Joint Resolution Giving time to Clerks to finish Records.

An act to attach the placita of Las Gallinas in the County of San Miguel. to the precinct of San Geronimo.

An act providing for the better regulation of the market house in Santa Fé.
An act amending the Criminal Law.
An act to Systematize and designate a Tax upon Pawnbroker Shops.
An act to Repeal a section in the Law creating the Office of Coroner.
An act amending the Militia Law
An act regulating Matrimony
An act Concerning an enclosure in the County of Taos

Feby 3d The Governor this day Commissioned Frank Higgins, Notary Public for Dona Ana County.

Feb. 6th 1864. The Secretary this day issued the following Commission: —

"Know all Men by these Presents, That I, W. F. M. Arny, Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico reposing confidence in the integrity and ability of Theodore S. Greiner, Esq., I do hereby appoint him Acting Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico and authorize him to perform the duties of said office during my absence to Washington City, and to attend to the duties thereof the same as if I was personally present.

Territory Seal of Secretary New Mexico

"In Testimony Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and official seal at Santa Fé, New Mexico this sixth day of February 1864."

(Signed) "W. F. M. Arny,
"Secretary Territory New Mexico."

"I, Theodore S. Greiner, appointed by W. F. M. Arny, Secretary of N. M. as Acting Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, this sixth day of February, 1864 — do solemnly swear that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought nor accepted nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever under any authority or pretended authority in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority power or constitution within the United States hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further swear that, to the best of my knowledge and ability I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties on which I am about to enter, So Help me God!"

"Theodore S. Greiner,
"Acting Secretary, N. M."

"Territory of New Mexico: County of Santa Fé — ss:
"I, Antonio Ortiz y Salazar Escribano de Pruebas do certify that the aforenamed Theodore S. Greiner on this sixth day of February, A.D., 1864, did personally appear and take and subscribe the oath of Office, as above, before me.

5 cent Revenue Stamp

(Signed) "Antonio Ortiz y Salazar
"Escribano de la Corte de Pruebas

367 -
1864

Feb. 11th. The Governor this day commissioned Nicolas Chavez Constable of Precinct No 8, in the County of Santa Fe.

Feb. 16 The Governor this day granted a license to Captain José Manuel Chavez, in command of a volunteer campaign against the Navajo Indians, according to the provisions of the act of the late Legislature approved February 20 1864. Said Captain having filed in the Secretary Office his roll of volunteers - fifty-five men - all of the County of Rio Arriba, N.M.

Feb. 19th The Governor this day issued a new Commission to E. Leon Chabois (commissioned Jan. 1st ult.) dating from November 12th, 1863, as First Lieutenant Company F. 1st Infantry N.M. Volunteers

Feb. 23d The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Saturnino Baca Captain of Company E. 1st Cavalry N.M. Volunteers, vice Chacon promoted; taking effect from this twenty-third day

Feb. 23d The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Cyrus H. DeForrest, Major 1st Infantry N.M. Volunteers, from this date

Feb. 29th The Governor this day appointed and commissioned, Edward Moore as First Lieutenant Co B, Candelario Gutierrez y Sandoval Second Lieutenant Co B 1st Infantry N.M. Volunteers from this date.

March The Governor this day appointed and commissioned William P. Minton Second Lieutenant Co K 1st Infantry, N.M. Vols.

March 9th ~~The Governor this day appointed and commissioned~~ The Governor this day pardoned Abalino Segura of the County of Santa Fe, who on the Thirteenth day of March AD 1863 by a judgment of the District Court of Santa Fe Co, was committed for ten years imprisonment for the Crime of Murder

March 11. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Lawrence G. Murphy Captain company G 1st N.M Cavalry to date from 1st of March.

March 11 The Governor this day appointed and commissioned William N. Lent Captain Co. G 1st Infantry N.M Vols ~~from date~~ vice George A Burtlett resigned.

1864

March 12th. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned
Jno. L. Viven, 2d Lieut. Co D, 1st Cav. N. M. Vols - from date, vice Mansell resigned.
The Governor this day appointed and commissioned
Thomas Holmes 1st Lieut Co. G. 1st Cav. N. M. Vols from Jan 1st 1864 vice Pottle Dismissed

March 13th. The Governor this day issued the following Commissions
Joseph Laughlin, 1st Lieut. Co. B, 1st Cav. N. M. Vols. to rank from March 13th 1864
Charles Haberkorn 1st Lieut. Co. E, 1st Cav. N. M. Vols, to rank from March 13th 1864 (vice Marques, not mustered in - resigned)
Simon L. Snyder 2d Lieut Co. A 1st Cav. N. M. Vols. to rank from March 13th 1864 vice Otiz resigned
Robt. Thompson, 2d Lieut Co. E 1st Cav N. M Vols to rank from March 13th 1864 vice Haberkorn promoted
vice Laughlin promoted Co B.

March 17th. The Governor this day issued a warrant for the delivery of certain fugitives from justice, Isidoro Gallegos and Buena Ventura Gallegos charged with the crimes of Larceny and obtaining Money under False Pretenses upon the affidavit of Theodore D. Wheaton of this Territory. To be delivered to Albert Archibald of Trinidad Huerfano County Colorado. Said Warrant directed to the Governor of the Territory of Colorado.

March 19th. The Governor this day appointed and commissioned
Jose Mates de Cordova First Lieutenant
Juan Biscarra Captain
Francisco Mtl Lujan Second Lieutenant
} to rank from date.
of the First Division of N. M. Militia.

March 19th The Governor this day sued out a writ of Replevin in the District Court of the County of Santa Fe, on the last day of the term, against Theodore S. Heiner, for the immediate possession of the Seal of the Territory of New Mexico - and summoning the said person to appear at the August term. Said Seal has been uniformly kept in the office of Secretary of the Territory and has been uniformly applied in that office by the Secretary to all Executive Documents, and was left in this office by the Secretary and for which the Acting Secretary is held responsible. The Sheriff and party with heavy clubs took hold of the Acting Secretary at noon on this day and demanded instant possession of the Seal. The Acting Secretary asked time to consult the U. S. District Attorney and was told by the Sheriff that he the said Sheriff was commanded not to let one moment pass. The Acting Secretary asked the Sheriff to accompany him to the U. S. District Attorney's office. This was denied for the same reason. The Attorney General of the Territory standing in the door leading to the Executive, with a club cane, shouted to the Sheriff not to let one man pass & immediately execute his writ. Thereupon the Acting Secretary asked the Sheriff to accompany him to the Governor & the aid of the Sheriff entered the office. The Acting Secretary asked to in the office, with the Sheriff and party at the door to wait U. S. District Attorney should arrive. The Attorney General to the Sheriff immediately

36 1
1864

March 19 At this moment the District Attorney appeared. The Sheriff & party and Attorney General each with clubs conducted the Acting Secretary to this office, the Attorney General violently waving his club cane and shouting to the Sheriff frantically. The case was presented to the District Attorney and he counseled immediate delivery whereupon the Acting Secretary then delivered to the Sheriff the Seal.

March 19th 1864. On the 7th of March the Governor addressed a note to the Acting Secretary requesting him to issue a Commission to Demetrio Perez as Territorial Librarian. The Acting Secretary replied respectfully declining to issue a Commission as there was no vacancy in the office of Librarian. The Governor at various times held conversations with the Acting Secretary. The Acting Secretary respectfully & repeatedly declared that if he the Governor would obtain from the Chief Justice an opinion or order on the point in dispute the existence of a legal vacancy, that the Commission would at once be issued. With daily visits to and from the Chief Justice no such opinion or order has been obtained. The Governor on the 17th inst. prepared a Commission & early this morning asked from the Acting Secretary the Seal, which the Acting Secretary holding himself responsible for respectfully refused. Whereupon the Seal was forcibly wrested from the possession of this office by replevin, and was attached to the said Commission by the Governor and countersigned by "John Watts, private Secretary in the absence of the Secretary."

March 21st. On Monday this 21st day the appointee Demetrio Perez obtained free possession of the Library, the U.S. District Attorney counseling the surrender (under protest of the Librarian in actual possession thereof) and the said appointee presenting the Commission issued by the Governor, and countersigned & sealed by —

("John Watts, private Secretary in the absence of the Secretary of the Territory.") — The Governor informing the Acting Secretary that the appointee had given bond and had taken the Oath of Office —

Commissions Civil and Military

1864.

March 30th — The Governor this commissioned, José Maria Sanchez, 1st Lieutenant Co. "B" 1st Cavalry N. M. Volunteers, vice Langhlin resigned, to rank from March 28th 1864.

" " — The Governor this commissioned, Ernst Falck, 2nd Lieut. Co. "M." 1st Cav. N. M. Vols. vice Sanchez promoted. Rank from March 28. 1864.

April 1st — The Governor this day commissioned, José Maria Chavez, Justice of the Peace, for the County of Doña Ana, Precinct No. 1.

" " — The Governor this day commissioned, José Antonio Montoya, Constable, for the County of Doña Ana Precinct No. 1.

April 2nd — The Governor this day commissioned, Pedro Montoya, Justice of the Peace, for the County of Santa Fé.

1864.

Commissions Civil & Military.

April 18th. The Governor this day commissioned Frank Harder as 2d Lt. "E" 1st Inf'y Cal Vols. First Lieutenant Co. "H" 1st Inf'y N. M. Vols vice Miller resigned, to rank from April 18th 1864.

" 21st. The Governor this day commissioned Chas. A. Bergen as 2d Lt "H" 1st Inf'y Cal Vols. Chas. Lt. 1st Lt "F" 1st Inf'y N. M. Vols. to rank from April 21. 1864.

" 28th. The Governor this day commissioned John H. Short Surgeon 1st Inf'y. New Mexico Volunteers to rank from April 28th 1864.

" 29th. The Governor this day Commissioned Joseph W. Riggs First Lieutenant 1st Inf'y. N. M. Vols. to rank from May 1st 1864.

May 5th Secretary W. F. M. Arny returned from Washington City

May 6. This day the Governor handed to Secretary Arny the seal of the Territory which had been taken out of the possession of Theodore S Greiner, in whose custody it was left by the Secretary of the Territory.

The Governor this day made a requisition upon the Governor of the State of Chihuahua Republic of Mexico for John C. Nelson charged with the forgery of certain drafts of the United States and stealing other drafts. which charges are made upon the deposition of Capt Samuel Archer 5th U.S. Infantry.

12th The Governor this day commissioned Juan Francisco Montoya Justice of the Peace and Jose Toribio Montoya Constable elected at a special election for Santa Fe County.

21st The Governor this day Commissioned Wm H. Lent Captain Company "E" 1st Regt Infantry to date from March 11th 1864. (See entry on Book March 11th 64 commission renewed.)

28th See Below

30th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned J. M. Giddings to be a Notary Public in and for the County of San Miguel.

Agapito Tafoya Justice of the Peace for First Precinct Santa Ana County to take effect from March 28th 1864. previous to which time he was elected.

28th The Governor this day appointed Diego Archuleta to be a Commissioner to revise the Code in place of Segundo Pino Deceased.

30th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Thomas Fitch to be Commissioner of Deeds for the Territory of New Mexico to reside in Nevada Territory. (Virginia City)

June 2. The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Julius C. Shaw to be Major First Cavalry Volunteers vice Sena Resigned. To Rank as such.

371
1864

June 3d The Governor this day appointed and commissioned Joseph Felmer as Second Lieutenant Company "I" First Regiment Infantry, vice Edward E Ayres, Resigned

INDEX

4th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned John W. Ellis as Second Lieutenant Company "D" First Regiment Infantry New Mexican volunteers to rank from April 30th 1864 vice Manuel Sanchez y Zamora Resigned.

10th The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Sylvester Rankin As Assistant Surgeon First Regiment Infantry N Mexican volunteers.

Donaciano Montoya to be Captain of Company "I" 1st Regiment Cavalry vice Julius C Shaw Promoted to Rank from May 12th 1864

First Lieut Nicholas Hodt to be Captain of Company "B" First Cavalry vice Everett Cashurd to Rank from May 28th 1864.

Second Lieut Abraham M Kanouse to be First Lieut Company "L" First Regiment Cavalry, vice Montoya promoted to rank from May 12th 1864

2d Lieut George W. Campbell to be First Lieut of Company "C" 1st Cavalry vice Hodt promoted to rank from 28th 1864.

Michael Cronin, to be Second Lieutenant of Company "I", First Cavalry vice Jafolla whose commission was revoked to rank from this date

Andres Herrera to be Second Lieut Company "C" First Regt Cavalry vice Kanouse promoted to rank from this date.

George C. Strong to be Second Lieutenant Company "B" First Cavalry vice Campbell promoted. To Rank from this date

June 25th 1864 The Governor this day commissioned Thomas Coghlan 2d Lieut Co A 1st Infantry vice Juan Olimaco Tapia. Promoted,

July 6th The Governor this day commissioned Encarnacion Trujillo as Constable for Precinct No. 1. County of Taos

" " Jose Mª Cortes Constable Precinct No 4 County of Taos.

July 8. The Governor this day Commissioned H. H. C. Harrison 2d Lieut Co. E. 1st Reg Infantry vice Vincente Lucero Resigned.

18th The Governor this day Commissioned Capt Henry A. Greene as Major First Regt Infant N. Mexican Vols. vice Cyrus De Forest declined

August 2d The Governor this day Commissioned M. Bloomfield as a Notary Public within and for the County of Mora.

Sept 6. The Governor this day Commissioned Jose Trujillo First Lieut. Co. B. First Reg Inft vice Edwd Moore Resigned

James M Morrison 2d Lieut Co C 1st Regt Infantry vice Trujillo promoted.

Richard D. Russell 2d Lieut Co H. vice Wm M. Smith Resigned.

9 The Gov. this day Commissioned Charles F. Shoemaker Notary Public within and for the County of Mora.

Henry M Bigelow Notary Public within and for the County of San Miguel

The Governor this day Commissioned the following officers for the County of Santa Fe

	Justice of Peace	Constables
Precinct 1.	Jesus Maria Ortiz	Jesus Maria Montoya
2.	Juan Rafael Jimenes	Vincente Ortiga
3.	Ramon Sena	~~Francisco~~ Coletano Gonzales
4.	Aniseto Abeytia	Prefecto Baca
5.	Jesus Romero	Bernardo Romero
6.	Nicholas Pino	Ignacio Naranjo
7	Augustine Ramires	[illegible]
8.	Jose Manuel Sandoval	
9.	Victor [illegible]	

37

1864

Sept. 13th The Governor this day commissioned the following officers for the County of Bernalillo.

Precinct	Justice of Peace	Constable
No. 1.	Antonio Silva	[redacted]
" 2.	Ubaldo Garcia	Juan Jose Cordova
" 3.	Antonio Lerma.	Mariano Chaves,
" 4.	Manuel Garcia.	Jose Guadalupe Ortega
" 5.	Antonio Aragon	John A Hill
" 6.	Francisco Chaves 2d	Juan de Dios Padilla
" 7	Vincente Samora.	Luciano Mora,
" 8	Atanacio Montoya	Jose Miguel Marez
" 9	Luiz Sanchez	Manuel Ant° Jaramillo
" 10	Nicholas Garcia	Jesus Gutierrez
" 11	Mateo de Luna.	Pedro Gallegos.
" 12		
" 13.	Simon H. Smith.	Jacob Smith.

Sept 14th The Governor this day commissioned the following officers for the County of Santa Ana.

Precinct	Justice of Peace	Constables
1.	Juan A Garcia	David Aragon
2.	Aniceto Chaves	Jose Mª Atencio.
3.	Esmeregildo Sanchez	Pedro Baca.

15th The Governor this day commissioned the following officers for the County of San Miguel.

Juan Romero sheriff.

Precinct	Justice of Peace	Constables.
No. 1.	Car Casados.	Jose Abeyel
2	Jgg Flores.	Jose De J Ortiz
3	Pascual Baca	Migl Trujillo
4	Cruz Gutierrez	P. Maldonado
5	Nepo Luzero	Oscar Maes.
6	Nepom Martin.	Ferm Padilla
7	Francisco Armijo.	Jesus Gonzales
8		
9	Lorenzo Tafoya	Guad Padilla
10	Man Flores,	Jose Anallo,
11	J. J. Crispin	Franc° Martin
12		
13	Jose R Mestes	Salv Arguella
14	Archibeque	M Sanchez,
	Otero	Nat Gardunio

1864

September 16th

The Governor this day commissioned the following officers for the County of Taos.

Precinct	Justice of Peace	Constables
No. 1.	Gillermo Trujillo	Miguel Archuletta
2	Ignacio Pacheco	Francisco Rivas
3	Jose Domingo Mondragon	Mateo Casias
4	Benigno Valdez	Juan Pablo Garcia
5	Manuel Martinez	Jose Antn Trujillo
6	Jesus Maria Lucero	Teodore Sanchez
7	Matias Ortega	Pedro Sisneros
8	Juan Biscarra	Juan de Jesus Vigil
9	Felipe Montoya	Antonio Lucero
10.	Juan Romero	Marcelo Vigil.

16th

County of Valencia

Precinct	Justice of Peace	Constables
No 1	Carlos Ma del Corral	Anto Otero.
2	Pablo Padilla	Manuel Casias
3	Anastacio Montoya	Pablo Gallegos
4	Pablo Chavez	Jesus Ma Trujillo
5	Luciano Trujillo	Jesus Lucas
6	Juan Rafael Otero	Jose Maldonado
7	Alexandro Dirimon	Francisco Trujillo
8	Jose Lion Telles.	Jose Manuel Chavez
9	Pable Pino	Jose Senterio Ruiz
10	Juan Rey Pino	Marcos Romero
11.	Vincente Sanchez	Ramon Sisneros.

Sept 17th The Governor this day commissioned the following officers for — the County of Rio Arriba

Precinct	Justice of Peace	Constables
No 1	Manuel Gregory Martinez	Antonio Griego
2	Mates Chacon	Toribio Martin
3	Jose Pablo Jaramillo	Juan Antn de Herrera
4	Jose Tomas Montano	Toribo Archuleta
5	Geronimo Gallegos.	Manuel Trujillo
6	Franco Antn Sena	Francisco Rodrigues
7	Decidero Valdez	Antonio Mansanares
8	Jose Ysidoro Martinez	Jose Antn Duran
9	Baltazar Martin	Matias Velasques
10	Francisco Mansanares	Felipe Nerio Madrid
11	Miguel Trujillo	Juan Espinosa
12	Jose Antn Velasques.	Bernavel
13	Florencio Borrego.	Juan Ma
14	Jose Pablo Archuletta	[illegible]
15	no Returns	
16		

37 1864

Sept 19th The Governor this day commissioned the following Officers for the **County of Socorro**.

Precinct	Justice of Peace	Constables
No. 1.	Andres Romero.	Canuto Torres
2	Manuel Lopez	Juan Luna
3	Pablo Padilla	Luis Chavez
4	Jesus Baca	Reyes Cicias
5	Pablo Cordova	Jesus Mª Barela
6	Pablo Montoya	Andres Montoya
7	Francisco Antº Gonzalez	no election
8	Marcos Barela	Jose Trinidad Santiganu
9	Antonio Gonzales	Martin Vaca
10	Rafael Tafoya	Jose Chavez
11	Camilo Baca	Jose Bonifacio Pena
12.	Feliz Trujillo.	Ambrocio Velasquez

Sept 20th

County of Mora

Precinct	Justice of Peace	Constables
No. 1	Tomas Mª Carences	Rumaldo Martin
2	Julian Gonzales	Agapito Medina
3	Felipe Tafoya	Juan Vigil
4		
5	Lorenzo Romero	Juan Montoya
6	Felipe Trujillo	Ramon Trujillo
7	Juan Armijo	Tomas Baris
8.	Casimiro Espinosa	Vidal Duran
9.	Agapito Vigil	Manuel Mitotes

Sept 21st The Governor this day Commissioned Barry Mumford as First Lieut and Regimental Quarter Master First Regt Infantry New Mexican Vols.

Also W. W. Griffin to be a Notary Public within and for the County of Santa Fe.

22 The Governor this day appointed and Commissioned Wm H. Henrie as District Attorney of 2nd Judicial District

1864

Sept 22 The Governor this day commissioned the following officers for the County of Dona Ana

Precinct	Justice of Peace	Constables
1	Antonio Montolo	Neris Trujillo
2	Liberato Melendez	Jose Maria Perea
3	Evangelisto Perez	Antonio Calles
4	Domingo Cubero	Ygnacio Guerra
5	Marcellino Gallegos	Jesus Salazar
6	Victor Pineda	Gorgonio Dias
7	Sisto Garcia	Antonino Lobato
8	Eugenio Moreno.	Filipe Aranda
9		
10	Luciano Dabalos.	Pedro Chavez

Oct 8th

Hon Sidney A Hubbell associate Justice of the U. States this day filed the following — oaths of office and allegiance, to wit

United States of America
Territory of New Mexico }

I, Sydney A Hubbell of the Territory of New Mexico having been appointed an "Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of New Mexico" do solemnly swear that — I will support the Constitution of the United States and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of my said office.
So help me God. Sydney A. Hubbell
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of October A.D. 1864

W. F. M. Arny
Secretary Territory
New Mexico

377

OATH OF OFFICE

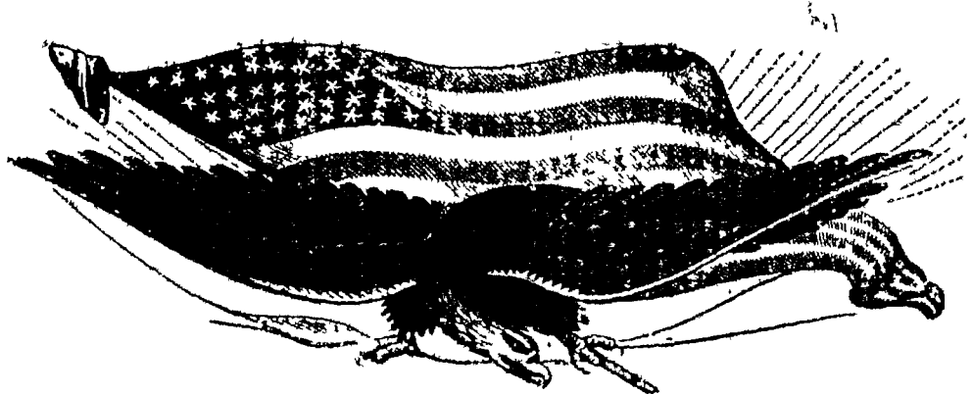
AND ALLEGIANCE

—TO THE—

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

I, Sydney A. Hubbell of the ~~County of~~ Territory of New Mexico having been appointed and commissioned as an associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of New Mexico do solemnly swear, that I have never, voluntarily, borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encourgement, to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought, nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise, the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution, within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further swear that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion. And ~~I do further swear, that I will perform faithfully and truly to the best of my ability all the duties of my said office.~~ that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. *So help me God.*

Sydney A. Hubbell



United States of America
TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO, } ss:
~~County of~~

I, W. F. M. Arny Secretary Territory do certify, that the aforenamed Sydney A. Hubbell, on this Eighth day of October, A. D. 1864 did personally appear and take and subscribe the oath, as above, before me.

W. F. M. Arny
Secretary Territory
New Mexico

Oct 19th The Governor this day Commissioned I. Boniface Chaves as a Notary Public within and for the County of Valencia,

1864
Nov 4th The Governor this day pardoned Manuel Cardenas who was convicted at the September term of the United States court held at Taos, of the crime of murder in the 5th degree and sentenced to imprisonment for three years said pardon to take effect so soon as he shall pay the costs of his arrest and conviction to the proper officers of this Territory

25th The Governor this day Commissioned Georges Gwither as Surgeon of First Regt. New Mexican Cavalry

also Redusindo Chaves as Sheriff of San Miguel County
And Benigno Montano Justice of the Peace for Precinct No. 9. of San Miguel County

Decr 7th The Governor this day delivered the following message to the two Houses of the Legislative assembly of New Mexico.

379

1864

Decr 7th The Governor this day Commissioned Juan Ciriaco Tapia First Lieut Company "A" First Infantry vice Lane promoted.

1865

January 2. The Governor this day approved the following acts

An act creating a precinct in the County of Valencia,

An act for the Relief of W. H. Manderfield -

Jany 11th

An act entitled an act assigning Hon Sidney A Hubbell Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of New Mexico

13th The Governor this day Commissioned Reyes Escontrias as Sheriff of Dona Ana County

This Governor this day approved the following acts

An act providing for the better regulation of the Market House that has been established in the County of Santa Fé.

An act ~~entitled~~ of an act requiring the Courts of the Justice of the Peace of Precinct No. 3. of the County of Taos to be held at the Town of San Francisco del Rancho.

18th An act Prescribing the duties of the Mayordomos that will be necessary upon a new acequia leading at the mouth of the Acequia of the Mill of A S Otero in the third Precinct Tomé in the County of Valencia.

An act to prevent cultivation on the Trinchas River above the land now cultivated.

An act to repeal an act concerning the Distribution of Water at El Rito in the County of Rio Arriba.

DEXED

An act declaring the Legitimacy of Francisco Otero and Maria Ursula Ortega.

1865

Jany 18th The Governor this day approved the following acts.

An act to amend the Law concerning Assault and Battery

An act Concerning mining Claims.

A Special act for the County of Santa Fé.

24th An act Relative to the Revision of the Statutes

An act to incorporate the Alburquerque Bridge Company

A memorial to Congress in regard to a mail route

26th An act to provide for the payment of certain expenses in the publication of the Revised Code.

30th a memorial to Congress in regard to Indians on Santa Fé road.—

An act Increasing the Pay of Jurors serving in the District Court and prescribing that the of other officials employed in the same Courts in the several Counties of this Territory.

An act for the Relief of the Secretary of the Council and Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the present Legislative assembly

An act to open and establish a public road from Las Cruces to La Mesilla in the County of Dona Ana.

An act to incorporate a company for the Construction of a wagon road in the County of Taos. across the mountains by way of the placed called the Piedros Colorados.

An Act declaring Maria Luisa daughter of Eugenia Litensdorfer And Maria Jeresa Galle to be the legitimate Chied and heiress as Chied of the said Eugene Litensdorfer

381

1865

February 1st The Governor this day approved the following

" An Act providing for the punishments of Indians

" " An Act to prevent fraudulent Sales of any Kind of Animals

" " An Act declaring a public highway the road from the town of San Jose de la Cebolla to the town of Santa Gertrudes in the County of Mora

" " An Act Special for the County of Taos

" " An Act Special for Precinct number Eight Galisteo in the County of Santa Fe

" " An Act concerning Public pasture grounds

" 2nd An Act approrating funds to pay the expenses of freight in the transportation of the Territorial arms

" " An Act to Incorporate this city of Las Vegas

" " An Act Special providing for two or three Mayordomas upon the Acequia Madre watering the cultivated lands from its head to its mouth in the precinct number one in the County of Mora

" " An Act repealing the fifth Section of a Special Act approved January 25 1862 concerning enclosures in Precinct number three in the County of Mora

" " An Act amendatory of an Act approved January 23d 1864 entitled an act to incorporate the Gold and Copper Mining Company of New Mexico at the Placer of San Francisco

" " An Act concerning the Supreme Court

" " An Act concerning property exempt from Execution and Distraint

" " An Act Special for the precinct number nine in the County of Mora.

" 7th The Governor this day approved the following promotions and Appointments in the Second Regiment of Cavalry New Mexican Volunteers John W Peary 1st Cavy. N. M. Vols. Promoted to 2nd Lieutenant Co. "C" of that regiment vice Ramirez Promoted and Herrera declined

1865

February 7 The Governor this day approved the following promotions and appointments in the first Regiment of Cavalry New Mexican Volunteers

" Major Ethan W Eaton to be Lieutenant Colonel vice Chavez mustered out of service, to rank from November 23d 1864

" " Captain Edward A Bergman of company "F" to be Major vice Chacon mustered out of service, to rank from September 3d 1864

" " Captain Hibert A Pfeiffer of company "A" to be Major vice Eaton promoted, to rank from November 23d 1864

" 1st Lieutenant Charles M Hubbell of Company "A" to be Captain of company "F" vice Bergman promoted to rank from September 3d 1864

" " 1st Lieutenant Peter Bishop of company "M" to be Captain of company "A" vice Pfeiffer promoted, to rank from November 23d 1864

" " 2nd Lieutenant John C Drennan of company "F" to be First Lieutenant of Company "F" vice Dowlin appointed Regimental Commissary, to rank from July 2d 1864

" " 2d Lieutenant James C Edgar Co "C" to be 1st Lieutenant of company "D" vice Quintana resigned to rank from July 25th 1864

" 2nd Lieutenant Louis O Faringhy of company "L" to be 1st Lieutenant of company "A" vice Gilbert Killed in battle, to rank from August 26th 1864

" " 2nd Lieutenant John L Vivian of company "D" to be 1st Lieutenant of company "A" vice Hubbell promoted, to rank from September 3d 1864

" 2nd Lieutenant Henry C Becker of company "A" to 1st Lieutenant of company "M" vice Bishop promoted to rank from November 23d 1864

" 2nd Lieutenant Robert Thompson of company "E" to be 1st Lieutenant of company "L" vice Faringhy resigned to rank from February 5th 1865

" Private W A Rhodes, 1st Cavalry California Volunteers to be 2d Lieutenant of company "D" vice Edgar promoted.

" 1st Sergeant Peter Day of company "M" to be second Lieutenant of company "A" vice Becker promoted

" Private Joseph A De Hague, 1st Cavalry California Volunteers, to be second Lieutenant of company "L" vice Faringhy promoted

" 1st Sergeant Stephen G Williams of Company "D" to be second Lieutenant company "M" vice Pfeiffer resigned.

383
1865

February 8th The Governor this day approved the following promotions, in the 1st Cavy. N. M. Vols. J. McCurn 1st Sergt. of Santa Fe N. M. to be second Lieutenant in company "D" vice Snyder resigned

" The Governor this day appointed and commissioned with the advice and consent of the Council the following civil officers

Charles P. Clever Attorney General

William A. Henry District Attorney second District

Frank Higgins District Attorney third District

Tiburcio Delgado Territorial Treasurer

Estevanio Vigil Territorial Auditor

Demetrio Perez Territorial Librarian

Febry. 13th The Governor this day commissioned John Ayers Second Lt. Co. K. 1st Cav. vice Withers resigned

" " This day the Gov. commissioned Thomas V. Keams Second Lt. 1st Cav. to be assigned by Gen. Carleton.

" 14 The Governor this day commissioned Thomas T. Bartlett, 2nd Lieutenant 1st Cavalry, N. M. Vols. vice Drennon promoted.

" " The Governor this day commissioned Charles Kast, as Second Lieutenant 1st Cavalry, N. M. Vols. vice Viven. promoted. [See the following entry].

" 15. The Governor this day revoked the foregoing named commission issued to Charles Kast as a Second Lieutenant in the 1st Cavalry New Mexican Volunteers, vice Vivu promoted.

" 15 The Governor this day commissioned Lieut. Colonel Francisco P. Abreu 1st. Infantry, New Mexican Volunteers, to be Colonel 1st. Infantry, New Mexican Volunteers, vice Selden deceased, to rank from February 9. 1865.

" 15 The Governor this day commissioned Major Edward B. Willis, 1st. Infantry, New Mexican Volunteers, to be Lieutenant Colonel 1st. Infantry, New Mexican Volunteers, vice Abreu promoted, to rank from February 9, 1865.

" 15. The Governor this day commissioned George N. Pettis, as First Lieutenant of company "F" 1st. Infantry, New Mexican Volunteers vice Du Bois resigned, to rank from this date.

[illegible] 9. [illegible]or this day appointed Captain Lyman N. De Forrest 2d Colorado Cavalry as his Private Secretary Pro tem, [illegible] the absence of John Watts Private Secretary.

1865.

February 23. The Governor, this 23d day of February 1865, appointed and commissioned Joseph Lathrop as a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the State of Missouri.

" 23. The Governor this 23d day of February 1865, Appointed and Commissioned Thomas Sadler, as a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the State of New York.

" 24 The Governor this 24th day of February 1865, pardoned Antonio Gonzales who was, on the 18th day of February 1865, committed to the jail of Santa Fé, County, by the Justice of the Peace of said county, in default of the payment of the sum of twenty five dollars for the crime of personal injury; the said Gonzales, by this pardon, is restored to all the rights, privileges and immunities of a citizen, which by the sentence of the court were forfeited to him.

March 6th The Governor this 6th day of March 1865 appointed and commissioned Thomas Blaney Second Lieutenant, Co. "K." 1st Infy. N. M. Vols. vice Minton resigned to rank from this date.

" 10th The Governor this 10th day of March 1865 appointed and commissioned Christian Von Hasse as a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City of New York

" " The Governor this 10th day of March 1865 commissioned Nicolas Martinez a Justice of the Peace in the County of Doña Ana Precinct No 7

" " The Governor this 10th day of March 1865 commissioned Nemecio Nabarrete a Constable in the County of Doña Ana Precinct No 7.

" The Governor this 10th day of March 1865 commissioned James H. Tanfield Second Lieut. Co. "D." 1st Cav. N. M. Vols. vice Vivian promoted to rank from this date.

" 17th The Governor this day pardoned Dolores Montoya, who was on the 6th day of Aug. 1864 by a judgement of the District Court of Santa Fé County sentenced to pay a fine of Fifty Dollars for the crime of permitting gambling in her house.

" 18th The Governor this eighteenth day of March commissioned H. D. Thorn a Notary Public in and for the County of Socorro.

March 23. The Governor on this twenty third day of March 1865, appointed Captain Lewis N. De Forrest of the 2d Colorado Cavalry as his Private Secretary, Pro tem. to act as such during the absence of John Watts Private Secretary de facto.

TERRITORIAL OATH OF OFFICE

AND ALLEGIANCE

—TO THE—

GOVERNMENT OF THE [redacted]

April 30th The Governor this 30th day of March 1865 appointed and commissioned Henry C. Rhodes, as Second Lieutenant of company "G" 1st. Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, vice Edgar promoted, to rank from February 7. 1865. This commission is issued in lieu of one issued by mistake to Hilario N. Rhodes on the 7th of February 1865.

April 3d The Governor, this 3d day of April 1865, pardoned George S. Clark, who was, at the March Term of the District Court held in the County of San Miguel, New Mexico, convicted of the crime of Murder in the Fifth Degree.

April 8th The Governor, this eighth day of April 1865, issued commissions as follows:

To First Lieutenant Thomas Henderson of company "I." 1st. Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, a commission as Captain in in Company "C." of that regiment vice Marion resigned. to rank from April 1, 1865.

To Second Lieutenant Michael Cronin of company "I." 1st. Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, a commission as First Lieutenant of Company "A." of that regiment vice Fainghy resigned, to rank from April 1. 1865.

To Second Lieutenant George C. Strong of company "B." 1st. Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, a commission as First Lieutenant of Company "G." of that regiment vice Holmes resigned. to rank from April 1, 1865.

To Second Lieutenant John Ayers of company "K." 1st. Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, a commission as First Lieutenant of Company "I." of that regiment vice Henderson promoted, to rank from April 1. 1865.

To Thomas H. Smith of Company "A." 1st. Veteran Infantry, California Volunteers, a commission as Second Lieutenant of Company "I." 1st. Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, vice Cronin promoted, to rank from April 1, 1865.

To Robert N. Whatley of Company "B." 1st. Cavalry, California Volunteers, a commission as Second Lieutenant of Company "B." 1st. Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, vice Strong promoted, to rank from April 1, 1865.

To Sergeant Hugh J. Needham of Company "M." 1st. Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, a commission as Second Lieutenant of Company "K." of that regiment, vice Ayers promoted. to rank from April 1, 1865.

April 10th The Governor this tenth day of April 1865. appointed and commissioned Major Julius C. Shaw of the 1st Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, as Lieutenant Colonel of that regiment vice Eaton resigned, to rank from this date.

April 26. The Governor this twenty sixth day of April 1865, appointed and commissioned Sergeant Severiano Rivera of company "G." 1st. Infantry New Mexican Volunteers, as Second Lieutenant of that company vice Sanches resigned to rank from this date.

The Governor this twenty seventh day of April 1865, appointed and commissioned Jesus Ribera as Judge of Probate in and for the County of Socorro, Territory of New Mexico, he, the said Ribera, having been duly elected as such.

1865.

May 1. The Governor this First day of May 1865. appointed and commissioned the following named persons as Justices of the Peace in and for the County of San Miguel, Territory of New Mexico, for the Precincts as set opposite the name of each respectively.

Santiago Trujillo,	Precinct No. 3.	San Miguel County.
Hilario Gonzales,	Precinct No. 7.	San Miguel County.
Antonio Vigil	Precinct No. 8.	San Miguel County.

May 10. The Governor this Tenth day of May 1865, appointed and commissioned José Manuel Gallegos as Territorial Treasurer of the Territory of New Mexico, vice Felipe Delgado resigned.

" 10. The Governor this tenth day of May 1865, appointed and commissioned First Lieutenant Patrick Healy of Company "D." 1st Infantry, New Mexican Volunteers, as Captain of Company "E" of that regiment vice Lent dismissed, to rank from May 7, 1865.

" 10. The Governor this tenth day of May 1865, appointed and commissioned Second Lieutenant Joseph Felsner of Company "I." 1st. Infantry, New Mexican Volunteers, as First Lieutenant of Company "D." of that regiment vice Healy, promoted, to rank from May 7. 1865.

" 13. The Governor this thirteenth day of May 1865, appointed and commissioned, 2° Lieutenant John W. Peary of Company "C." 1st. Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, to be First Lieutenant of Company "B." of that regiment vice José Maria Sanchez resigned, to rank from this date.

" 15. The Governor this fifteenth day of May 1865, appointed and commissioned Inocencio Martinez as a Justice of the Peace in and for the County of Taos, Precinct Number One (1) Territory of New Mexico, the said Martinez having been elected to that office.

" 24 The Governor this day twenty fourth of May 1865, remitted the fine in the case of Concencion Aguirre who was tried before Anecito Abeyta Justice of the Peace in and for the County of Santa Fé, on the 22° of May 1865.

" 25. The Governor this twenty fifth day of May 1865, commissioned Guadalupe Arcia as Justice of the Peace, in and for the County of Mora Precinct No. 7. the said Arcia having been duly elected to that office.

" 27. The Governor this 27th day of May 1865, remitted a fine which had been imposed upon Juana Sandoval in a Justice court in the County of Santa Fé before Anieto Abeytia, Justice of the Peace, May 1865. Fine remitted $27.—

" 30. The Governor this 30th day of May 1865, appointed and commissioned 1st. Lieutenant George H. Pettis "F" 1st. Infantry, New Mexican Volunteers, to be First Lieutenant and Adjutant of that regiment vice Rigg not to rank from June 1st 1865.

387

1865.

June 13. The Governor this 13th day of June A.D. 1865, appointed and commissioned the following named Justices of the Peace in and for the County of Santa Fé, they having been duly elected to that office:

Pedro Montoya. Precinct Number Seven (7.) County of Santa Fé.
Desiderio Gomes, Precinct Number Nine (9.) County of Santa Fé.

INDEXED

" 13. The Governor, this 13th day of June A.D. 1865, appointed Captain John Thompson of company "K." 1st Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, as Major of that regiment vice Shaw promoted to rank from June 13. 186

" 17 The Governor, this 17th day of June A.D. 1865, appointed and commissioned Stephen B. Elkins, as District Attorney, in and for the Second Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico.

22 Hon Sydney A Hubbell associate Judge filed the following oaths on this day.

July 3 The Governor this 3rd day of July 3rd A.D. 1865 appointed and commissioned Thomas T. Bartlett as 1st Lieutenant and Regimental Quartermaster 1st Cavalry New Mexican Volunteers vice Stevens resigned to rank from July 3. 1865.

July 20. The Governor this 20th day of July A.D. 1865. appointed and commissioned James H. Fairfield (awaiting muster as 2d Lieutenant of Company "D" 1st Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers) as First Lieutenant and Adjutant of the First Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, vice Murphy promoted, to rank from July 4. 1865.

July 29 The Governor this 29th day of July A.D. 1865, appointed and commissioned William B. Moores a Notary Public in and for the county of Santa Fé, Territory of New Mexico.

August 12. The Governor this 12th day of August A.D. 1865, appointed and commissioned Lyman M. De Forrest as First Lieutenant of Company "F." 1st. Infantry, New Mexican Volunteers, vice Pettis appointed Adjutant, to rank as such from the 1st day of June A.D. 1865.

" 17 The Governor this 17th day of August 1865, appointed and commissioned Captain Nicolas Quintana of Company "A." 1st Infantry, New Mexican Volunteers to be Major of that regiment vice Willis promoted to rank from August 17 1865.

" 19. The Governor this 19th day of August 1865. made the following appointments in the 1st Infantry New Mexican Volunteers, to rank from this date,

1st. Lieut. James Mann of Company "I." to be Captain of Company "A." vice Quintana promoted.
2d Lieut John M. Ellis " " "D" to be 1st. Lieut. " " "I." vice Mann promoted.
2d Lieut. Candelario Martinez " " "B." " " 1st. Lieut. " " "K." vice Leamon deceased.
2d Lieut Charles E. Bergen, " " "F." " " 1st. Lieut. " " "G." vice Lewis resigned.

" 25. The Governor this 25th day of August 1865. made the following appointments, and issued commissions accordingly in the 1st. Cavalry, New Mexican Volunteers, to rank from this date: viz:

1st. Lieut. Antonio Abeytia of Company "K." to be Captain of Company "K." vice Thompson promoted.
2d Lieut. Edwin J. Edgar of Company "A." to be 1st. Lieutenant of Company "K" vice Abeytia, promoted.

1865

August 5th Hon Joab Houghton this filed the following oath of office and allegiance. viz-

OATH OF OFFICE

AND ALLEGIANCE

—TO THE—

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

I Joab Houghton Territory of New Mexico of ~~the county of~~ having been appointed and commissioned as an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of New Mexico do solemnly swear, that I have never, voluntarily, borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encourgement, to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought, nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise, the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution, within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further swear that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion. And ~~I do further swear, that I will perform faithfully and truly to the best of my ability all the duties of my said office.~~ that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the Office in which I am about to enter. *So help me God.*

J. Houghton

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO, } ss.
County of Santa Fe

I, W. W. Griffin, Notary Public for said County do certify, that the aforenamed Joab Houghton, on this fifth day of August, A. D. 1865, did personally appear and to be bound subscribe the oath, as above, before me.

Witness my hand and Notarial Seal

W. W. Griffin, Notary Public
Santa Fe, New Mexico

W. W. Griffin.
Notary Public
Santa Fe. Co.
New Mexico

~~Territorial~~ Oath of ~~Office~~ ~~and~~ Allegiance

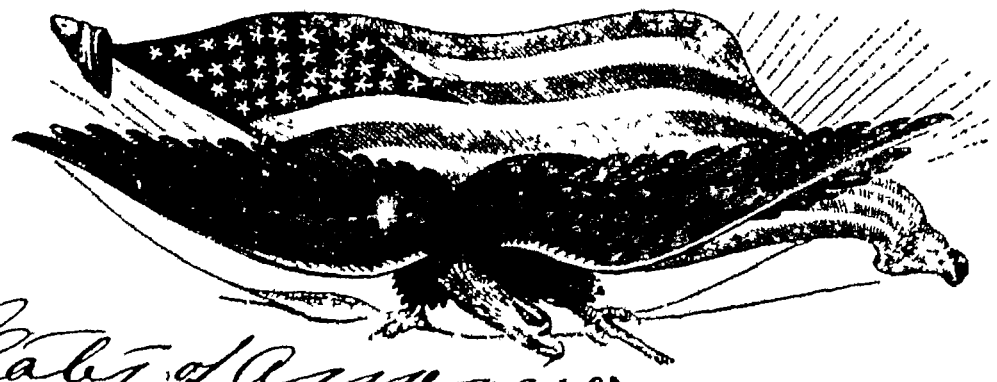
TO THE

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

I, Sydney A. Stubbed of the ~~County~~ Territory of New Mexico, having been appointed and commissioned as a Assistant Quartermaster do solemnly swear, that I have never, voluntarily, borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof, that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought, nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution, within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further swear that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion. And I do further swear that I will perform faithfully and truly to the best of my ability, all the duties of my said office. *So help me God.*

Sydney A. Stubbed

.....



United States of America

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO,
~~County of~~ ..... } ss.

I, Henry Connelly Gov. &c do certify that the aforenamed Sydney A. Stubbed, on this 2 day of June, A. D., 1861, did personally appear and take and subscribe the oath, as above, before me.

Henry Connelly
Gov. N. Mexico

.....

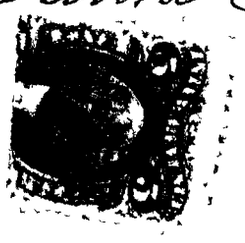
United States of America
Territory of New Mexico

I Isaac Morrison
of the Territory of New Mexico having
been appointed an "Associate Justice
of the Supreme Court of the Territory
of New Mexico" do solemnly swear that
I will support the Constitution of
the United States and that I will
faithfully discharge the duties of my
said Office. So help me God

Subscribed & Sworn to before me this fifth day of August A.D. 1865

I. Morrison

In Testimony whereof I have hereunto
set my hand and Notarial Seal
at Santa Fé, New Mexico.



W. W. Griffin
Notary Public
Santa Fé Co.
New Mexico

1865.

Aug 29th The Governor this day Commissioned Julius C. Brey [redacted] assistant Surgeon First Cavalry New Mexican volunteers vice Dr. Shantz promoted.

30th The Governor this day issued the following — Commissions viz
Robert H Whatley as Second Lieut Company "D" First Infantry volunteers vice Ellis promoted

Hugh J Needham Second Lieutenant Company "F" First Infantry volunteers. vice Bergen promoted.

Sept 11th The Governor this day commissioned the following viz.

1st Lieut Andres Tapia as Captain of Company "H" 1st Infantry N. M. Volunteers vice Kemp resigned.

2d Lieut Richard D Russell of Company "H" to be First Lieut of Company "E" 1st Infantry NM volunteers vice Lyon, mustered out of the service.

Stephen G. Williams as 2d Lieut Company "E" First Infantry New Mexican volunteers vice Harrison mustered out of service.

15th The Governor this day remitted the fine imposed July 19th. 1865 on Jose Mª Chaves. by Aniceto Abeytia Justice of the Peace in and for Santa Fe County.

21st The Secretary of the Territory this day in the presence of the Governor, counted the votes returned by the Probate Judges of the several Counties of the Territory for a Delegate to the Thirty ninth Congress of the United States as follows: viz:

Counties.		votes for Pereo.	votes for Chaves.
Bernalillo		634	751
Santa Fé		618.	654
Santa Ana		116	508.
Socorro		413.	745
Taos		874	995
Rio Arriba	1072	1209	626
Mora	488	1072	488
Valencia	1560	362	1111
Russell		782	1761.
		100.	1072
		6190.	7852

Majority for S. Francisco Chaves 2332.

Sept 21. The Governor this day issued the following certificate

United States of America
Territory of New Mexico } ss

I Henry Connelly Governor of the Territory of New Mexico do hereby Certify that on the 21st day of September 1865 and in my presence William F. M. Arny Secretary for said Territory proceeded to open and count the returns of votes given at a general election held in the several Counties of said Territory on the 4th day of the present month for a Delegate in the Thirty ninth Congress of the United States, and that counting the entire vote as returned by the several Probate Judges the result stands as follows viz

For J. Francisco Chaves	8511 votes
" Francisco Perea	6180 "
Majority for J. Francisco Chaves	2331

Therefore I the said Henry Connelly Governor as aforesaid do declare and make Known that the said J. Francisco Chaves was and is duly elected the Delegate from the said Territory in the Thirty ninth Congress of the United States according to law

In Testimony Whereof I have hereunto Signed my name and caused to be affixed the seal of the Territory of New Mexico this Twenty First day of September 1865

By the Governor signed "Henry Connelly"

signed "W. F. M. Arny
Secretary
Territory of New Mexico"

1845
Sept 21st The Governor this day issued the following Commissions for Dona Ana County
John Lesson Probate Judge.
Mariano Barella Sheriff
Newton Rosencrans. Coroner.

Precinct.	Justices of the Peace	Constables.
1	Agapito Valencia	Nens Trujillo
2	Bautista Montoya	Jose Maria Perea
3	Aban Duran	Antonio Calles
4	Rafael Bermudez	Eligio Perea
5	Marcellino Gallegos	Landro Garcia
6	Manuel Pineda	Refugio Borgas.
7	Jose D. Camara	Domingo Manguera
8	Eugenio Moreno	Felipe Arenda
9	Virgil Martin	Dionicio Escalante
10	Miguel Duran	Felipe Bernal

INDEXED

Santa Ana County.

Nicolas Lucero Probate Judge
Manuel Viscarra Sheriff
Antonio Ortiz Coroner

Precinct	Justice of the Peace	Constable
1	Felipe Sandoval	J. Hilario Montoya
2	Manuel Perea	Epetacio Dominguez
3	Florencio Sandoval	Pedro Baca

Valencia County

Jesus Ma Luna Probate Judge
Dionicio Chaves Sheriff

Precinct	Justice of Peace	Constable.
1	Felipe Valles	Anto Rafael Otero
2	Pablo Padilla	Damacio Otero
3	Jose Salazar	Pablo Gallegos
4	Jose Trujillo	Pedro Trujillo
5	Luciano Trujillo	Jesus Luceros
6	Manuel Sanchez	Anto [illegible]e Barela
7	Pedro Torres	Rafa[illegible] Garcia
8	Anto Lucero	J Andres Lucero
9	Manuel Garcia	Eluterio Rubi
10	[illegible] Abeita	Juan Chaves Arrijo
	[illegible] Romero	Rafael Chaves
	[illegible]aca	Jose Guadalupe

1865 Sept 25th

The Governor this day issued the following — Commissions for officers in

Rio Arriba County

Juan Antº Rubal Probate Judge
Luciano D Herrera Sheriff
Rafael Gallegos Coroner.

Precinct.	Justice of the Peace.	Constables.
1	Jose Dolores Medina	Antº Valarde
2	Ramon Ribera	Juan A Martinez
3	Meregildo Martin	3. [illegible] Martinez
4	Viterbo Archuletta	5 Pedro Garcia
5	Geronimo Gallegos,	4 Vitolo Valdez
6	Ramon Arejon	Jose Gabriel Naranjo
7	Juan D Valdez	Jose Antº Duran
8	Jose D Jesus Real	Ignacio Martin
9	Baltazar Martin.	Encarnacion Espinosa
10	Jose Vigil.	Casio Garcia
11	Pedro Salazar y Garcia.	Juan Baraj os
12	Antº Isaac Gallegos	Manuel Mera
13.	Florencio Borrego.	~~Patricio Medina~~ Felipe Guillen
14	Juan Antº Sandoval	Manuel Jafoya
15.	Juan Martin y Sanches.	Bentura Serrano

Santa Fé County

Antº Ortiz y Salazar Probate Judge.
Jose D Sena Sheriff.
Juan Marquez Coroner.

Precinct	Justice of Peace	Constables
1	Jose Manuel Salazar	Antº Mª Ortiz.
2	Ignacio Trujillo	Sinair Garcia
3	~~Jesus Sena y Garcia~~ Jose Abraham Ortiz	Juan Jose Padilla
4	Felipe Romero.	Ygnacio Trujillo
5	Nicolas Pino	Bernardo Romero
6		Prescillano Garcia
7	Pedro Montoya	Maximo Martin
8	Ramon B Chaves	Nicolas Chaves
9	Juan Gonzales...	Francisco Luyan

1865

1865, The Governor this day commissioned the following officers for

Taos. County

INDEXED

Pedro Sanches Probate Judge
Anceto Valdez Sheriff
Mateo Casias Coroner

Precincts	Justice of the Peace	Constables
1	~~Elfredo Brunets~~ (Resigned October 1865)	Juan Pablo Gallegos
2	Mariano Cordova 2	2 Concepcion Cortes
3	Jesus Romero 3	3 Juan Mandragon
4	~~Lorenzo Trujillo~~ 4 resigned Dec 1865.	4 Juan [illegible] Garcia
5	Dionicio Gonzales 5	5 Prudencia Cruz
6	Manuel Jesus Vigil 8	6 Juan R Garcia
7	Manuel Gonzales 7 Abe Ant° Romero 9	7 Ant° Vigil
8		8 Santiago Rodarte
9		9 Esquipual Martines
10	Juan Anton° Sanchez 10	10 Decederio Romero

San Miguel County

Ant° Baca y Baca Probate Judge
Pascual Baca Sheriff
Domingo Trujillo Coroner

Precincts	Justice of the Peace	Constables
1	Mathias Rivera	Gabriel Mares
2	Jose Guadalupe Garcia	Esquipula Tenorio
3	Ant° Jose Montoya	Rumaldo Gonzales
4	Miguel Esquivel	Juan [illegible] Sandovals
5	Pavel Gonzales	Ant° Ortiz
6	Jose Ant° Herrera	Sicilio Rosval
7	Nazario Gallegos	Manuel Sandoval
8	Decidrio Vigil	Jose Martinez
9	Juan M° Baca	Luis Romero
10	Rumaldo Lucero	Julian Sena
11	Ant° Garcia	Nicolas Martinez
12	Jose M° Valencia	Pedro Martinez
13	Milordo Rodolfo	Juan de Jesus Martinez
14	Manuel Romero	Manuel Rosval
15	M[illegible] Romero y Gutierres	Mateo Archuleta
16	Ant° [illegible]	Andres Garcia

1865
Sept 26th

The governor this day commissioned the following officers

For Socorro County

J. Antº Baca y Pino, Probate Judge

J. Alvino Gonzales Sheriff.

Antonio Gonzales Coroner

Precincts	Justice of the Peace	Constables
1	Antº Laban Ledillo	Anastacio Lima
2	Nestor Gonzales.	Miguel Gonzales
3	Antº Luna	Manuel Lopez
4	Jeronimo Chaves	Diego Silva
5	Juan A Contreras	Jerman Lovato
6	Pilar Cordova	Mariano Garcia
7	Jose Arculano Gonzales	L. Montoya
8	Jose A Gallegos	Bitor Torres
9	Bartola Apodaca	Francisco Baca
10	Donaciana Apodaca	Andres Gonzales
11	Feliciana Baca	Nibes Gallegos
12		Pablo Torres

For. Mora County

Vincente Romero Probate Judge

Marcelino Ribera Sheriff

Francisco Martines Coroner

Precinct	Justice of the Peace	Constable
1	Jose Mª Cordova	Francisco Mascornas
2	Felipe Romero	Juan Lujan
3	Manuel Naranjo	Antº Montoya
4	Ramon Gurule	Jose Mª Archuleta
5	Severano Gonzales	Juan Martin
6	Claudio Gallegos	J. M. Naranjo
7	George Gregg.	Jose Sanchez
8	Pedro Mª Fernandez	Casimiro [illegible]
9	Severano Trujillo,	Juan Gas

26th The Governor this day commissioned the following officers.

For Bernalillo County.

Ambrosio Armijo	Probate Judge
Melq.des Chaves	Sheriff
E. L. Carter	Coroner

Precinct	Justices of the Peace	Constables
1	Ant.o Silva	Rumaldo Mares
2	Trinadad Garcia	J. Benito Griego
3	Jose Miguel Lucero	Rumaldo Montoya
4	Jesus H. Mora	M. G. Gallegos
5	Ramon Ortega	Jose Candelaria
6	J. P. Marino	Jose Sanchez
7	Emiterio Fernandez	Domingo Trujillo
8	Pablo Griego	Ysidro Apodaca
9	Marcus Lovato	Feliciano Sanchez
10	Felipe Mora	Sallonie Gallegos
11	Manuel Garcia	Pablo Gallegos
12	Cristoval Rael	Vicente Gutierres
13	F. L. Russ	Felipe Zamora

Executive Records copied and forwarded Hon. Attorney Andrew Johnson Sept. upto this date.

1865

Oct 6th The Governor this day Commissioned Simon Leavick as a Notary Public in and for the County of Socorro.

20th The Governor this day pardoned Andres Duran, Convicted at March Term of San Miguel County Court.

7 The Governor this day appointed Eben Assistant Adjutant General.

1865

Oct 24th The Governor this day Commissioned Paul Dowling as Captain of Company "D" 1st Cavalry N.M. Volunteers vice Birney Deceased to rank from Oct 8th 1865.

Nov 6th The Governor this day commissioned Thomas Glancy to be 1st Lieut Company "K" N.M. Infantry vice Martinez mustered out

9th The Governor this day commissioned James H Monson 1st Lieut Company C 1st Infantry vice Tapia promoted.

Also. Thomas Coghlan as 1st Lieut Company "I" 1st Infantry vice Mann promoted.

12th The Governor this day pardoned Estefana Estrada Sentenced at August Term of the District Court Santa Fe County

14th Governor this day gave permission to Dolores Trujillo and 67 others to make a campaign against the Indians in conformity with the Law.

Dec 2 The Governor this day issued his Proclamation calling an election to be held on the 18th of December to fill the vacancy of Eugenio Romero resigned as a member of the House of Representatives for San Miguel County.

Dec 6th Governor

21st The Governor this day commissioned Inocencio Martinez Justice of the Peace Precinct One and Juan Franco Montoya Justice of the Peace Precinct Four of the County of Taos. They having been duly elected to fill vacancies

22. The Governor this day Commissioned Frank Harder as Captain of Company "C" First Infantry vice Fellhensall resigned

Robt H Whatley as First Lieut Co "D" 1st Infantry vice Harder Pro

The Governor this

"An Act

1865

Decr 22. The Governor this day approved the following acts and resolutions passed by the Legislature,

INDEXED

An act, increasing the precinct of San Antonio in the County of Mora

An act, Repealing an act entitled "An Act concerning injuries done by animals in the County of Dona Ana"

An act, Creating an additional precinct in the County of Mora

An Act, in regard to Ly ecutions

An Act creating a new precinct in the County of San Miguel.

An Act Creating a precinct in the County of Dona Ana and to transferring another.

Joint Resolution concerning the publication of the Constitution of the United States, and organic Law of this Territory &c

An act creating an additional precinct in the County of San Miguel

Joint Resolution relative to the Governors message and its publication

23. The Governor this day pardoned Jose Gregorio Griego, sentenced for Burglary to be imprisoned for two years and one day at the October term of Court 1865 in Bernalillo County

29th The Governor this day Commissioned Ramon Olivari Justice of the Peace & Antonio Garcia Constable for Precinct No 5 County of San Miguel having been duly elected at a legal Election held in said precinct.

1866. 398

Jany 3. The Governor this day approved the following

An act amendatory of "an act incorporating the New Mexico mining company approved February 1st 1858.

An act concerning the locations of mines.

11th The Governor this day commissioned

Frank De Reyther Colonel 2d Brigade 3d Division of the Militia

Thomas J Bull Major and Quarter Master same Brigade & Division.

3. The Governor this day approved the following
An act, relative to fences in the County of Taos.

An act relative to the purchasers of Grain in the Territory of New Mexico.

An act to incorporate the Bay State Pino altos Mining Company.

Jany 11th A special act for precincts 13 & 14 of San Miguel county.

An act, creating two additional precincts in Valencia County.

Jany 18th An act, to incorporate the Market Gold mining Company

An act, relative to Butchers.

An act creating two additional precincts in the County of Taos,

An act concerning Jails in the several Counties of this Territory

An act Repeal "an act Concerning free

1866

January 18th

The Governor this day approved the following acts.

INDEXED

An act relative to Public Ditches.

20th An act creating an additional precinct in Socorro County.

24th Governor this day appointed the following

G M Ahrenfelter Notary Public in and for the County of Mora.

Edward H Bergman Lieut Colonel First Cavalry vice Shaw dec. to rank from Dec 28th 1865.

Francis McCabe as Major vice Bergman promoted

Charles Haberkorn Captain Company "L" vice McCabe promoted.

The Governor this day pardoned Juan Espinosa who was sentenced at the October term of the District Court of Socorro County for Burglary.

25th The Governor this day approved the following

An act, relative to the Estates of deceased persons, their being no person to take charge of said estates.

An act, to repeal an act entitled an amendatory of the Law relative to contracts between Masters and Servants. Approved Jany 26th 1859.

An act creating an additional precinct in the County of Dona Ana.

An act, amendatory of "an act concerning Pawnbrokers, Approved Feby 4th 1864"

[illegible] the adoption of the Semi [illegible] March [illegible]

1866
Jany 25th The Governor this day approved the following

An act, relative to Distilaries.

26th An act, creating an additional precinct in Mora County.

An act to incorporate the Montezuma Mining and Manufacturing Company of New Mexico.

An act creating a police for the County of Santa Fe.

29th The Governor this day commissioned Victorino Baca as Sheriff of San Miguel County he having been duly elected.

30. The Governor this day commissioned Andrew J. Hodges as 2d Lieut Company "D" 1st Infantry vice Whatley promoted.

Cornelius Daly 2d Lieut Company "E" 1st Infantry vice Harrison mustered out.

31st This day Wm. Markt, Jacob Amberg & J. Emil Markt a majority in interest of "The Markt Gold mining Company" filed in this Office their acceptance of the Charter of said Company approved January 18th 1866

This day Jacob Amberg A H French, and George W. Cook, a majority in interest in the Bay State Pinos Altos mining Company filed in this Office their acceptance of the Charter approved January 3d 1866.

The Governor this day approved the following

An act, especially for Precinct Number of Dona Ana County.

An Act, Authorizing the Governor Convention to

4986

January 31st

The Governor this day approved the following

INDEXED

An act amendatory of an act approved Jany 31st 66 entitled an act to authorize the Governor to call a convention to frame a constitution for a State Government.

An act, restraining gaming and vagrancy

An act, amending in part the practice in Courts in criminal cases, and changing the times of holding the courts in the first Judicial District

An act, declaring the adoption of Maria Rupesta Montoya.

An act incorporating the Pinos altos mining Company.

The following acceptance of the Charter of the Pinos Altos mining Copy was place & on file this day

To the Hon. Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico Santa Fe - N. Mx.

Sir

We Virgil Martin - Joseph Reynolds - James Edgar Griggs - and Samuel J. Jones. of the Pinos Altos Mining Co and owning the entire Interest in said Company, the Charter of which was passed at the present session of the Legislature do hereby certify, approve of and accept said Charter for our Company in Witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 31st day of January AD 1866

Virgil Martin (Seal)
Joseph Reynolds (Seal)
Jas Edgar Griggs (Seal)
Sam J Jones (Seal)

Witness
H. Higgins

1866

Jany 31 The Governor approved the following this day.

An act, repealing an act entitled an act "authorizing the opening and establishment of a Public road from Los Cruces to the Mesilla in Dona Ana County.

A Special act for Precincts 11. 4. 7 and 13 of Bernalillo County.

An act, concerning Judges of Probate, their Clerks Treasurers and Justices of Peace.

An act, providing for an additional Representative in Valencia County.

An act, relative to fences in the precinct of Arroyo Seco precinct No 5 of the County of Taos, and for other purposes.

An act to legitimate the children of Edwards Bramsford and Miguela Garcia.

An act relative to stray animals and for other purposes.

An act concerning revenue.

An act and Preamble especial for the County of Santa Fe.

A Special act for the County of Dona Ana creating the office of Distributor of water in the several Ancha acequias.

A Special act for the County of Donaña

February 1st.

The Governor this day commissioned Jno Domingo Men Grayson who was elected Justice of the Peace for Precinct No. 5 of Taos County.

The Governor approved this day an act, providing for proper establishment of

403-
1866

Feby. 1st The Governor this day approved a Joint Resolution relative to the distribution of the Laws and for other purposes.

INDEXED

An Act, to prevent injuries caused by the river in the County of Bernalillo

An act Creating a police at the County Seat of San Miguel County.

An act "in addition to an act relative to deadly weapons, approved February 2 1860"

An Act Concerning Freighters.

An Act to incorporate the Mesilla Ferry Company.

Feby 2 The Governor this day issued the following

PROCLAMATION

Whereas, By acts of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico, approved the 31st day of January 1866, the Governor is authorized and required to order an election to be held on the first Monday of March, 1866, for members of a convention to be held at Santa Fé on the fifth Monday of April 1866, for the purpose of forming a constitution for the organization of a state government for New Mexico, and the same to be submitted to a vote of the people for their approval or disapproval, and,

Whereas, The said acts have defined the manner in which such election shall be held, and the number and qualifications of the members to be elected from each county to said convention therefore.

I, Henry Connelly, Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, by virtue of the authority in me vested, and in obedience to the requisitions of the acts aforesaid do issue this my Proclamation and ordain:

That the Probate Judges of the counties of this Territory do call and cause to be held an election in each precinct of their respective counties on the 5th day of March, 1866, for Delegates to a convention to frame a state constitution for the state of New Mexico; the number of Delegates from each county to be as follows, viz:

For the county of Taos 12 members; for the county of Rio Arriba 10 members; for the county of Santa Fe 8 members; for the county of San Miguel 12 members; for the county of Mora 6 members; for the county of Santa Ana 4 members; for the county of Bernalillo 6 members; for the county of Valencia 8 members; for the county of Socorro 6 members; for the county of Doña Ana 6 members.

The Probate Judges of the respective counties are hereby required to cause said election to be held, and returns to be made to the Secretary of the Territory, and certificates of election given to the members elected in conformity with the election laws of New Mexico and the laws herewith appended.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto signed my name and caused the great seal of the Territory to be thereto affixed.

Done at Santa Fé, this 2d day of February, 1866.

HENRY CONNELLY.

By the Governor:

W. F. M. ARNY,

Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico.

February 8th The Governor issued the following Commissions in the Militia of this Territory

Thomas D Burns Captain } Company in
Jesus Maria Cordova 1st Lieut } 2d Brigade
Justo Sandoval 2 do } 1st Division.

Jose Antonio Lucero was this day commission as Justice of the Peace for Precinct No 3 Santa Fe County, he having been duly elected according to law.

John R Hunt was this day commissioned as a Notary Public at Fort Craig County of Socorro.

9th The Governor this day remitted the fine imposed by the District Court of the 3d Judicial District at the November term against Albert Bloomfield of Dona Ana County.

15th The Governor this day commissioned by and with the advice & Consent of the Council Hon Simon Delgado Territorial Treasurer

March
1st The following persons having been elected the Governor this day Commissioned them as follows

Felipe Sisneros Justice of the Peace Precinct 11 Taos Co
Jesus Ortega Constable do do
Agaton Martinez Justice of the Peace Precinct 12 Taos Co
Pomasena Arellano Constable do do do

6th The Governor this day remitted the fine against Cornelio Chaves convicted at the Febr Term of the District Court at Santa Fe for carrying Deadly weapons.

10th Wm McLeGwyne Foy filed the following oath this da

Territorial Oath of Office and Allegiance

TO THE

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

1866

Feby. 1st The Governor this day approved a Joint Resolution relative to the distribution of the Laws and for other purposes.

INDEXED

An Act, to prevent injuries caused by the river in the County of Bernalillo

An act Creating a police at the County seat of San Miguel County.

An act, "in addition to an act relative to deadly weapons, approved February 2 1860"

An Act concerning Freighters.

An Act to incorporate the Mesilla Ferry Company.

Feby 2 The Governor this day signed the following

AND

PROCLAMATION

Whereas, By acts of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico, approved the 31st day of January 1866, the Governor is authorized and required to order an election to be held on the first Monday of March, 1866, for members of a convention to be held at Santa Fé on the fifth Monday of April 1866, for the purpose of forming a constitution for the organization of a state government for New Mexico, and the same to be submitted to a vote of the people for their approval or disapproval, and,

Whereas, The said acts have defined the manner in which such election shall be held, and the number and qualifications of the members to be elected from each county to said convention therefore.

I, Henry Connelly, Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, by virtue of the authority in me vested, and in obedience to the requisitions of the acts aforesaid do issue this my Proclamation and ordain:

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For the county of Taos 12 members; for the county of Rio Arriba 10 members; for the county of Santa Fe 8 members; for the county of San Miguel 12 members; for the county of Mora 6 members; for the county of Santa Ana 4 members; for the county of Bernalillo 6 members; for the county of Valencia 8 members; for the county of Socorro 6 members, for the county of Doña Ana 6 members

The Probate Judges of the respective counties are hereby required to cause said election to be held, and returns to be made to the Secretary of the Territory, and certificates of election given to the members elected in conformity with the election laws of New Mexico and the laws herewith appended.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto signed my name and caused the great seal of the Territory to be thereto affixed.

Done at Santa Fé, this 2d day of February, 1866.

HENRY CONNELLY.

By the Governor:

W. F. M. ARNY,

Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico

been appointed and commissioned as a Marshal

swear, that I have never, voluntarily, borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought, nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution, within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further swear that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion. And I do further swear that I will perform faithfully and truly to the best of my ability, all the duties of my said office. *So help me God.*

Wm M. L. Gwynne

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO,
County of Santa Fe } ss.

I, Kirby Benedict, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court do certify that the aforenamed William M. L. Gwynne, on this tenth day of March, A. D., 1866, did personally appear and take and subscribe the oath, as above, before me.

Kirby Benedict
Judge

866 4v

March 28th The Governor this day commissioned Robert H Stapleton, Notary Public in the County of Socorro,

The following persons having been elected the Governor this day commissioned them as follows

Miguel Serrano Justice of the Peace for Precinct 17 San Miguel Co
Juan Labadi Constable — Do Do Do

Governor this day Commissioned
Demetro Perez Notary Public for Santa Fé County
Jose D Sena do do Do

March 28th Wm M Gwynne Esq filed the following oath of office

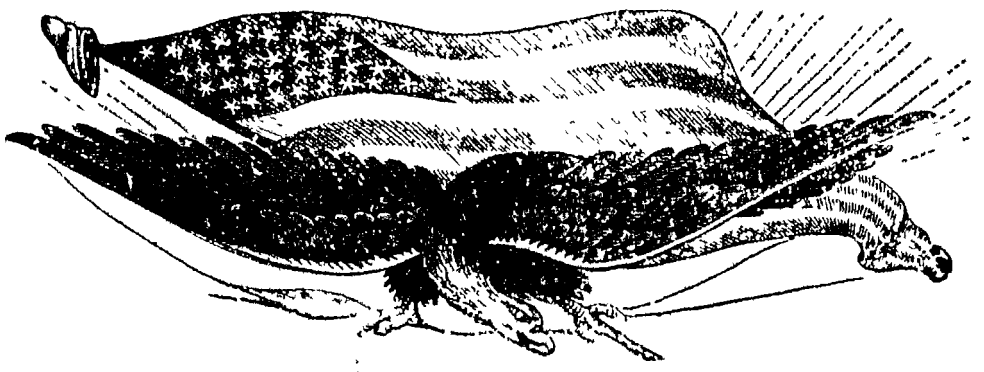
Territorial Oath of Office and Allegiance

TO THE

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

I, William M Gwynne of the County of Santa Fe having been appointed ~~and commissioned as a~~ Clerk of the Supreme Court of New Mexico do solemnly swear, that I have never, voluntarily, borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought, nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution, within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further swear that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion. And I do further swear that I will perform faithfully and truly to the best of my ability, all the duties of my said office. *So help me God.*

W M Gwynne



TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO,
County of Santa Fe } ss.

I, John P Slough C J Supr Ct do certify that the aforenamed William M Gwynne on this twenty eighth day of March, A. D., 1866, did personally appear and take and subscribe the oath, as above, before me.

John P Slough
C J Supr Ct N M

(Rev Stamp)

(Rev Stamp 5 cts cancelled)

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court Territory of New Mexico

407
1866

April 7th The Governor commissioned Simon L. Snyder as second Lieut Company "B" 1st Cavalry New Mexican volunteers.

Hon Joab Houghton Associate Justice this day filed the following oath of office.

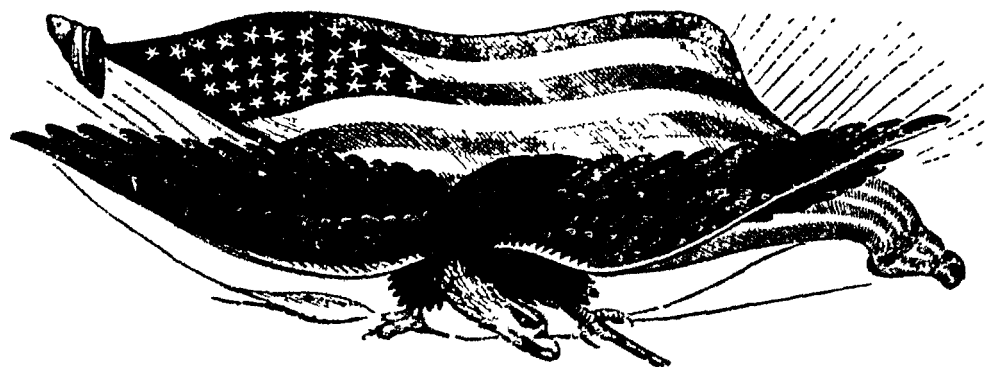
~~Certificate~~ Oath of Office and Allegiance

TO THE

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

I, Joab Houghton of the County of Santa Fe N.M. having been appointed and commissioned as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of New Mexico do solemnly swear, that I have never, voluntarily, borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof, that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought, nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution, within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further swear that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same, that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion. And I do further swear that I will perform faithfully and truly to the best of my ability, all the duties of my said office. *So help me God*

J. Houghton
Associate Justice N.M.



TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO,
County of Santa Fe } ss.

I, John P. Slough Chief Justice of the Territory of New Mexico do certify that the aforenamed Joab Houghton, on this twenty eighth day of April, A. D., 1866, did personally appear and take and subscribe the oath, as above, before me.

John P. Slough
C.J. & Judge 1st Judl Dist. Terry of New Mexico

1866 408

May 1st The State Constitutional convention reported the following proceedings. Viz

The Constitutional Convention.

In conformity with the acts enacted by the Legislative Assembly of this Territory at its last session calling a Convention of the people, to meet in this Capital for the purpose of framing a Constitution for a State Government for New Mexico, a considerable number of delegates from the several counties of this Territory met at the Council Chamber at 12 o'Clock M.

Hon. Sydney A. Hubbell, called the Convention to order, and proposed Hon. Miguel E. Pino as President pro-tem of the Convention who was unanimously chosen, and took the chair as such.

Hon. Kirby Benedict proposed Mr Demetrio Perez as Secretary pro tem of the Convention.

Who was unanimously chosen.

Hon. Kirby Benedict proposed M. Pedro Sanchez as Sergeant at arms of the Convention.

Who was unanimously chosen

Hon. Kirby Benedict, moved that the delegates in attendance, present their credentials.

Which motion was adopted, and the following delegates presented their credentials to wit.

County of Taos—Luis Duran and Esquipula Medina

County of Mora—José de J. Lujan, and José Mestas.

County of Rio Arriba—Manuel Trujillo, Ygnacio Garcia, Antonio G. Cordova, Antonio Ma. Vigil, José Antonio Manzanares and José Pablo Gallegos.

County of Santa Fé—Anastacio Sandoval R. H. Tompkins, José M. Gallegos, Kirby Benedict, Miguel E. Pino, and Simon Delgado.

County of San Miguel—Cruz Gutierez, Benigno Montaño, and Atanacio Garcia.

County of Santa Ana—Juan Miera and Benigno Ortiz.

County of Bernalillo—Sydney A. Hubbell and W. T. Strachan.

County of Valencia—Mariano Pino, and Manuel Sanchez y Castillo.

County of Socorro—Juan A. Contreras, Estanislao Montoya, Robt. H. Stapleton, and Santiago Gonzales.

County of Doña Ana—Cristobal Ascárate, and Manuel Nevarez.

Hon. Kirby Benedict, moved the appointment of a committee to examine the credentials of the delegates present, and that the Clerk pro tem be authorized to receive the credentials of the delegates that have not presented themselves before this Convention, and deliver the same to the committee for their examination.

While motion was adopted.

The committee appointed consisted of Messrs Luis Duran, José Mestas, Manuel Trujillo, R A. Tompkins, Cruz Gutierrez, Jesus Miera, Sydney A. Hubbell, Mariano Pino, Etanislado Montoya and Cristobal Ascárate.

Mr. R. H. Tompkins, moved that the Convention adjourn until the next day at 10 o'clock a. m. and that the committee be instructed to make their report at the meeting of the Convention.

While motion was adopted, and the Convention adjourned until to morrow Tuesday the 1er day of May 1866 at 10 o'clock A. M.

TUESDAY, MAY 1st 1[illegible]

The Convention met pursua[illegible]ment.

The roll was called, and [illegible] members being present, the Convention proceeded to the dispatch business.

The proceedings of the previous day, were read and approved.

The committee appointed yesterday, to examine the credentials of the delegates to this Convention, made the following report, to wit.

SANTA FE, N M. May. 1st 1866

To the Hon. President of the Convention.

"The committee appointed to examine the credentials of the members to this Convention have the honor to report that the certificates are legal, and that the members are entitled to their seats in this Convention.

LUIS DURAN,
Chairman.

The committee also reported, that no other delegates had presented their certificates, but those who appeared yesterday being all in number 31.

Mr. Manuel Trujillo moved the adoption of the report.

Which was adopted

Hon. Sydney A. Hubbell, offered the following Resolution:

"Resolved, that there are a sufficient number of delegates now present, to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and that this Convention will now proced to make a permanent organization

Which resolution, after long discussion by Hons J M. Gallegos R. H. Tompkins, Kirby Benedict and R. H. Stapleton, was withdrawn by Hon S. A. Hubbell.

Hons Gregorio Otero of Valencia county, and Francisco Sandoval of Santa Ana county appeared before the Convention, and presented their certificates as delegates to this Convention.

Hon. S A. Hubbell, moved that said certificates be referred to the same committee who examined the certificates of the other members.

Adopted.

The committee reported, that the certificates had been examined by them, and were legal and it was for the Convention to allow them to take their seats, not having appeared yesterday.

Hon Sydney A. Hubbell, moved that Hons. Gregorio Otero and Francisco Sandoval be admitted as delegates to this Convention.

Which was granted, and they took their seats.

Hon S. A Hubbell moved to adjourn until 4 o'clock P. M.

Agreed to and this Convention adjourned until 4 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention met pursuant to adjournment

The roll was called, and all the members being present, the Convention proceeded to take steps, for its permanent organization.

Hon. S. A. Hubbell moved that there being no quorum present, and the being no prospect to obtain a majority of delegates from the several counties, but thirty-three having as yet made their appearance, that the convention adjourn sine die.

After some remarks in regárd to the prejudicial conduct towards the community by some persons whose efforts have been exerted to embarrass the progress and advancement of this people, the thanks of the convention were tendered to the Miguel E. Pino president pro-tem., and to the acting officers of the same, for their good disposition in assisting this convention to comply with the intents of the law under which they have met in this capital.

Thanks weré also tendered to Hon. W. F. M. Arny, secretary of the Territory, for his kindness in furnishing this convention with stationery, etc., for the use of its members.

The motion to adjourn was put, and the convention adjourned sine die.

MIGUEL E. PINO,
President pro tem.

DEMETRIO PEREZ,
Secretary.

May 1st

The Governor issued a Proclamation for the election of a Probate Judge &c in Bernalillo County vice Ambrosio Armyo resigned.

Commissioned the first Of Constable &c.

ne 1th

Governor this day commissioned the following persons

D Madrid Justice Peace San Luis Precinct Dona Ana County
Gregorio Dias Constable do do do

John T. Gould Justice of Peace Trinidad Precinct Dona Ana County
John Rice Constable do do do

4th Governor this day Commissioned Jose Trujillo as Captain of Company "D" First Infantry New Mexican Volunteers.

Reuben P. Smith as Second Lieutenant Company "C" First Infantry N.M. Vols.

The Governor pardoned Merejildo Lopez convicted at the October Term of Dist Court Socorro County for being accessory to a rape.

7th The Governor this day Commissioned Orlando G. Barclay as a Notary Public within and for the County of Socorro.

11th The Governor this day Commissioned Edw. L. Merritt as First Lieut Company "H" First Infantry N. M. Volunteers. vice Juan C. Tapia Dec'd.

July 2d.

The Governor this day commissioned the following persons they having been duly elected.

M. S. Mondragon Justice Peace Precinct 6 Taos County
Felipe Martin Constable do do do do

Ant. Jose Gallegos Justice Peace Precinct 16 of San Miguel County

Governor appointed and Commissioned
Frederick Koons Commissioner of Deeds in the District of Columbia.

H. H. Hill 2d Lieut Company "K" First Mexican Volunteers Infantry.

1866.

July 2. The Governor this day commissioned James T. McNamara as Second Lieutenant Company "K" 1st Regt New Mexican Cavalry

July 7 Appointed Thomas W. Smith of Fort Bascom Notary Public within and for the County of San Miguel.

11th Thomas C Guitérés being duly elected was this day commissioned as Probate Judge for Bernalillo County

Facundo Chaves having been duly elected was commissioned this day as Justice of the Peace for Precinct seven Santa Fé County.

16th Governor Henry Connelly this day vacated the Office of Governor

And Robert B. Mitchell was inaugurated and took the following oath of office. Viz

Territorial Oath of Office and Allegiance

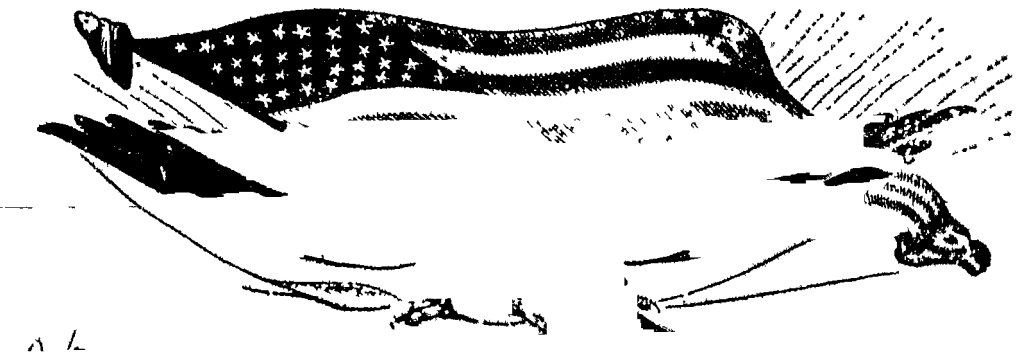
TO THE

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

I, Robert B. Mitchell of the County of ..... having been appointed and commissioned Governor of New Mexico do solemnly swear, that I have never, voluntarily, borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought, nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution, within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further swear that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion. And I do further swear that I will perform faithfully and truly to the best of my ability, all the duties of my said office, upon which I am about to enter. *So help me God.*

Robt B Mitchell

.....



C ..... } ss.

I, John P. Slough Chf Justice do certify that the aforenamed Robert B Mitchell, on this Sixteenth day of July, A. D., 186 6 did personally appear and take and subscribe the oath, as above, before me.

Geo. P. Slough
Chf Justice Supr Ct
Terry of New Mexico

Test. M M Grymes
Clerk of the Supreme Court
Territory of New Mexico